# China Airlines, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 and Independent Auditors' Review Report

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT**

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders China Airlines, Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of China Airlines, Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended and the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36 "Review of Financial Statements" issued by the Auditing Standards Committee of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation of the Republic of China. A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and of making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

As disclosed in Notes 14 and 15 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of some non-significant subsidiaries and investments accounted for by using the equity method were not reviewed. As of September 30, 2017 and 2016, the total combined assets of these non-significant subsidiaries were NT\$15,206,985 thousand and NT\$14,629,533 thousand, respectively, representing 6.81% and 6.76%, respectively, of the Group's total consolidated assets, and as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, the total combined liabilities of these subsidiaries were NT\$6,130,646 thousand and NT\$6,692,131 thousand, respectively, representing 3.73% and 4.27%, respectively, of the Group's total consolidated liabilities; and for the three months ended and the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the combined comprehensive income of these subsidiaries were NT\$239,617 thousand, NT\$165,207 thousand, NT\$631,803 thousand and NT\$618,764 thousand, respectively, representing 7.78%, 32.52%, 61.56% and 32.41%, respectively, of the Group's consolidated total comprehensive income. As of September 30, 2017 and 2016, the aforementioned investments accounted for by using the equity method were NT\$2,678,739 thousand and NT\$2,809,980 thousand, respectively; and for the three months ended and the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the Group's share of the profit of associates and joint ventures were NT\$130,154 thousand, NT\$138,821 thousand, NT\$385,762 thousand and NT\$397,508 thousand, respectively.

Based on our reviews, except for the effects of adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of these non-significant subsidiaries and investments accounted for by using the equity method as described in the preceding paragraph been reviewed, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

November 5, 2017

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	September 30, (Reviewed		December 31, 2 (Audited)		September 30, 2016 (Reviewed)		
ASSETS	Amount	) %	Amount	%	Amount	) %	
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4, 6, 19 and 32)	\$ 25,848,493	12	\$ 24,267,197	11	\$ 22,192,084	10	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32) Derivative financial assets for hedging - current (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	279,822	-	416,641	-	437,847	-	
Receivables:	18,880	-	58,449	-	7,017	-	
Notes and accounts, net (Notes 4, 5, 11 and 32)	8,297,352	4	8,353,785	4	7,154,355	3	
Notes and accounts - related parties (Notes 32 and 33) Other receivables (Note 32)	8,920 468,504	-	3,562 952,320	-	3,955 1,037,262	- 1	
Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 29)	48,934	-	28,259	-	50,218	-	
Inventories, net (Notes 4 and 12) Noncurrent assets held for sale (Notes 4, 5 and 13)	8,662,991	4	8,434,386	4	8,361,307	4	
Other assets - current (Notes 6 and 19)	494,686 <u>3,282,388</u>	- 1	185,100 <u>4,638,502</u>	2	121,406 4,032,780	2	
Total current assets	47,410,970	21	47,338,201	21	43,398,231	20	
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent, net of current portion (Notes 4, 8 and 32) Derivative financial assets for hedging - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	- 65	-	3,268	-	14,099	-	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent, net of current portion (Notes 10 and 32)	83,885	-	140,357	-	140,603	-	
Investments accounted for by using the equity method (Notes 4 and 15)	2,678,739	1	2,866,431	1	2,809,980	1	
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 5, 16 and 34) Investment properties (Notes 4 and 17)	146,904,608 2,075,693	66 1	140,136,737 2,075,903	62 1	128,208,152 2,075,972	59 1	
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 18)	1,025,808	-	1,137,115	1	1,148,515	1	
Deferred income tax asset (Notes 4, 5 and 29)	5,550,436	3	6,256,665	3	6,462,820	3	
Other assets - noncurrent (Notes 19, 22, 32, 34 and 35)	17,544,598	8	24,546,082	11	32,313,108	15	
Total noncurrent assets	175,863,832	79	177,162,558	79	173,173,249	80	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 223,274,802</u>	<u>    100  </u>	<u>\$ 224,500,759</u>	_100	<u>\$ 216,571,480</u>	_100	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Short-term loans (Note 20)	\$ 33,030	-	\$ 135,000	-	\$ 208,135	-	
Short-term bills payable (Note 20) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32)	10,000 13,360	-	900,000	-	5,419	-	
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	46,558	-	20,854	-	237,253	-	
Notes and accounts payable (Note 32) Notes and accounts payable - related parties (Notes 32 and 33)	638,453 691,440	-	869,712 555,829	-	1,486,299 517,401	1	
Other payable (Notes 23 and 32)	11,408,984	5	11,465,254	5	11,343,881	5	
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 29)	79,082	-	48,687	-	120,995	-	
Provisions - current (Notes 4, 5, 25 and 32) Deferred revenue - current (Notes 4, 5 and 24)	64,945 15,371,818	- 7	81,925 14,820,860	- 7	35,497 12,784,380	- 6	
Bonds payable and put option of convertible bonds - current portion (Notes 4, 21, 27 and 32)	2,700,000	1	2,700,000	1	5,279,164	2	
Loans and debts - current portion (Notes 20, 32 and 34) Capital lease obligations - current portion (Notes 4, 22, 32 and 34)	27,740,345 1,755,615	13 1	32,268,540 1,284,001	14 1	27,949,134 1,457,957	13	
Other current liabilities (Note 32)	3,714,231	2	3,455,062	2	3,291,300	2	
Total current liabilities	64,267,861	29	68,605,724	30	64,716,815	30	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32)	2,634						
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	2,034 4,957	-	2,775	-	-	-	
Bonds payable - noncurrent (Notes 4, 21, 27 and 32)	19,209,457	9	19,538,044	9	17,900,000	8	
Loans and debts - noncurrent (Notes 20, 32 and 34) Provisions - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 25 and 32)	62,088,579 8,559,375	28 4	56,962,187 7,408,229	25 3	53,278,932 7,096,907	25 3	
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 29)	194,929	-	273,610	-	302,914	-	
Capital lease obligations - noncurrent (Notes 4, 22, 32 and 34) Deferred revenue - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5 and 24)	725,832 1,801,082	- 1	3,645,304 1,808,903	2	4,098,317 1,802,227	2	
Accrued pension costs (Notes 4, 5 and 26)	7,164,649	3	7,956,835	4	7,202,558	3	
Other noncurrent liabilities	449,216	<u> </u>	431,950	<u> </u>	425,485		
Total noncurrent liabilities	100,200,710	<u>45</u>	98,027,837	44	92,107,340	42	
Total liabilities	164,468,571	74	166,633,561	74	156,824,155	72	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Notes 21 and 27) Capital stock	54,709,846	24	54,708,901	25	54,708,901	25	
Capital surplus	799,999		799,932		799,932	1	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficits) Legal reserve	206,092	-	287,224	-	287,224	-	
Special reserve	-	-	76,486	-	76,486	-	
Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficits)	950,198	$\frac{1}{1}$	(157,618)		1,802,594	<u> </u>	
Total retained earnings (accumulated deficits) Other equity		<u> </u>	<u>206,092</u> 112,264		<u>2,166,304</u> (146,098)	<u> </u>	
Treasury stock	(43,372)		(43,372)		(43,372)		
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	56,576,216	25	55,783,817	25	57,485,667	27	
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Note 27)	2,230,015	1	2,083,381	1	2,261,658	1	
Total equity	58,806,231	26	57,867,198	26	59,747,325	28	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 223,274,802</u>	_100	<u>\$ 224,500,759</u>	_100	<u>\$ 216,571,480</u>	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 5, 2017)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
	2017		2016		2017		2016		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
REVENUES (Notes 4, 28 and 33)	\$ 40,542,703	100	\$ 36,552,871	100	\$114,495,782	100	\$105,386,860	100	
COSTS (Notes 4, 9, 12, 19, 26, 28 and 33)	33,474,463	83	31,627,877	86	98,605,365	86	90,834,028	86	
GROSS PROFIT	7,068,240	17	4,924,994	14	15,890,417	14	14,552,832	14	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 26 and 28)	3,366,153	8	3,499,398	10	9,755,078	9	10,135,114	10	
OPERATING PROFIT	3,702,087	9	1,425,596	4	6,135,339	5	4,417,718	4	
NONOPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Other income (Notes 10	101.075				102.000				
and 28) Other gains and losses (Notes	131,867	1	181,036	-	435,203	1	582,686	1	
9, 10, 13, 15, 16 and 28)	51,590	-	(418,914)	(1)	(3,944,936)	(3)	(1,543,317)	(1)	
Finance costs (Notes 9 and 28)	(345,594)	(1)	(303,921)	(1)	(1,013,780)	(1)	(978,558)	(1)	
Share of the profit of associates and joint ventures (Note 15)	130,154		138,821		385,762		397,508		
Total nonoperating income and expenses	(31,983)		(402,978)	(2)	(4,137,751)	<u>(3</u> )	(1,541,681)	<u>(1</u> )	
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	3,670,104	9	1,022,618	2	1,997,588	2	2,876,037	3	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4, 5 and 29)	619,282	1	435,737	1	808,389	1	876,968	1	
NET INCOME	3,050,822	8	586,881	1	1,189,199	1	1,999,069	2	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Notes 4									
and 27) Unrealized gain (loss) on	3,491	-	(72,231)	-	(124,213)	-	(130,588)	-	
available-for-sale financial assets (Notes 4 and 27) Cash flow hedges (Notes 4	-	-	(637)	-	-	-	(8,934)	-	
and 27) Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified	29,766	-	(16,623)	-	(71,854)	-	42,193	-	
subsequently to profit or loss (Note 29)	(5,706)		10,568		33,196		7,658		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	27,551		(78,923)	<u> </u>	(162,871)	<u> </u>	(89,671)		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 3,078,373</u>	8	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 1,026,328</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 1,909,398</u> (Co	$\frac{2}{1}$	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Thr	Ended September	For the Nine Months Ended September 30						
	2017		2016		2017		2016		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company	\$ 2,951,880	8	\$ 513,429	2	\$ 952,467	1	\$ 1,807,768	2	
Non-controlling interests	<u>98,942</u> <u>\$ 3,050,822</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>73,452</u> <u>\$586,881</u>	 2	<u>236,732</u> <u>\$ 1,189,199</u>		<u> </u>	2	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company	\$ 2,978,279	8	\$ 441,067	1	\$ 793,656	1	\$ 1,727,953	2	
Non-controlling interests	<u>100,094</u> <u>\$ 3,078,373</u>		<u>66,891</u> <u>\$ 507,958</u>		<u>232,672</u> <u>\$ 1,026,328</u>		<u>181,445</u> <u>\$ 1,909,398</u>		
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS; Note 30)									
Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 0.54</u> <u>\$ 0.53</u>		<u>\$ 0.09</u> <u>\$ 0.09</u>		$\frac{\$ 0.17}{\$ 0.17}$		<u>\$ 0.33</u> <u>\$ 0.32</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 5, 2017)

(Concluded)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company												
			-	Retained Earnings		Exchange Differences on	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on					
	Capital Stock	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Earnings (Accumulated Deficits)	Translating Foreign Operations	Available- for-sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges	Treasury Stock	Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2016	\$ 54,708,901	\$ 798,415	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,872,235	\$ 157,959	\$ 1,755	\$ (225,997)	\$ (43,372)	\$ 58,269,896	\$ 2,286,647	\$ 60,556,543
Change in unappropriated earnings from investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for by using the equity method	-	-	-	-	(1,638)	-	-	-	-	(1,638)	-	(1,638)
Difference between cost and net value of acquired subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(3,536)	-	-	-	-	(3,536)	(4,548)	(8,084)
Appropriation of 2015 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends - \$0.458522382 per share	- -	- -	287,224	- 76,486 -	(287,224) (76,486) (2,508,525)	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	(2,508,525)	- -	(2,508,525)
Change in capital surplus from dividends distributed to subsidiaries	-	1,517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,517	-	1,517
Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016	-	-	-	-	1,807,768	-	-	-	-	1,807,768	191,301	1,999,069
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, net of income tax		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(107,804)	(2,359)	30,348	<u> </u>	(79,815)	(9,856)	(89,671)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2016	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,807,768	(107,804)	(2,359)	30,348	<u> </u>	1,727,953	181,445	1,909,398
Cash dividends from subsidiaries paid to non-controlling interests											(201,886)	(201,886)
BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2016	<u>\$ 54,708,901</u>	<u>\$ 799,932</u>	<u>\$ 287,224</u>	<u>\$ 76,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,802,594</u>	<u>\$ 50,155</u>	<u>\$ (604</u> )	<u>\$ (195,649</u> )	<u>\$ (43,372</u> )	<u>\$ 57,485,667</u>	<u>\$ 2,261,658</u>	<u>\$ 59,747,325</u>
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2017	\$ 54,708,901	\$ 799,932	\$ 287,224	\$ 76,486	\$ (157,618)	\$ 78,564	\$ 1,714	\$ 31,986	\$ (43,372)	\$ 55,783,817	\$ 2,083,381	\$ 57,867,198
Convertible bonds converted to common stock	945	131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,076	-	1,076
Disposal of capital surplus of investments in associates accounted for by using the equity method	-	(64)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(64)	-	(64)
Compensation of deficits for 2016	-	-	(81,132)	(76,486)	157,618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between cost and net value from acquiring subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(2,269)	-	-	-	-	(2,269)	(46,118)	(48,387)
Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017	-	-	-	-	952,467	-	-	-	-	952,467	236,732	1,189,199
Other comprehensive loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, net of income tax	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			(99,208)	<u> </u>	(59,603)		(158,811)	(4,060)	(162,871)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2017		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	952,467	(99,208)	<u> </u>	(59,603)	<u> </u>	793,656	232,672	1,026,328
Cash dividends from subsidiaries paid to non-controlling interests	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		<u> </u>			(39,920)	(39,920)
BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2017	<u>\$ 54,709,846</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 206,092</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 950,198</u>	<u>\$ (20,644</u> )	<u>\$ 1,714</u>	<u>\$ (27,617</u> )	<u>\$ (43,372</u> )	<u>\$ 56,576,216</u>	<u>\$ 2,230,015</u>	<u>\$ 58,806,231</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 5, 2017)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2017	2016		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$ 1,997,588	\$ 2,876,037		
Adjustments to reconcile net cash generated from (used in) operating activities:	¢ 1,777,000	¢ <b>_,</b> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	12 707 150	12 002 128		
Depreciation expenses	13,707,159	13,002,138		
Amortization expenses Red debt expenses	195,164	92,197 13,943		
Bad-debt expenses	38,006	15,945		
Net loss on fair value change of financial assets and liabilities held for trading	77 188	30,580		
Interest income	27,488 (156,833)			
Dividend income	(130,853) (9,057)	(193,002)		
		(59,927)		
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	(385,762)	(397,508)		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(215)	(11,337)		
Loss on disposal of financial assets measured at cost	- (147 569)	346 26,429		
(Gain) loss on disposal of noncurrent assets held for sale	(147,568)	· · · · ·		
Impairment loss on financial assets measured at cost	56,023	71,826 12		
Loss on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	12		
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for by using the equity method	(110.720)			
	(119,739)	357,667		
Loss on inventory and property, plant and equipment Impairment loss recognized on property, plant and equipment and	601,565	557,007		
noncurrent assets held for sale	2 602 410	120 225		
	3,692,410	138,335		
Net (gain) loss on foreign currency exchange	(189,646)	(43,618)		
Finance costs	1,013,780	978,558		
Recognition of provisions	2,371,400	1,908,338		
Amortization of unrealized gain on sale-leasebacks	(10,884)	(10,884)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	124 146	75 116		
Financial assets held for trading	124,146	75,416		
Derivatives financial assets for hedging	-	13,096		
Notes and accounts receivable	(14,893)	186,095		
Accounts receivable - related parties	(5,295)	(69,169)		
Other receivables	351,722	45,003		
Inventories	(554,836)	(210,303)		
Other current assets	1,597,777	(152,009)		
Notes and accounts payable	(435,870)	325,835		
Accounts payable - related parties	295,765	134,720		
Other payables	(177,870)	(997,371)		
Deferred revenue	543,818	(383,111)		
Provisions Other current liebilities	(920,122)	(936,054)		
Other current liabilities	270,548	(630,705)		
		(Continued)		

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2017	2016		
Accrued pension liabilities	\$ (804,232)	\$ (3,363,329)		
Other liabilities	18,911	(15,358)		
Cash generated from operations	22,970,448	12,802,886		
Interest received	143,127	150,200		
Dividends received	458,880	437,812		
Interest paid	(1,057,576)	(956,914)		
Income tax paid	(141,286)	(166,088)		
Net cash generated from operating activities	22,373,593	12,267,896		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payment for property, plant and equipment	(6,711,221)	(6,625,710)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	80,840	17,948		
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	63		
Proceeds from disposal of noncurrent assets held for sale	836,768	384,285		
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for by using the				
equity method	380,850	-		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost	-	5,579		
Increase in refundable deposits	(158,364)	(276,592)		
Decrease in refundable deposits	174,876	145,051		
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(11,824,421)	(9,493,653)		
Refund in prepayments for aircrafts	-	5,126,799		
Increase in computer software costs	(83,936)	(231,034)		
Decrease in restricted assets	1,362	474,589		
Net cash used in investing activities	(17,303,246)	(10,472,675)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in short-term loans	120,000	115,000		
Decrease in short-term loans	(225,000)	(80,000)		
Decrease in short-term bills payable	(890,000)	(9,995)		
Proceeds from issue of bonds payable	2,350,000	9,700,000		
Repayments of bonds payable	(2,700,000)	(2,400,000)		
Proceeds of long-term debts	21,247,000	19,430,500		
Repayments of long-term debts and capital lease obligations	(23,096,592)	(27,007,433)		
Proceeds of guarantee deposits received	122,192	84,851		
Refund of guarantee deposits received	(86,715)	(54,633)		
Proceeds from acquisition of subsidiaries' stocks	(48,387)	(8,084)		
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	-	(2,508,525)		
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(39,920)	(201,886)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,247,422)	(2,940,205)		
		(Continued)		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2017	2016		
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	<u>\$ (241,629</u> )	<u>\$ (154,017</u> )		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,581,296	(1,299,001)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	24,267,197	23,491,085		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 25,848,493</u>	<u>\$ 22,192,084</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 5, 2017)

(Concluded)

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 AND 2016 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

#### **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

China Airlines, Ltd. (the "Company") was founded in 1959 and its stocks have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since February 26, 1993. The Company is primarily involved in (a) air transport services for passengers, cargo and mail; (b) ground services and routine aircraft maintenance; (c) major maintenance of flight equipment; (d) communications and data processing services to other airlines; (e) the sale of aircraft parts and aviation equipment; and (f) leasing of aircrafts.

The major stockholders of the Company are the China Aviation Development Foundation ("CADF") and the National Development Fund ("NDF"), Executive Yuan. As of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, CADF and NDF held a combined 43.63% of the Company's stock.

#### 2. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") were approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue on November 5, 2017.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (FSC) and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

Except for the following, whenever applied, the initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC would not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies:

1) Amendment to IAS 36 "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"

The amendment clarifies that the recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is disclosed only when an impairment loss on the asset has been recognized or reversed during the period. Furthermore, if the recoverable amount of an item of property, plant and equipment for which an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed is the fair value less costs of disposal, the Group is required to disclose the fair value hierarchy. If the fair value measurements are categorized within Level 3, the valuation technique and key assumptions used to measure the fair value are disclosed. The discount rate used is disclosed if such fair value less costs of disposal is measured by using the present value technique. The amendment should be applied retrospectively from January 1, 2017. Refer to Notes 13 and 16 for related disclosures.

2) Amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers

The amendments include additions of several accounting items and requirements for disclosures of impairment of non-financial assets as a consequence of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. In addition, as a result of the post implementation review of IFRSs in Taiwan, the amendments also include an emphasis on certain recognition and measurement considerations and add requirements for disclosures of related party transactions and goodwill.

The amendments stipulate that other companies or institutions of which the chairman of the board of directors or president serves as the chairman of the board of directors or the president of the Group, or is the spouse or second immediate family of the chairman of the board of directors or president of the Group are deemed to have a substantive related party relationship, unless it can be demonstrated that no control, joint control, or significant influence exists. Furthermore, the amendments require the disclosure of the names of the related parties and the relationships with whom the Group has significant transactions. If the transactions or balance with a specific related party is 10% or more of the Group's respective total transactions or balance, such transactions should be separately disclosed by the name of each related party.

When the amendments are applied retrospectively from January 1, 2017, the disclosures of related party transactions and the impairment of goodwill are enhanced. Refer to Note 33 for related disclosures.

b. The Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2018

New, Amended or Revised Standards and Interpretations (the "New IFRSs")	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Immente to IEDS 2014 2016 Could	Note 2
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Note 2
Amendment to IFRS 2 "Classification and Measurement of	January 1, 2018
Share-based Payment Transactions"	
Amendments to IFRS 4 "Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with	January 1, 2018
IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts"	
IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Mandatory Effective Date of	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures"	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 15 "Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from	January 1, 2018
Contracts with Customers"	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Amendment to IAS 7 "Disclosure Initiative"	January 1, 2017
Amendments to IAS 12 "Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for	January 1, 2017
Unrealized Losses"	
Amendments to IAS 40 "Transfers of Investment Property"	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22 "Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance	January 1, 2018
Consideration"	

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 12 is retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017; the amendment to IAS 28 is retrospectively applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and related amendments

#### Recognition, measurement and impairment of financial assets

With regard to financial assets, all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value. Under IFRS 9, the requirement for the classification of financial assets is stated below.

For the Group's debt instruments that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, their classification and measurement are as follows:

- a) For debt instruments, if they are held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows, the financial assets are measured at amortized cost and are assessed for impairment continuously with impairment loss recognized in profit or loss, if any. Interest revenue is recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method;
- b) For debt instruments, if they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and the sale of financial assets, the financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and are assessed for impairment. Interest revenue is recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method, and other gains or losses shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the debt instruments are derecognized or reclassified, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Except for above, all other financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss. However, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

The Group analyzed the facts and circumstances of its financial assets that exist as of September 30, 2017 and performed a preliminary assessment of the impact of IFRS 9 on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Listed shares, emerging market shares, and unlisted shares classified as available-for-sale will be designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income, and the fair value gains or losses accumulated in other equity will be transferred directly to retained earnings instead of being reclassified to profit or loss on disposal.

IFRS 9 requires that impairment loss on financial assets is recognized by using the expected credit loss model. A credit loss allowance is required for financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTOCI, lease receivables, contract assets arising from IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", certain written loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. A loss allowance for 12-month expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. A loss allowance for full-lifetime expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. A loss allowance for full-lifetime expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has increased significantly since its initial recognition and is not low. However, a loss allowance for full-lifetime expected credit losses is required for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Group takes into account the expected credit losses on initial recognition in calculating the credit-adjusted effective interest rate. Subsequently, any changes in expected losses are recognized as a loss allowance with a corresponding gain or loss recognized in profit or loss.

After performing a preliminary assessment on the approach the Group will apply, a simplified approach to recognize lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables is implemented.

#### Hedge accounting

The main changes in hedge accounting were amendments of the application requirements for hedge accounting to better reflect the entity's risk management activities. Compared with IAS 39, the main changes include: (1) enhancing types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the risk eligible for hedge accounting of non-financial items; (2) changing the way hedging derivative instruments are accounted for to reduce profit or loss volatility; and (3) replacing retrospective effectiveness assessments with the principle of economic relationships between the hedging instruments and the hedged items. A preliminary assessment on the Group's current hedging relationships indicates that they will qualify as continuing hedging relationships upon application of IFRS 9.

2) Amendments to IAS 12 "Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses"

The amendment clarifies that the difference between the carrying amount of a debt instrument measured at fair value and its tax base gives rise to a temporary difference, even though there are unrealized losses on that asset, irrespective of whether the Group expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by holding it and collecting contractual cash flows.

In addition, in determining whether to recognize a deferred tax asset, the Group should assess a deductible temporary difference in combination with all of its other deductible temporary differences, unless the tax law restricts the utilization of losses as deductions against income of a specific type; in which case, a deductible temporary difference is assessed in combination only with other deductible temporary differences of the appropriate type. The amendment also stipulates that, when determining whether to recognize a deferred tax asset, the estimate of probable future taxable profit may include some of the Group's assets for more than their carrying amount if there is sufficient evidence that it is probable that the Group will achieve this and that the estimate for future taxable profit should exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of deductible temporary differences. In assessing deferred tax assets, the Group currently assumes it will recover the assets at their carrying amounts when estimating probable future taxable profit; the amendment will be applied retrospectively in 2018.

3) IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and related amendment

IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and will supersede IAS 18 "Revenue" and IAS 11 "Construction Contracts".

When applying IFRS 15, an entity shall recognize revenue by applying the following steps:

- Identify the contract with the customer;
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognize revenue when the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

In identifying performance obligations, IFRS 15 and the related amendment require that a good or service be distinct if it is capable of being distinct (for example, the Group regularly sells it separately) and the promise to transfer it is distinct within the context of the contract (i.e. the nature of the promise in the contract is to transfer each of those goods or services individually rather than to transfer combined items). The Group has performed a preliminary assessment whereby, under IFRS 15, the Group will allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation identified in a contract on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Currently, the Group applies the residual value method to allocate the amount of revenue to be recognized.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Amendments to IFRS 9 "Prepayment Features with Negative	January 1, 2019
Compensation"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 16 "Leases"	January 1, 2019
IFRS 17"Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IAS 28 "Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments"	January 1, 2019

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

#### IFRS 16 "Leases

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Under IFRS 16, if the Group is a lessee, it shall recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on the consolidated balance sheets except for low-value and short-term leases. The Group may elect to apply the accounting method similar to the accounting for operating leases under IAS 17 to the low-value and short-term leases. On the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the Group should present the depreciation expense charged on right-of-use assets separately from the interest expense accrued on lease liabilities; interest is computed by using the effective interest method. On the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities are classified within financing activities; cash payments for the interest portion are classified within operating activities.

The application of IFRS 16 is not expected to have a material impact on the accounting of the Group as lessor.

When IFRS 16 becomes effective, the Group may elect to apply this standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this standard recognized at the date of initial application.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the policies listed below, the accounting policies adopted for these consolidated financial statements are the same as those for the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Statement of Compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC. Disclosure information included in these interim consolidated financial statements is less than the disclosures required in a full set of annual consolidated financial statements.

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e. its subsidiaries, including special purpose entities).

Control is achieved when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries, to ensure that subsidiaries' accounting policies are consistent with the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are written of in consolidation financial statement.

Non-controlling interests shall be presented in the consolidated balance sheets within equity and separately from the equity of the owners of the Company. The total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. The proportion of ownership and main businesses of subsidiaries can be found in Note 14 and Table 6 following the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Material accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions adopted for these consolidated financial statements are equivalent to those adopted for the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		, , <b>,</b>		ptember 30, 2016	
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	408,046	\$	359,106	\$	438,192		
Checking accounts and demand deposits		9,356,923		9,266,679		7,301,543		
Cash equivalent								
Time deposits with original maturities of less								
than three months		12,037,496		3,698,109		5,667,223		
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds		4,046,028		10,943,303		8,785,126		
	<u>\$</u>	25,848,493	<u>\$</u>	24,267,197	<u>\$</u>	22,192,084		

The market rate intervals of cash in the bank and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Bank balance Time deposits with original maturities of less than	0%-2%	0.05%-2%	0%-1.9%
three months	0.59%-3.78%	0.13%-12.9%	0.3%-4.82%
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	0.38%-1.66%	0.33%-1.40%	0.33%-0.95%

The amounts of time deposits with original maturities of more than three months as of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 were \$684,496 thousand, \$1,267,927 thousand and \$1,393,713 thousand, respectively, and the respective market rate intervals were 0.16%-1.065%, 0.16%-2.45% and 0.21%-2.45%, which were recognized as other current assets. (Refer to Note 19.)

The Group designated its time deposits with original maturities of less than three months and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds as fair value hedges to hedge exchange rate exposure on its A350-900 aircraft purchase commitment. As of September 30, 2016, the book value of the hedging instruments was \$6,666,667 thousand, and the gain on fair value changes due to the fluctuations of exchange rates in the amount of \$191,121 thousand was recognized in profit or loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 with corresponding adjustments to prepayments for aircrafts.

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Financial assets held for trading - current			
Derivative financial instruments (not under hedge accounting) Foreign exchange forward contracts Non-derivative financial assets Beneficial certificates	\$- 	\$ 1,200 <u>415,441</u>	\$ 1,010 436,837
	<u>\$ 279,822</u>	<u>\$ 416,641</u>	<u>\$ 437,847</u> (Continued)

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Financial liabilities held for trading			
Derivative financial instruments (not under hedge accounting) - foreign exchange forward contracts Current Noncurrent	<u>\$ 13,360</u> <u>\$ 2,634</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 5,419</u> <u>\$ -</u> (Concluded)

At the end of the reporting period, the outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts not under hedge accounting were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
September 30, 2017			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2017.10.31-2019.01.31	NTD424,242/USD14,000
December 31, 2016			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2017.1.26	NTD32,258/USD1,000
September 30, 2016			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2016.10.14-2017.01.26	NTD263,323/USD8,400

#### 8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	September 30, 2017		December 3	31, 2016	September 30, 2016		
N.	Carrying Amount	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Amount	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Amount	% of Owner- ship	
Noncurrent Domestic market							
TransAsia Airways	<u>\$                                    </u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$ 14,099</u>	-	

On November 22, 2016, the board of the directors of TransAsia Airways ("TNA") resolved to dissolve TNA. Therefore, the Group recognized an impairment loss on its investment related to TNA. Furthermore, the Group recognized a full allowance for bad debts on the accounts receivable related to TNA.

#### 9. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR HEDGING

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Derivative financial assets under hedge accounting			
Foreign exchange forward contracts Currency options Fuel options	\$ 18,945 	\$ 61,634 	\$ 6,818 11 <u>188</u>
	<u>\$ 18,945</u>	<u>\$ 61,717</u>	<u>\$ 7,017</u>
Current Noncurrent	\$ 18,880 <u>65</u>	\$ 58,449 <u>3,268</u>	\$ 7,017
	<u>\$ 18,945</u>	<u>\$ 61,717</u>	<u>\$ 7,017</u>
Derivative financial liabilities under hedge accounting			
Interest rate swaps Foreign exchange forward contracts Currency options Fuel options	\$ - 51,515 -	\$ 3,855 19,774	\$ 6,914 185,648 44,684 7
	<u>\$    51,515</u>	<u>\$ 23,629</u>	<u>\$ 237,253</u>
Current Noncurrent	\$ 46,558 <u>4,957</u>	\$ 20,854 	\$ 237,253
	<u>\$ 51,515</u>	<u>\$ 23,629</u>	<u>\$ 237,253</u>

The Group determined the fair value of each derivative contract based on price quotes from financial institutions.

#### **Cash Flow Hedges**

a. Interest rate swaps

The Group entered into interest rate swap contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in interest rates on its cash flow exposure resulting from its outstanding floating rate debt. All interest rate swap contracts with fixed interest rates and floating interest rates are designated as cash flow hedges.

The outstanding interest rate swap contracts at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Notional Amount (In Thousands) Maturity Date		Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received	
December 31, 2016				
NT\$2,500,000	2017.3.9-2017.6.22	1.01%-1.14%	TAIBOR Rate (Continued)	

Notional Amount (In Thousands) Maturity Date		Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received	
September 30, 2016				
NT\$3,000,000	2016.11.28-2017.6.22	1.01%-1.14%	TAIBOR Rate (Concluded)	

The interest rate swaps are settled on a quarterly basis. The Group will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rates on a net basis.

#### b. Currency options

The Group entered into currency options to minimize the risk of changes in foreign currency rates on its cash flow exposures related to fuel payments, which will be paid in U.S. dollars.

The outstanding currency options at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
September 30, 2016			
Buy USD call option Sell USD put option	JPY/USD JPY/USD	2016.10.12-2016.12.19 2016.10.12-2016.12.19	JPY1,120,340/USD9,400 JPY1,091,095/USD9,400

#### c. Fuel options

The Group used fuel options to minimize the risk of changes in fuel prices related to operating costs.

The outstanding fuel options at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2016			
Buy fuel call option	USD	2017.01.05-2017.02.08	NTD83
September 30, 2016			
Buy fuel call option Sell fuel put option	USD USD	2016.10.31-2017.01.31 2016.10.31-2017.01.31	NTD188 NTD7

Based on the Taiwan Stock Exchange's regulation for public companies' monthly declarations on the trading of derivative financial instruments, the contractual amounts are shown at the absolute values of their fair values because fuel option contracts only have notional amounts.

d. Foreign exchange forward contracts

The Group entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to minimize the risk of changes in foreign currency rates on its cash flow exposure related to fuel payments and aircraft leases, which will be paid in U.S. dollars.

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
September 30, 2017			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2017.10.2-2019.06.21	NTD5,807,515/USD191,720
December 31, 2016			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2017.1.3-2018.10.25	NTD5,381,178/USD167,078
September 30, 2016			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2016.10.03-2018.05.22	NTD5,933,347/USD189,180

Gains and losses of hedging instruments reclassified from equity to profit or loss were included in the following line items in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	For the Three I Septem		For the Nine N Septem		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Increase in operating costs Increase in finance costs Other foreign exchange gains	\$ (14,491)	\$ (20,777) (2,989)	\$ (35,419) (2,814)	\$ (336,674) (6,901)	
(losses)	(5,810)	73,431	(22,138)	57,355	
	<u>\$ (20,301</u> )	<u>\$ 49,665</u>	<u>\$ (60,371</u> )	<u>\$ (286,220</u> )	

The amount of gains and losses on hedging instruments for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 reclassified from profit or loss to prepayments for equipment was \$103,369 thousand and \$110,449 thousand, respectively.

The amount of gains and losses on hedging instruments for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 reclassified from profit or loss to prepayments for equipment was \$12,831 thousand and \$105,721 thousand, respectively.

#### 10. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST

	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		September 30, 2016		30, 2016		
		arrying Amount	% of Owner- ship		arrying Mount	% of Owner- ship		arrying Amount	% of Owner- ship
Unlisted common stocks Everest Investment									
Holdings Ltd.	\$	52,704	14	\$	52,704	14	\$	52,704	14
Jardine Aviation									
Service		-	15		56,023	15		56,023	15
Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Service									
Co., Ltd.		-	6		-	6		- (0	6 Continued)

	September 30, 2017		December 3	51, 2016	September 30, 2016		
	Carrying Amount	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Amount	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Amount	% of Owner- ship	
Taikoo Spirt Aerospace Systems (Jin Jiang)							
Composite Co., Ltd. Chung Hwa Express	\$ 19,708	5	\$ 20,157	5	\$ 20,403	5	
Co.	<u>11,000</u> 83,412	11	<u>11,000</u> 139,884	11	<u>11,000</u> 140,130	11	
Unlisted preferred stocks Everest Investment							
Holdings Ltd.	473	-	473	-	473	-	
	<u>\$ 83,885</u>		<u>\$ 140,357</u>		<u>\$ 140,603</u>		
Classified according to financial asset measurement categories Available-for-sale							
financial assets	<u>\$ 83,885</u>		<u>\$ 140,357</u>		<u>\$ 140,603</u> (C	oncluded)	

The Group recognized an impairment loss of \$71,826 thousand in July 2016, because the value of Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Service Co., Ltd. permanently declined. Due to the permanent decrease in the value of Jardine Aviation Service held by the Group, the Group recognized an impairment loss of \$56,023 thousand in June 2017, which was classified as other gains and losses.

On the reporting date, the above unlisted stock investments held by the Group were measured at cost after deducting impairment losses because their ranges of reasonable fair value estimates were significant and unable to be reasonably evaluated. Thus, the management considered their fair values unable to be measured.

#### 11. NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Notes receivable	<u>\$ 444,756</u>	<u>\$ 525,797</u>	<u>\$ 485,228</u>
Accounts receivable			
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for impairment loss	8,074,845 (222,249) 7,852,596	8,019,386 (191,398) 7,827,988	6,791,152 (122,025) 6,669,127
	<u>\$ 8,297,352</u>	<u>\$ 8,353,785</u>	<u>\$ 7,154,355</u>

The average credit period on sales was 7 to 55 days. In determining the recoverability of accounts receivable, the Group considered any change in the credit qualities of the accounts receivable since the dates credit was initially granted to the end of the reporting period, and the allowance for impairment loss was based on the estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to the Group's past default experience with the respective counterparties and analyses of their current financial positions.

Movement in the allowance for impairment loss recognized as notes receivable and accounts receivables was as follow:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2017	2016	
Beginning balance	\$ 191,398	\$ 109,927	
Impairment loss recognized on receivables	38,006	13,943	
Amounts written off during current period	(7,058)	(2,098)	
Amounts receivable during current period	(86)	-	
Effects of exchange rate changes	(11)	253	
Ending balance	<u>\$ 222,249</u>	<u>\$ 122,025</u>	

#### **12. INVENTORIES**

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Aircraft spare parts	\$ 8,034,146	\$ 7,713,264	\$ 7,666,251
Items for in-flight sale	558,467	553,327	529,406
Work in process - maintenance services	66,861	166,684	163,140
Others	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>2,510</u> <u>\$ 8,361,307</u>

The operating costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 included losses from inventory write-downs of \$325,686 thousand and \$158,457 thousand, respectively. The operating costs for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 included losses from inventory write-downs of \$100,968 thousand and \$53,676 thousand, respectively.

#### 13. NONCURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Aircrafts held for sale	<u>\$ 494,686</u>	<u>\$ 185,100</u>	<u>\$ 121,406</u>

To enhance its competitiveness, the Company plans to introduce new aircrafts and retire old aircrafts according to a planned schedule. Such aircrafts, classified as noncurrent assets held for sale, had an original book value which was higher than the expected sale price and which was recognized as an impairment loss. However, the actual loss shall be identified by the actual sale price.

The Company recognized an impairment loss of \$3,571,301 thousand and \$138,335 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Some aircrafts completed the planned disposal procedures, and the Company recognized respective disposal gains and losses of \$147,568 thousand and \$(26,429) thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Company recognized an impairment loss of \$0 and \$138,335 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Some aircrafts completed the planned disposal procedures, and the Company recognized respective disposal gains of \$82,544 thousand and \$0 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The related measurement of fair value is a Level 3 measure to which the second-hand market and the conditions of the aircrafts were referred.

#### **14. SUBSIDIARIES**

Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Propo	ortion of Ownersh	ip (%)
Investor Company	Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
China Airlines, Ltd.	Cal-Dynasty International	A holding company, real estate and hotel services	100	100	100
	Cal-Asia Investment	General investing	100	100	100
	Hwa Hsia	Cleaning of aircrafts and maintenance of machine and equipment	100	100	100
	Yestrip	Travel business	100	100	100
	Cal Park	Real estate leasing and international trade	100	100	100
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel business	100	100	100
	Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	Sale and maintenance of hardware and software	94	94	94
	Mandarin Airlines	Air transportation and maintenance of aircrafts	94	94	94
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal (Note)	Air cargo and storage	59	59	59
	Dynasty Holidays	Travel business	51	51	51
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Airport services	49	49	49
	Taiwan Airport Services (Note)	Airport services	48	48	48
	Global Sky Express	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	25	25	25
	Freighter Princess Ltd.	Aircraft leasing	-	100	100
	Freighter Prince Ltd.	Aircraft leasing	-	100	100
	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd. (Note)	Air transportation	100	90	90
	Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance And Engineering Co., Ltd.	Aircraft maintenance	100	100	100
Cal-Dynasty International	Dynasty Properties Co., Ltd.	Real estate management	100	100	100
	Dynasty Hotel of Hawaii, Inc.	Hotel business	100	100	100
Taiwan Airport Services	Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Airport supporting service and investing	100	100	100

Note: Proportion of ownership is considered from the Group view.

The Group liquidated Freighter Princess Ltd. and Freighter Prince Ltd., because the lease contracts related to these subsidiaries expired.

The board of directors reached an agreement to purchase 10% of the stock of Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd., which was held by Roar Aviation III Pte. Ltd., in December 2016. The transaction was completed in January 2017.

The Company increased its investment in Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering Co., Ltd., with a payment of \$490,000 thousand and \$100,000 thousand in April 2017 and October 2016, respectively, for the purpose of building hangars.

Each of the Company's holdings of the issued capital stock of Taoyuan International Airport Service, Taiwan Airport Service and Global Sky Express did not exceed 50%, but since the Company had control over these investees, they were listed as subsidiaries. The financial information for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 of these subsidiaries was reported according to information that had not been independently reviewed, except for that of Mandarin Airlines and Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.

The Group's holding of the issued capital stock of China Pacific Catering Services and China Pacific Laundry Services each exceeded 50%, yet the Group did not have control over the investees. For related information, refer to Note 15,b.

## 15. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	Sept	tember 30, 2017	Dec	ember 31, 2016	Sep	tember 30, 2016
Investments in associates Investments in jointly controlled entities	\$	1,793,417 885,322	\$	2,060,403 806,028	\$	2,000,345 809,635
	<u>\$</u>	2 <u>,678,739</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,866,431	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,809,980</u>
a. Investments in associates						
	Sept	tember 30, 2017	Dec	ember 31, 2016	Sep	tember 30, 2016
Unlisted companies						
China Aircraft Services Kaohsiung Catering Services Asian Compressor Technology Services Science Park Logistics Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen) Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen) Eastern United International Logistics (Holdings) Ltd.	\$	507,323 274,504 248,904 472,183 246,760 43,743	\$	515,051 267,371 279,176 257,928 467,041 230,888 42,948	\$	509,095 253,363 247,795 248,254 472,486 227,641 41,711
	<u>\$</u>	1,793,417	\$	<u>2,060,403</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,000,345

At the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights of associates held by the Group were as follows:

	Proportion of Ownership and Voting				
	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,		
Name of Associate	2017	2016	2016		
China Aircraft Services	20%	20%	20%		
Kaohsiung Catering Services	36%	36%	36%		
Asian Compressor Technology Services	25%	25%	25%		
Science Park Logistics	-	26%	26%		
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen)	28%	28%	28%		
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen)	28%	28%	28%		
Eastern United International Logistics					
(Holdings) Ltd.	35%	35%	35%		

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months En September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
China Aircraft Services	\$ 6,314	\$ 10,865	\$ 21,769	\$ 40,986
Kaohsiung Catering Services	23,554	24,489	60,120	60,389
Asian Compressor Technology				
Services	31,402	27,327	69,365	78,434
Science Park Logistics	2,208	8,183	21,819	16,413
Airport Air Cargo Terminal				
(Xiamen)	4,889	6,713	15,265	12,690
Airport Air Cargo Service				
(Xiamen)	6,507	5,615	20,790	17,847
Eastern United International				
Logistics (Holdings) Ltd.	643	2,027	1,757	2,964
	<u>\$ 75,517</u>	<u>\$ 85,219</u>	<u>\$ 210,885</u>	<u>\$ 229,723</u>

The recognized investment income of associates accounted for by using the equity method were as follows:

In August 2017, the Group sold all of its holdings of Science Park Logistics to a non-related party, HCT Logistics Co., Ltd. The agreed upon price was \$380,850 thousand, and a disposal gain of \$119,800 thousand was recognized.

#### b. Investments in jointly controlled entities

The investments in jointly controlled entities were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
China Pacific Catering Services	\$ 718,468	\$ 638,980	\$ 646,277
China Pacific Laundry Services	<u>166,854</u>	<u>167,048</u>	<u>163,358</u>
	<u>\$ 885,322</u>	<u>\$ 806,028</u>	<u>\$ 809,635</u>

At the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights in jointly controlled entities held by the Group were as follows:

	Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights			
	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016	
China Pacific Catering Services	51%	51%	51%	
China Pacific Laundry Services	55%	55%	55%	

The Group entered into a joint venture agreement with the Taikoo Group to invest in China Pacific Catering Services and China Pacific Laundry Services. According to the agreement, both sides have the right to make major motion vetoes on the board of directors, and therefore the Group does not have control.

Details of the investment income attributable to investments in jointly controlled entitles were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months End September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
China Pacific Catering Services China Pacific Laundry Services	\$ 48,246 <u>6,391</u>	\$ 48,001 <u>5,601</u>	\$ 158,251 <u>16,626</u>	\$ 152,786 <u>14,999</u>	
	<u>\$ 54,637</u>	<u>\$ 53,602</u>	<u>\$ 174,877</u>	<u>\$ 167,785</u>	

The investments accounted for by using the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those investments were based on the jointly controlled entities' financial statements which have not been reviewed.

For information on the major businesses and products and the locations of registration for the major business offices of the above entities, refer to Tables 6 and 7 (names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influence and investment in mainland China) following the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Cost			
Freehold land	\$ 930,620	\$ 965,174	\$ 949,089
Buildings	13,743,554	13,104,983	13,140,658
Flight equipment	254,081,603	248,262,079	237,787,465
Equipment under finance leases	25,986,980	28,898,891	28,617,154
Machinery equipment	10,530,148	10,317,327	10,231,023
Office equipment	1,108,789	1,086,015	1,063,699
Leased assets	116,214	120,100	121,918
Leasehold improvements	4,031,728	3,958,811	3,947,134
Construction in progress	247,434	499,547	355,286
	<u>\$ 310,777,070</u>	<u>\$ 307,212,927</u>	<u>\$ 296,213,426</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
Buildings	\$ 6,134,770	\$ 5,781,555	\$ 5,713,459
Flight equipment	134,042,823	135,893,108	137,448,382
Equipment under finance leases	13,848,198	15,846,688	15,405,038
Machinery equipment	7,238,171	6,964,422	6,882,676
Office equipment	893,629	894,997	876,327
Leased assets	101,126	101,882	102,342
Leasehold improvements	1,613,745	1,593,538	1,577,050
	<u>\$ 163,872,462</u>	<u>\$ 167,076,190</u>	<u>\$ 168,005,274</u>
Net value	<u>\$ 146,904,608</u>	<u>\$ 140,136,737</u>	<u>\$ 128,208,152</u>

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Flight Equipment	Equipment under Finance Leases	Others	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Disposals Reclassification Net exchange differences Balance at September 30,	\$ 976,427 	\$ 13,140,158 49,441 (1,981) 406 (47,366)	\$ 229,849,035 5,026,019 (2,754,814) 5,667,225	\$ 28,087,404 777,700 (247,950)	\$ 15,167,890 772,550 (218,261) 2,486 (5,605)	\$ 287,220,914 6,625,710 (3,223,006) 5,670,117 (80,309)
2016	\$ 949,089	<u>\$ 13,140,658</u>	<u>\$ 237,787,465</u>	<u>\$ 28,617,154</u>	<u>\$ 15,719,060</u>	<u>\$ 296,213,426</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2016 Depreciation expenses Disposals Reclassification Net exchange differences	\$ 	\$ (5,355,804) (380,351) 1,981 20,715	\$ (128,953,990) (10,502,147) 2,554,703 (546,948)	\$ (14,201,904) (1,548,447) 345,313	\$ (9,080,350) (570,983) 214,503 (5,349) <u>3,784</u>	\$ (157,592,048) (13,001,928) 3,116,500 (552,297) <u>24,499</u>
Balance at September 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (5,713,459</u> )	<u>\$ (137,448,382</u> )	<u>\$ (15,405,038</u> )	<u>\$ (9,438,395</u> )	<u>\$(168,005,274</u> )
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions Disposals Reclassification Net exchange differences	\$ 965,174 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 13,104,983 705,740 (5,917) (61,252)	\$ 248,262,079 4,431,993 (2,647,394) 4,034,925	\$ 28,898,891 1,300,854 (279,416) (3,933,349)	\$ 15,981,800 272,634 (266,327) 52,415 (6,209)	\$ 307,212,927 6,711,221 (3,199,054) 153,991 (102,015)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$ 930,620</u>	<u>\$ 13,743,554</u>	<u>\$ 254,081,603</u>	<u>\$ 25,986,980</u>	<u>\$ 16,034,313</u>	<u>\$ 310,777,070</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2017 Depreciation expenses Disposals Reclassification Net exchange differences Impairment	\$ - - - - -	\$ (5,781,555) (384,135) 3,902 - 27,018	\$ (135,893,108) (11,353,769) 2,172,303 11,152,860 - (121,109)	\$ (15,846,688) (1,424,314) 419,255 3,003,549	\$ (9,554,839) (544,731) 252,816 (5,199) 5,282	\$ (167,076,190) (13,706,949) 2,848,276 14,151,210 32,300 (121,109)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (6,134,770</u> )	<u>\$ (134,042,823</u> )	<u>\$ (13,848,198</u> )	<u>\$ (9,846,671</u> )	<u>\$ (163,872,462</u> )

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset:

Buildings	
Main buildings	45-55 years
Others	10-25 years
Machinery equipment	
Electro-mechanical equipment	25 years
Others	3-13 years
Office equipment	3-15 years
Leasehold improvements	
Building improvements	5 years
Others	3-5 years
Assets leased to others	3-5 years
	(Continued)

Regarding changes in fleet composition and the future retirement plan, the Group recognized impairment losses on aircraft equipment for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 of \$121,109 thousand based on the difference between the recoverable amount of \$320,000 thousand, which applied the fair value (Level 3), and the book value. The fair value was determined based on aircraft conditions and market estimates.

Refer to Note 34 for the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment pledged by the Group. Based on the particularity of risk in the aviation industry, all of the Group's assets such as aircrafts, real estate, and movable property are adequately insured to diversify the potential risk related to operations.

#### **17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Carrying amount			
Investment properties	<u>\$ 2,075,693</u>	<u>\$ 2,075,903</u>	<u>\$ 2,075,972</u>

The investment properties held by the Group were land located in Nankan and buildings in Taipei, which were all leased to others. The buildings were depreciated on a straight-line basis over 55 years.

The fair value of the investment properties held by the Group are \$2,506,230 thousand, \$2,348,759 thousand and \$2,348,759 thousand as of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016. The above amounts were evaluated by taking into account the report of an appointed real estate appraiser and the market transactions assessed by the Group's management.

#### **18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

	Computer Software Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Value
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Amortization expenses	\$ 1,623,186 231,034	\$ (613,508) (92,197)	\$ 1,009,678 231,034 (92,197)
Balance at September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 1,854,220</u>	<u>\$ (705,705</u> )	<u>\$ 1,148,515</u>
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions Amortization expenses Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 1,898,154 83,936 - -	\$ (761,039) (195,164) (79)	\$ 1,137,115 83,936 (195,164) (79)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$ 1,982,090</u>	<u>\$ (956,282</u> )	<u>\$ 1,025,808</u>

The above other intangible asset was depreciated on a straight-line basis over 2-12 years.

#### **19. OTHER ASSETS**

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Current			
Other financial assets	\$ 684,496	\$ 1,267,927	\$ 1,393,713
Temporary payments	441,662	355,003	1,137,769
Prepayments	1,701,622	2,429,741	1,206,491
Restricted assets	144,053	178,193	36,367
Others	310,555	407,638	258,440
	<u>\$ 3,282,388</u>	<u>\$ 4,638,502</u>	<u>\$ 4,032,780</u>

The Group designated its time deposits with original maturities of more than three months, which were classified as other financial instruments, as cash flow hedges in order to hedge exchange rate exposure from the expenditure on aircraft rentals. The losses on the effective portion of the cash flow hedges, which were reclassified from equity to profit or loss for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 and amounted to \$0 and \$1,449 thousand, respectively, were classified as operating costs in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The losses on the effective portion of the cash flow hedges, which were reclassified from equity to profit or loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 and amounted to \$9,038 thousand and \$1,449 thousand, respectively, were classified as operating costs in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Noncurrent			
Prepayments for aircrafts	\$ 14,464,620	\$ 20,942,278	\$ 26,995,647
Prepayments - long-term	1,584,651	2,020,389	3,731,180
Refundable deposits	1,323,913	1,389,464	1,554,189
Restricted assets	161,394	144,835	8,536
Other financial assets	2,845	18,827	22,297
Others	7,175	30,289	1,259
	<u>\$ 17,544,598</u>	<u>\$ 24,546,082</u>	<u>\$ 32,313,108</u>

The prepayments for aircrafts were the prepaid deposits and capitalized interest from the purchases of A350-900 and ATR 72-600 aircrafts. For the related stipulations of the contracts, refer to Note 35.

#### **20. BORROWINGS**

a. Short-term loans

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Bank loans - unsecured	<u>\$ 33,030</u>	<u>\$ 135,000</u>	<u>\$ 208,135</u>
Interest rates	1.1%	1.51%-2%	1.11%-2.83%
b. Short-term and bills payable			

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Commercial paper	\$    10,000	\$  900,000	\$ -
Less: Unamortized discount on bills payable			
	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 900,000</u>	<u>\$</u>
Annual discount rate	1.18%	0.758%	-

c. Long-term debts

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 28,504,833	\$ 33,993,999	\$ 30,732,418
Secured bank loans	32,849,057	18,100,914	16,290,334
Commercial paper			
Proceeds from issue	28,500,000	37,200,000	34,250,000
Less: Unamortized discount	(24,966)	(64,186)	(44,686)
	89,828,924	89,230,727	81,228,066
Less: Current portion	(27,740,345)	(32,268,540)	(27,949,134)
	<u>\$ 62,088,579</u>	<u>\$ 56,962,187</u>	<u>\$ 53,278,932</u>

Secured bank loans were secured by freehold land, buildings, machinery equipment and flight equipment; refer to Note 34.

Bank loans (denominated in New Taiwan dollars and U.S. dollars) are repayable quarterly, semiannually or in lump sum upon maturity. The related information is summarized as follows:

	Currency		
	<b>New Taiwan Dollars</b>	U.S. Dollars	
Original currency			
September 30, 2017	\$ 61,353,890	\$ -	
December 31, 2016	51,045,365	32,536	
September 30, 2016	45,453,151	50,070	
-		(Continued)	

	Currency		
	New Taiwan Dollars	U.S. Dollars	
Translated to New Taiwan dollars			
September 30, 2017	\$ 61,353,890	\$ -	
December 31, 2016	51,045,365	1,049,548	
September 30, 2016	45,453,151	1,569,601	
Interest rates			
September 30, 2017	0.65%-1.82%	-	
December 31, 2016	0.92%-2.27%	0.8539%-4.39%	
September 30, 2016	0.55%-1.945%	0.8539%-4.39%	
Periods			
September 30, 2017	2016.7.11-2029.6.29	-	
December 31, 2016	2015.3.4-2029.2.4	2015.1.18-2017.9.21	
September 30, 2016	2014.12.16-2029.2.4	2014.12.10-2017.9.21	
-		(Concluded)	

The Group has note issuance facilities (NIFs) obtained from certain financial institutions. The NIFs, with various maturities of up until February 2021, were used by the Group to guarantee issued commercial paper. As of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, such commercial paper was issued at discount rates of 0.9983%-1.2897%, 1.0510%-1.4580% and 1.056%-1.4563%, respectively.

#### 21. BONDS PAYABLE

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Unsecured corporate bonds first-time issued in			
2013 Unsequence compared a hands first time issued in	\$ 8,200,000	\$ 10,900,000	\$ 10,900,000
Unsecured corporate bonds first-time issued in 2016	4,700,000	4,700,000	4,700,000
Unsecured corporate bonds second-time issued in 2016	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Unsecured corporate bonds first-time issued in			
2017	2,350,000	-	-
Convertible bonds issued the fifth time	1,659,457	1,638,044	2,579,164
	21,909,457	22,238,044	23,179,164
Less: Current portion and put options of			
convertible bonds	(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	(5,279,164)
	<u>\$ 19,209,457</u>	<u>\$ 19,538,044</u>	<u>\$ 17,900,000</u>

The related issuance conditions were as follows:

Category	Period	Conditions	Rate (%)
Five-year private unsecured bonds - issued at par in January 2013; repayable in January 2017 and 2018; interest of 1.6% p.a., payable annually	2013.1.17-2018.1.17	Principal repayable in January of 2017 and 2018; indicator rate; payable annually	1.60
Seven-year private unsecured bonds - issued at par in January 2013; repayable in January 2019 and 2020; interest of 1.6% p.a., payable annually	2013.1.17-2020.1.17	Principal repayable in January of 2019 and 2020; indicator rate; payable annually	1.85
Five-year unsecured bonds - issued at par in May 2016; repayable in May 2020 and 2021; interest of 1.19% p.a., payable annually	2016.5.26-2021.5.26	Principal repayable in May of 2020 and 2021; interest p.a., payable annually	1.19
Five-year unsecured bonds - issued at par in September 2016; repayable in September 2020 and 2021; interest of 1.08% p.a., payable annually	2016.9.27-2021.9.27	Principal repayable in May of 2020 and 2021; interest p.a., payable annually	1.08
Three-year private unsecured bonds - issued at par in May 2017; repayable on due date; interest of 1.2% p.a., payable annually	2017.5.19-2020.5.19	Principal repayable on due date; indicator rate; payable annually	1.20
Seven-year private unsecured bonds - issued at par in May 2017; repayable on due date; interest of 1.75% p.a., payable annually	2017.5.19-2024.5.19	Principal repayable on due date; indicator rate; payable annually	1.75
Five-year convertible bonds - issued at discount in December 2013; repayable in lump sum upon maturity; discount rate of 1.8245% p.a.	2013.12.26-2018.12.26	Except if converted to capital stock or bought back, principal repayable in December of 2018	-

The Company issued its 2016 first unsecured corporate bonds of \$5,000,000 thousand, and the purchasers of the bonds included Mandarin Airlines and Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan) who held a cumulative face value of \$300,000 thousand, which was eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

The Company issued the fifth issue of its unsecured convertible bonds, and the issuance conditions were as follows:

- a. The holders may demand a lump-sum payment for the bonds upon maturity.
- b. The holders can request that the Company repurchase their bonds at 100.75% of the face value on the third anniversary of the offering date. Because the holders can exercise selling rights on December 26, 2016, the Company reclassified the bonds payable to "current portion of bonds payable" in December 2015. The Company paid \$994,705 thousand to the holders of the bonds payable who exercised the put options, and the difference between the payment amount and carrying amount recognized was a loss on the bonds payable buy-back, for which the Company reclassified the remaining face value to noncurrent assets.
- c. The Company may redeem the bonds at face value between March 26, 2014 and November 16, 2018 under certain conditions.
- d. Between January 26, 2014 and December 16, 2018 (except for the period between the ex-dividend date and the date of dividend declaration on record), holders may convert the bonds to the Company's common stock. The initial conversion price was set at NT\$12.24, which is subject to adjustment if there is a capital injection by cash, a stock dividend distribution, and the proportion of cash dividends per share at the market price exceeds 1.5%. Because the Company distributed cash dividends as of July 31, 2016, the conversion price was adjusted to NT\$11.64, and corporate bonds with a face value of \$3,316,800 thousand were converted to 270,985 thousand shares of common stock.

The convertible bonds contain both liability and equity components. The equity component was presented in equity under the heading of capital surplus - options. The effective interest rate of the liability component was 1.8245% per annum on initial recognition.

Proceeds from issuance	\$ 6,000,000
Equity component	(518,621)
Liability component at the date of issuance	<u>\$ 5,481,379</u>

On November 5, 2017, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue its 2017 second, five-year unsecured convertible bonds with a face value of \$6,000,000 thousand and coupon value of 100%-100.5%.

#### 22. LEASING

a. Sale-leaseback finance leases

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Minimum lease payments - flight equipment			
Within one year	\$ 1,726,000	\$ 1,254,000	\$ 1,428,467
Beyond one year and within five years	<u>670,000</u>	<u>3,562,000</u>	
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 2,396,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,816,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,436,250</u>
Interest rates	1.0617%-	1.032%-	1.0672%-
	1.1317%	1.098%	1.63%

The Group had leased A330-300 aircrafts, totaling 3 aircrafts, under sale-leaseback finance leases as of September 30, 2017. The lease terms started from June 2006 to April 2019. During the lease terms, the Group retained all risks and rewards attached to the aircrafts and engines and enjoyed the same substantive rights as those prior to the transactions. The interest rates underlying all obligations under these finance leases were floating. Therefore, the minimum lease payments under the sale-leaseback aircraft contracts do not include interest expenses.

b. Finance leases

Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Co. ("TACT") entered into a terminal construction contract. Refer to Note 35 for the terms of the contract. Dynasty Holiday Co., Ltd. signed a long-term equipment lease contract, and the lease contract is a finance lease contract.

	Septemb 201	-		ember 31, 2016	Sep	tember 30, 2016
Minimum lease payments - cargo terminal and other						
Within one year Beyond one year and within five years Less: Finance costs	<u> </u>	),398 7 <u>,400</u> 7,798 2 <u>,351</u> )	\$	30,131 85,244 115,375 (2,070)	\$	29,902 92,885 122,787 (2,763)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 85</u>	5 <u>,447</u>	<u>\$</u>	113,305	<u>\$</u>	<u>120,024</u> (Continued)

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Present value of minimum lease payments - cargo terminal and other			
Within one year Beyond one year and within five years	\$ 29,615 55,832	\$ 30,001 <u>83,304</u>	\$ 29,490 <u>90,534</u>
	<u>\$ 85,447</u>	<u>\$ 113,305</u>	<u>\$ 120,024</u>
Discount rate	4.756%	4.756%	4.97%
Total amount of present value of minimum lease payments			
Current Noncurrent	\$ 1,755,615 725,832	\$ 1,284,001 3,645,304	\$ 1,457,957 4,098,317
Noncurrent	125,652		4,098,317
	<u>\$ 2,481,447</u>	<u>\$ 4,929,305</u>	<u>\$ 5,556,274</u> (Concluded)

c. Operating lease arrangements (include sale-leaseback operating leases)

The Company, Mandarin Airlines, Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd. and Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal rented planes and hangars under various operating lease contracts expiring on various dates of up until May 2028. The Group does not have a bargain purchase option to acquire the leased planes and hangars at the expiration of the lease periods.

Of the rental rates stated in the aircraft lease agreements, some are fixed and some are floating. If the agreed-upon rental rate is floating and will be revised monthly or semiannually, then subleasing is not allowed for these lease arrangements. As of September 30, 2017, the Group has rented eleven A330-300 planes, fifteen B737-800 planes, ten 777-300ER planes, six ERJ190 planes and nine A320-200 planes under operating contracts for which the lease terms range from 6 to 12 years.

As of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, the refundable deposits paid by the Group under operating lease contracts were \$898,068 thousand, \$982,988 thousand and \$1,033,792 thousand, respectively. A part of the guarantees is secured by credit guarantees, and outstanding credit guarantees as of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 were \$1,415,923 thousand, \$1,459,935 thousand and \$1,379,874 thousand, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments for the non-cancelable operating lease commitments were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Up to 1 year	\$ 11,402,423	\$ 10,431,969	\$ 10,234,381
Over 1 year to 5 years	43,053,332	39,692,972	37,017,468
Over 5 years	31,376,924	33,360,179	<u>36,484,496</u>
	<u>\$ 85,832,679</u>	<u>\$ 83,485,120</u>	<u>\$ 83,736,345</u>

The lease payments recognized in profit or loss for the current period were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months Endeo September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 2,891,306</u>	<u>\$ 2,925,994</u>	<u>\$ 8,631,115</u>	<u>\$ 7,834,871</u>

#### **23. OTHER PAYABLES**

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Fuel costs	\$ 2,800,530	\$ 2,664,944	\$ 2,498,113
Ground service expenses	1,182,311	902,879	1,017,807
Repair expenses	1,058,017	968,371	966,679
Interest expenses	197,765	294,751	187,043
Short-term employee benefits	2,255,736	1,926,538	2,353,631
Terminal surcharges	739,944	748,070	751,942
Commission expenses	286,642	391,857	408,813
Others	2,888,039	3,567,844	3,159,853
	<u>\$ 11,408,984</u>	<u>\$ 11,465,254</u>	<u>\$ 11,343,881</u>

## 24. DEFERRED REVENUE

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Frequent flyer program	\$ 2,425,479	\$ 2,427,565	\$ 2,375,105
Advance ticket sales	<u>14,747,421</u>	14,202,198	<u>12,211,502</u>
	<u>\$ 17,172,900</u>	<u>\$ 16,629,763</u>	<u>\$ 14,586,607</u>
Current	\$ 15,371,818	\$ 14,820,860	\$ 12,784,380
Noncurrent	<u>1,801,082</u>	<u>1,808,903</u>	
	<u>\$ 17,172,900</u>	<u>\$ 16,629,763</u>	<u>\$ 14,586,607</u>

## **25. PROVISIONS**

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Operating leases - aircrafts	<u>\$ 8,624,320</u>	<u>\$ 7,490,154</u>	<u>\$ 7,132,404</u>
Current	\$ 64,945	\$ 81,925	\$ 35,497
Noncurrent	<u>8,559,375</u>		
	<u>\$ 8,624,320</u>	<u>\$ 7,490,154</u>	<u>\$ 7,132,404</u>

	Aircraft Lease Contracts
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additional provisions recognized Usage Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 6,187,481 1,908,338 (936,054) (27,361)
Balance at September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 7,132,404</u>
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additional provisions recognized Usage Effects of exchange rate changes	\$ 7,490,154 2,371,400 (920,122) (317,112)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$ 8,624,320</u>

The Group leased flight equipment under operating lease agreements. Under the contracts (some of the leased flight equipment's lease payments are calculated monthly), when the lease expires and the equipment is returned to the lessor, the flight equipment has to be repaired according to the expected years of use, number of flight hours, flight cycle and the number of engine revolutions. The Group had existing obligations to recognize provisions when signing a lease or during the lease term.

#### 26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Employee benefits expense in respect of the Group's defined benefit retirement plans were calculated using the actuarially determined pension cost discount rates as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

		For the Three Months Ended September 30		Months Ended nber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 188,430 87,386	\$ 151,143 <u>111,237</u>	\$ 565,228 226,366	\$ 452,338 <u>261,034</u>
	\$ 275.816	\$ 262.380	\$ 791.594	\$ 713.372

#### 27. EQUITY

#### a. Capital stock

#### Common stock

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Numbers of stock authorized (in thousands)	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>
Amount of stock authorized	<u>\$60,000,000</u>	<u>\$60,000,000</u>	<u>60,000,000</u>
Amount of stock issued	\$54,709,846	\$54,708,901	54,708,901

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued the 5th domestic unsecured convertible bonds and the amount of \$1,100 thousand convertible bonds holders apply for conversion, and the capital shares were exchanged 95 thousand and entitled to change registration after issuing new shares.

#### b. Capital surplus

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Issuance of stock in excess of par value and conversion premium	\$ 552,696	\$ 552,470	\$ 552,470
Distribution of cash dividends to treasury			
stock held by subsidiaries	2,673	2,673	2,673
Employee stock options expired	11,747	11,747	11,747
Long-term investments	955	1,019	1,019
Bonds payable equity component	146,589	146,684	232,023
Others	85,339	85,339	
	<u>\$ 799,999</u>	<u>\$ 799,932</u>	<u>\$ 799,932</u>

The capital surplus from stock issued in excess of par (including additional paid-in capital from issuance of common stock and treasury stock transactions) and donations may be used to offset deficits; in addition, when the Group has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to capital (but limited to a certain percentage of the Group's paid-in capital on a yearly basis).

The capital surplus arising from long-term investments, employee stock options and the distribution of cash dividends to treasury stock held by subsidiaries may not be used for other purposes but to offset deficits. The capital surplus arising from stock options for employees and convertible bonds cannot be used.

c. Appropriation of earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the Company's Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles") amended on June 24, 2016 based on the amended Company Act, where the Company made profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as a legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan with due consideration of any future aircraft acquisition plans and fund demands, which should be resolved in the stockholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to stockholders by cash or stock (cash dividends cannot be less than 30% of total dividends distributed). However, if the Company's profit before tax in a fiscal year after deductions for the abovementioned items is not sufficient for earnings distribution, retained earnings can be used as a supplement for the deficiency. If the Company has no deficit in a fiscal year, the Company can distribute all or part of the capital surplus by cash or stock with due consideration of finance, marketing and management requirements in accordance with the laws and regulations.

The distribution of profit surplus shall be approved in the annual stockholders' meeting held in the following year and shall be accounted for in that year.

1) Appropriation of earnings in 2015

The appropriation of earnings for 2015 was resolved in the stockholders' meeting on June 24, 2016. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)
Legal reserve Special reserve	\$ 287,224 76,486	
Cash dividends	2,508,525	\$0.458522382

#### 2) Appropriation of earnings in 2016

The legal reserve of \$81,132 thousand and special reserve of \$76,486 thousand used to offset deficits are subject to resolution by the shareholders in their meeting to be held on June 22, 2017.

When the Company distributes undistributed earnings for the years after 1998, except for non-ROC residents stockholders, all stockholders can receive an imputation tax credit calculated according to the Tax Deduction Ratio on the distribution date.

#### d. Others equity items

The movement of other equity items is as follows:

	Exchange Differences on Translating Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges	Total
Balance on January 1, 2016 Exchange differences on	\$ 157,959	\$ 1,755	\$ (225,997)	\$ (66,283)
translating foreign operations Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial	(127,828)	-	-	(127,828)
assets Cumulative gain (loss) arising on changes in fair value of	-	(2,359)	-	(2,359)
hedging instruments Cumulative (loss) gain arising on changes in fair value of hedging instruments	-	-	(358,448)	(358,448)
reclassified to profit or loss Effect of income tax	20,024		396,032 (7,236)	396,032 <u>12,788</u>
Balance on September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 50,155</u>	<u>\$ (604</u> )	<u>\$ (195,649</u> )	<u>\$ (146,098</u> ) (Continued)

	Exchange Differences on Translating Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges	Total
Balance on January 1, 2017	\$ 78,564	\$ 1,714	\$ 31,986	\$ 112,264
Exchange differences on translating the foreign operations Cumulative loss on changes in fair value of hedging	(118,908)	-	-	(118,908)
instruments Cumulative gain on changes in	-	-	(244,526)	(244,526)
Cumulative gain on changes in fair value of hedging instruments reclassified to profit or loss	_	<u>-</u>	172,714	172,714
Effects of income tax	19,700	<u> </u>	12,209	31,909
Balance on September 30, 2017	<u>\$ (20,644</u> )	<u>\$ 1,714</u>	<u>\$ (27,617</u> )	<u>\$ (46,547</u> ) (Concluded)

# e. Non-controlling interests

	For the Nine M Septem	
	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$ 2,083,381	\$ 2,286,647
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	236,732	191,301
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(5,305)	(2,760)
Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	-	(6,575)
Cumulative gain (loss) on changes in fair value of hedging		
instruments	(106)	2,523
Cumulative gain on changes in fair value of hedging instruments		
reclassified to profit or loss	64	2,086
Effects of income tax	1,287	(5,130)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	(46,118)	(4,548)
Dividends paid by subsidiaries	(39,920)	(201,886)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 2,230,015</u>	<u>\$ 2,261,658</u>

#### f. Treasury stock

Treasury stock are the Company's stock held by its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2017 and 2016 and are as follows:

#### (Shares in Thousands)

Purpose of Treasury Stock		Number of Shares, Beginning of Year	Reduction During the Year (Note)	Number of Shares, End of Year
Nine months ended September 30, 2017				
Company's stock held by its subsidiaries reclas investments in shares of stock to treasury sto				
Nine months ended September 30, 2016				
Company's stock held by its subsidiaries reclas investments in shares of stock to treasury sto				
Subsidiary	Shares (In Thousands	S) Carry		arket Value
<u>September 30, 2017</u>				
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 23, 9,	443 200	\$ 23,443 <u>9,200</u>
		<u>\$ 32</u> ,	<u>643</u>	<u>\$ 32,643</u>
December 31, 2016				
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 19, 7,	294 <u>572</u>	\$ 19,294 
		<u>\$ 26</u> ,	<u>866</u>	<u>\$ 26,866</u>
<u>September 30, 2016</u>				
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 19, 7,	398 <u>612</u>	\$ 19,398 <u>7,612</u>
		<u>\$ 27</u> ,	<u>010</u>	<u>\$ 27,010</u>

The above acquisitions by subsidiaries of the Company's stock in previous years was due to investment planning. The stock of the Company held by its subsidiaries were treated as treasury stock. The subsidiaries can exercise stockholders' rights on these treasury stocks, except for the rights to subscribe for the Company's new stock and voting rights.

#### 28. NET INCOME

#### a. Revenue

		Months Ended aber 30		Months Ended aber 30
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Passenger	\$ 26,724,874	\$ 25,267,766	\$ 76,571,150	\$ 72,814,244
Cargo Others	11,179,232 	8,775,508 2,509,597	30,129,719 7,794,913	25,035,280 7,537,336
	<u>\$ 40,542,703</u>	<u>\$ 36,552,871</u>	<u>\$ 114,495,782</u>	<u>\$ 105,386,860</u>

#### b. Other income

	For the Three Septen		For the Nine Months Ende September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Interest income Subsidy income Dividend income Others	\$ 59,515 8,532 3,069 <u>60,751</u>	\$ 48,779 9,991 54,182 <u>68,084</u>	\$ 156,833 34,928 9,057 <u>234,385</u>	\$ 193,002 110,376 59,927 219,381	
	<u>\$ 131,867</u>	<u>\$ 181,036</u>	<u>\$ 435,203</u>	<u>\$ 582,686</u>	

# c. Other gains and losses

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30					
		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	(2,498)	\$	2,053	\$	215	\$	11,337	
Gain (loss) on disposal of noncurrent assets held for		00 544				147 560		(26.420)	
sale Net gain (loss) arising on financial assets classified as		82,544		-		147,568		(26,429)	
held for trading Gain (loss) on disposal of		787		(11,537)		(27,488)		(30,580)	
investments Gain (loss) on foreign		119,800		(358)		119,739		(358)	
exchange, net Impairment loss recognized on property, plant and equipment and noncurrent		33,825		(203,421)		(84,770)		(655,487)	
assets held for sale Loss on financial assets carried		-		(138,335)	(	(3,692,410)		(138,335)	
at cost Others		- (182,868)		(71,826) 4,510		(56,023) (351,767)		(71,826) (631,639)	
	<u>\$</u>	51,590	<u>\$</u>	(418,914)	<u>\$ (</u>	<u>3,944,936</u> )	<u>\$ (</u>	(1,543,317)	

#### d. Finance costs

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2017	2016		2017		2016	
Interest expense								
Bonds payable	\$	80,320	\$	73,557	\$	233,427	\$	212,798
Bank loans		252,626		209,386		735,276		700,832
Interest on obligations under								
financial leases		12,648		17,917		42,263		57,955
Loss on derivatives								
designated as hedging								
instruments in cash flow								
hedge accounting								
relationships reclassified								
from equity to profit or								
loss		-		2,989		2,814		6,901
Others		_		72		-		72
	<u>\$</u>	345,594	\$	303,921	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,013,780</u>	\$	978,558

Information of interest capitalization was as follows:

	For the Three I Septem		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Capitalization interest	<u>\$ 46,301</u>	<u>\$ 109,360</u>	<u>\$ 175,217</u>	<u>\$ 329,434</u>	
Capitalization rate	1.31%-1.37%	1.53%-1.62%	1.31%-1.41%	1.53%-1.73%	

# e. Depreciation and amortization expenses

	For the Three Septen	Months Ended 1ber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Property, plant, equipment Investment properties Intangible assets	\$ 4,552,496 70 <u>66,706</u>	\$ 4,389,125 70 <u>44,189</u>	\$ 13,706,949 210 <u>195,164</u>	\$ 13,001,928 210 <u>92,197</u>	
Depreciation and amortization expenses An analysis of depreciation by	<u>\$ 4,619,272</u>	<u>\$ 4,433,384</u>	<u>\$ 13,902,323</u>	<u>\$ 13,094,335</u>	
function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 4,382,636 	\$ 4,216,759 <u>172,436</u>	\$ 13,202,026 505,133	\$ 12,486,891 <u>515,247</u>	
	<u>\$ 4,552,566</u>	<u>\$ 4,389,195</u>	<u>\$ 13,707,159</u>	<u>\$ 13,002,138</u> (Continued)	

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2017		2016		2017		2016
An analysis of amortization by function								
Operating costs Operating expenses	\$	141 <u>66,565</u>	\$	454 43,735	\$	141 195,023	\$	486 91,711
	\$	66,706	\$	44,189	\$	195,164	\$	92,197

f. Employment benefits expense

		Months Ended 1ber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Post-employment benefits Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans	\$ 123,268 <u>275,816</u>	\$ 108,722 262,380	\$	\$ 316,061 	
	<u>\$ 399,084</u>	<u>\$ 371,102</u>	<u>\$ 1,150,430</u>	<u>\$ 1,029,433</u>	
Other employee benefits Salary expenses Personnel service expenses	\$ 5,208,110 1,364,674 \$ 6,572,784	\$ 4,902,196 1,310,920 \$ 6,213,116	\$ 14,877,120 4,065,845 \$ 18,942,965	\$ 14,323,300 3,810,497 \$ 18,133,797	
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 5,825,101 <u>1,146,767</u> \$ 6,971,868	\$ 5,410,357 <u>1,173,861</u> \$ 6,584,218	\$ 16,694,579 <u>3,398,816</u> \$ 20,093,395	\$ 15,610,016 3,553,214 \$ 19,163,230	

The Company distributes employees' compensation at rates of no less than 3% of net profit before income tax and employees' compensation. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the employees' compensation was \$50,030 thousand and \$681,690 thousand, respectively, representing a certain percentage of the base net profit.

Material differences between such estimated amounts and the amounts proposed by the board of directors on or before the date that the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue are adjusted in the year that the compensation and remuneration are recognized. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors and supervisors resolved by the Company's board of directors in 2016 and 2015 are available on the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### **29. INCOME TAX**

c.

#### a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense (benefit) were as follows:

	For the Three I Septem		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current tax					
Current year	\$ 57,840	\$ 57,455	\$ 141,173	\$ 163,947	
Prior year adjustments	(1,247)	-	1,617	(116)	
Deferred tax					
Current year	562,689	378,282	665,599	713,137	
Income tax expense recognized					
in profit or loss	<u>\$ 619,282</u>	<u>\$ 435,737</u>	<u>\$ 808,389</u>	<u>\$ 876,968</u>	

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Three Septem		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Deferred tax					
Recognized in other comprehensive income Translation of foreign operations Fair value revaluation of hedging instruments for cash flow hedging	\$ (646) (5,060)	\$ 8,829 1,739	\$ 20,980 12,216	\$ 15,758 (8,100)	
Total income tax benefit (expense) recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ (5,706</u> )	<u>\$ 10,568</u>	<u>\$ 33,196</u>	<u>\$ 7,658</u>	
Integrated income tax					
	Se	eptember 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016	

Imputation credit accounts	<u>\$ 195,252</u>	<u>\$ 102,527</u>	<u>\$ 128,967</u>

The actual creditable tax ratio of the distribution of earnings for the year ended December 31, 2015 was 20.22%. The Company accumulated a deficit to be compensated for the year ended December 31, 2016, and therefore there was no tax deduction ratio resulting from its earnings distribution.

Under the Income Tax Law, for the distributions of earnings generated after January 1, 1998, the imputation credits allocated to ROC resident shareholders of the Company were calculated based on the creditable ratio as of the dates of each dividend distribution.

#### d. Income tax assessments

Except for the matters mentioned below, the income tax returns through the year 2014 of the Company and its subsidiaries have been examined by the tax authorities.

The income tax return of TACT for 2001 was assessed by the tax authorities. After a reinvestigation, an administrative appeal and administrative proceedings, the case was settled, and the amount of penalty assigned on June 8, 2017 was \$59,501 thousand. TACT had recognized a sufficient provision for the fine, and the payment is expected to be made on schedule.

#### **30. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
2017	2016	2017	2016	
<u>\$ 0.54</u> <u>\$ 0.53</u>	\$ \$0.09		\$ 0.33 \$ 0.32	
			Months Ended 1ber 30	
2017	2016	2017	2016	
\$ 2,951,880	\$ 513,429	\$ 952,467	\$ 1,807,768	
6,257	11,573	18,485	34,718	
<u>\$ 2,958,137</u>	<u>\$ 525,002</u>	<u>\$ 970,952</u>	<u>\$ 1,842,486</u>	
For the Three Months Ended September 30		Ended For the Nine Months September 30		
2017	2016	2017	2016	
5,468,018	5,468,002	5,468,007	5,468,002	
145,775	230,610	145,786	230,610	
4,427	1,587	6,833	81,234	
5,618,220	5,700,199	5,620,626	<u> </u>	
	Septem           2017           \$ 0.54           \$ 0.53           For the Three           Septem           2017           \$ 2,951,880           6,257           \$ 2,958,137           For the Three           \$ 2,958,137           For the Three           \$ 2,958,137           For the Three           \$ 5,468,018           145,775           4,427	\$ $0.54$ $$$ $0.09$ $$$ $0.53$ $$$ $0.09$ <b>For the Three Worths Ended September 30</b> $2017$ $2016$ $$$ $2,951,880$ $$$ $513,429$ $6,257$ $11,573$ $6,257$ $11,573$ $$$ $2,958,137$ $$$ $525,002$ <b>For the Three Worths Ended September 30 2017 2016</b> $5,468,018$ $5,468,002$ $145,775$ $230,610$ $4,427$ $1,587$	September 30         Septem           2017         2016         2017 $\frac{\$}{\$}$ 0.53 $\frac{\$}{\$}$ 0.09 $\frac{\$}{\$}$ 0.17           For the Three Months Ended September 30         For the Nine I Septem         For the Nine I Septem           2017         2016         2017           \$ 2,951,880         \$ 513,429         \$ 952,467	

If the Group offers to settle compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or stock, the Group assumes the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses would be settled in stock and the resulting potential stock were included in the weighted average number of stock outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effects of the potential stock was included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of stock to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

#### **31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The goals, policies and procedures as well as the composition of the Group's capital management are the same as those stated in Note 31 in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

- a. Fair values of financial instruments
  - 1) Financial instruments net evaluated at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the Group's management considers the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in these consolidated financial statements as approximating their fair values.

	September 30, 2017		December	r 31, 2016	September 30, 2016	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial liabilities						
Bonds payable Loans and debts	\$ 21,909,457 89,828,924	\$ 22,313,019 93,842,980	\$ 22,238,044 89,230,727	\$ 22,580,069 91,315,640	\$ 23,179,164 81,228,066	\$ 23,507,176 81,279,447

Some long-term debts and capital lease obligations are floating-rate financial liabilities, so their carrying amounts are their fair values. As of September 30, 2017, December 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016, the fair values of long-term debts and private bonds with fixed interest rates were estimated at the present value of expected cash flows discounted at rates of 1.566%, 1.191% and 0.935%, respectively, prevailing in the market for long-term debts (Level 2). Fair values of bonds payable were the same as identical liabilities trading on the over-the-counter exchange and were based on quoted market prices (Level 1).

2) Financial instruments evaluated at fair value

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- a) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- c) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

# September 30, 2017

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Domestic money market funds	<u>\$    279,822</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 279,822</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative instruments	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 15,994</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 15,994</u>
Derivative financial assets for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 18,945</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 18,945</u>
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>
December 31, 2016				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative instruments Domestic money market	\$-	\$ 1,200	\$-	\$ 1,200
funds	415,441			415,441
	<u>\$ 415,441</u>	<u>\$ 1,200</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 416,641</u>
Derivative financial assets for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 61,634</u>	<u>\$ 83</u>	<u>\$ 61,717</u>
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 23,629</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 23,629</u>
September 30, 2016				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative instruments Domestic money market	\$ -	\$ 1,010	\$ -	\$ 1,010
funds	436,837			436,837
	<u>\$ 436,837</u>	<u>\$ 1,010</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 437,847</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative instruments	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,419</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 5,419</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets Domestic listed securities	<u>\$ 14,099</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 14,099</u> (Continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Derivative financial assets for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$     6,818</u>	<u>\$ 199</u>	<u>\$ 7,017</u>
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 192,562</u>	<u>\$ 44,691</u>	<u>\$ 237,253</u> (Concluded)

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current period.

d) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

<b>Financial Instruments</b>	Valuation Techniques and Inputs				
Derivatives	The fair values of derivatives (except options) have been determined based on discounted cash flow analyses using interest yield curves applicable for the duration of the derivatives. The estimates and assumptions that the Group used to determine the fair values are identical to those used in the pricing of financial instruments for market participants.				

e) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of foreign exchange forward contracts and fuel options are determined using option pricing models where the significant unobservable inputs are implied fluctuations. Changes in the implied fluctuations used in isolation would result in an increase or decrease in the fair values of the foreign exchange forward contracts and fuel options.

Because the individual fair values of some financial instruments and non-financial instruments need not be disclosed, the total fair value disclosed is not the total value of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016		September 30, 2016	
Financial assets						
Financial assets at FVTPL Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 3) Derivative financial assets for hedging Loans and receivables (Note 1) Financial liabilities	\$ 3	279,822 83,885 18,945 36,939,970	\$	416,641 140,357 61,717 36,576,111	\$	437,847 154,702 7,017 33,402,758
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative financial liabilities for hedging Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 2)	13	15,994 51,515 36,774,434	1	23,629 36,575,661		5,419 237,253 123,293,645

Note 1: The balance of loans and receivables measured at amortized cost comprised cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, accounts receivable - related parties, other receivables, refundable deposits, other financial assets and other restricted financial assets.

- Note 2: The balance of financial liabilities measured at amortized cost comprised short-term loans, short-term notes payable, notes and accounts payable, accounts payable related parties, other payables, bonds payable and long-term loans, capital lease obligations, provisions, parts of other current liabilities, parts of other noncurrent liabilities and guarantee deposits.
- Note 3: The balance of available-for-sale financial assets comprised financial assets measured at cost.
- d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group has risk management and hedging strategies to respond to changes in the economic and financial environment and in the fuel market. To reduce the financial risks from changes in interest, exchange rates and in fuel prices, the Group has its operating costs stay within a specified range by using appropriate financial hedging instruments and hedging percentages in accordance with the "Processing Program of Derivative Financial Instrument Transactions" approved by the Group's stockholders to reduce the impact of market price changes on earnings. These risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

In addition, the Group has a risk committee, which meets periodically to evaluate the performance of derivative instruments and determine the appropriate hedging percentages. This committee informs the Group of global economic and financial conditions, controls the Group's entire financial risk resulting from changes in the financial environment and fuel prices, and develops the strategy and response to avoid financial risk with the assistance of financial risk experts for effective risk management.

1) Market risk

The Group is primarily exposed to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Group entered into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

The Group enters into forward contracts, foreign currency option contracts, and interest swap contracts with fair values that are highly negatively correlated with the fair values of hedged items and evaluates the hedging effectiveness of these instruments periodically.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group enters into currency options to hedge against the risks of changes in the related exchange rates and enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge against the risks of changes in the related exchange rates of foreign-currency assets, liabilities and commitments.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the U.S. dollar.

The following details the Group's sensitivity to a one dollar increase and decrease in the New Taiwan dollar (i.e. the functional currency) against the U.S. dollar. The sensitivity amount used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates is one dollar. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and foreign exchange forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for the New Taiwan dollar strengthening or weakening one dollar against the U.S. dollar.

When the New Taiwan dollar increases one dollar against the U.S. dollar and all other variables are held constant, there would be a decrease in pre-tax profit at the end of September 30, 2017 of \$35,020 thousand and a decrease in pre-tax profit at the end of September 30, 2016 of \$140,444 thousand.

b) Interest rate risk

The Group enters into interest rate swap contracts to hedge against the risks of changes in interest rates on the net liability portions of borrowings. The risk is managed by the Group through maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings, and using interest rate swap contracts and forward interest rate contracts.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows.

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	September 30, 2016
Fair value interest rate risk Financial liabilities Cash flow interest rate risk	\$ 23,952,487	\$ 26,093,421	\$ 23,725,660
Financial liabilities	90,310,371	91,339,655	86,445,979

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A one yard (25-basis point) increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Had interest rates been one yard (25 basis points) higher and had all other variables been held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 would have decreased by \$169,332 thousand. Had interest rates increased one yard (25 basis points) and had all other variables been held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 would have decreased by \$162,086 thousand.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to fuel price risk on its purchases of aviation fuel. The Group enters into fuel options to hedge against adverse risks from fuel price changes.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined based on the exposure to fuel price risks at the end of the reporting period.

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30								
	2017				2016				
			Other				0	ther	
			Com	pre-			Co	mpre-	
			hen	sive			he	ensive	
	Pre-tax Profit Increase (Decrease)		crease Increase		Pre-tax	x Profit	Income		
					Increase (Decrease)		Increase (Decrease)		
Fuel price increases 5%	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	180	
Fuel price decreases 5%		-		-		-		(180)	

#### 2) Credit risk

The goal, policies and procedure of credit risk management are same as those disclosed in the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2016, with the related illustration found in Note 32.

3) Liquidity risk

The goal, policies and procedures of liquidity risk management are the same as those disclosed in the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2016, with the related illustration found in Note 32.

#### **33. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, including remaining account balances, revenue and expense, have been eliminated upon consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Unless otherwise stated, the transactions between the Group and other related parties are as follows:

a. Related parties' names and relationships

Name	Relationship with the Company		
Kaohsiung Catering Services	Associate		
Science Park Logistics	Associate (disposal in August 2017)		
Asian Compressor Technology Services	Associate		
China Aircraft Service	Associate		
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Associate		
Eastern United International Logistics (Hong Kong)	Associate		
China Pacific Catering Services	Joint venture investment		
China Pacific Laundry Services	Joint venture investment		
China Aviation Development Foundation	Director of the Company and major stockholder		
Others	Director, key management personnel, chairman, general manager of the Group, spouse and second-degree relatives		

#### b. Operating income

Account		For the Three Septem		For the Nine Months Ende September 30		
Items	<b>Related Party Type</b>	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Other income	Major stockholder of the Company	<u>\$ 9,373</u>	<u>\$ 6,203</u>	<u>\$ 25,142</u>	<u>\$ 23,182</u>	
	Associate	<u>\$ 386</u>	<u>\$ 439</u>	<u>\$ 1,621</u>	<u>\$ 1,743</u>	
	Joint venture investment	<u>\$ 10,444</u>	<u>\$ 3,634</u>	<u>\$ 35,455</u>	<u>\$ 10,447</u>	

#### c. Purchases

	For the Three Septem		For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
<b>Related Party Type</b>	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Major stockholder of the Company Associate Joint venture investment	<u>\$ 21,405</u> <u>\$ 203,646</u> <u>\$ 477,352</u>	<u>\$ 14,027</u> <u>\$ 159,276</u> <u>\$ 405,836</u>	<u>\$56,695</u> <u>\$529,058</u> <u>\$1,405,931</u>	<u>\$51,669</u> <u>\$489,490</u> <u>\$1,190,934</u>	

#### d. Accounts receivable - related parties (generated by operations)

<b>Related Party Type</b>	-	ember 30, 2017		ember 31, 2016	September 30, 2016		
Major stockholder of the Company Associate Joint venture investment	\$	3,041 196 <u>5,683</u>	\$	1,512 501 <u>1,549</u>	\$	2,138 2 1,815	
	<u>\$</u>	8,920	<u>\$</u>	3,562	\$	3,955	

The receivables are not guaranteed, and there is no allowance for doubtful accounts related to accounts receivable - related parties. The payment periods of such accounts were within 30 to 90 days, and there are no overdue payments.

e. Accounts payable - related parties (generated by operations)

<b>Related Party Type</b>	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2017	2016	2016	
Major stockholder of the Company Associate	\$ 6,765	\$ 3,503	\$ 4,604	
	143,435	120,824	100,354	
Joint venture investment China Pacific Catering Services Others	520,139 21,101	411,698 <u>19,804</u>	393,224 19,219	
	<u>\$ 691,440</u>	<u>\$ 555,829</u>	<u>\$ 517,401</u>	

The remaining balance of notes and accounts payable - related parties will be paid in cash if they are not secured.

#### f. Leases of properties (operating leases)

Under an operating lease agreement, the Company rented flight training machines and flight simulators from China Aviation Development Foundation to train pilots, and the Company paid the rental based on usage hours. As of September 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company paid rentals of \$56,695 thousand and \$51,669 thousand, respectively; for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company's paid rentals amounted to \$21,405 thousand and \$14,027 thousand.

#### g. Endorsements and guarantees

	September 30, 2017		December	r 31, 2016	September 30, 2016		
	Authorized Amount	Amount Used	Authorized Amount	Amount Used	Authorized Amount	Amount Used	
The Company							
Cal Park Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Cal Hotel Co., Ltd. Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	\$ 3,850,000 1,080,000 180,000 1,068,500	\$ 2,750,000 338,249 412,150	\$ 3,850,000 1,080,000 180,000 919,742	\$ 2,783,000 436,418 - 438,740	\$ 3,850,000 1,080,000 180,000 893,793	\$ 2,780,000 456,056 1,586 426,362	

#### h. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ender September 30				
		2017		2016		2017		2016
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$	10,118 <u>946</u>	\$	11,677 9,944	\$	34,110 2,897	\$	38,608 11,467
	<u>\$</u>	11,064	<u>\$</u>	21,621	<u>\$</u>	37,007	<u>\$</u>	50,075

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee with regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

#### **34. PLEDGED ASSETS**

The following assets were pledged or mortgaged as collateral for long-term bank loans, lease obligations and business transactions:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2017	2016	2016
Property, plant and equipment	\$ 82,269,516	\$ 77,847,771	\$ 86,827,242
Restricted assets		<u>323,028</u>	<u>44,903</u>
	<u>\$ 82,574,963</u>	<u>\$ 78,170,799</u>	<u>\$ 86,872,145</u>

#### **35. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Group had commitments and contingent liabilities (except for those mentioned in other notes) as follows:

- a. In January 2008, the Company entered into a contract to buy fourteen A350-900 aircrafts from Airbus, with the option to buy six more A350-900 aircrafts, with aggregate purchase prices of US\$3,933,235 thousand and US\$1,802,645 thousand, respectively. The expected period of delivery of the aircrafts was from 2016 to 2018. As of September 30, 2017, eight of the aircrafts had been handed over to the Company, and the total list price of the remaining six aircrafts was US\$1,713,782 thousand, which has been paid in the amount of US\$414,058 thousand (recognized as prepayments for aircrafts).
- b. For operation needs, the board of directors of Mandarin Airlines resolved to enter into a contract to buy six ATR72-600 aircrafts, and the total list price of the six aircrafts was \$120,000 thousand. The expected delivery period ranges from June 2018 to June 2020. Additionally, Mandarin Airlines signed a lease contract for three ATR72-600 aircrafts, which are expected to be delivered on November 2017, and has been paid in the amount of US\$1,800 thousand (recognized as prepayments for aircrafts).
- c. Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd. entered into four lease contracts for a total of four A320-200 aircrafts, each with a 10-year lease term, on July, November and December 2015. Three of the four aircrafts were delivered in January and June 2016. The expected delivery date of the remaining aircrafts will be in December 2017.
- d. Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Co. ("TACT") signed a terminal construction contract with the Civil Aeronautics Administrations ("CAA") on January 14, 2000. The chartered operation period ("COP") is 20 years from the date of transfer of the chartered operation rights from the CAA to TACT. TACT filed an application for a 10-year extension of the COP for the cargo terminals in the Taiwan Taoyuan International Airport and Kaohsiung International Airport and received approval from the Taoyuan Airport Corporation and the CAA in July 2013 and July 2015, respectively.

The total expenditure of the main construction project mentioned above was \$6,840,000 thousand. As of September 30, 2017, TACT had signed the following construction contracts with non-related parties:

Client Name	Contract Title	Contract Amount (VAT Included)
CECI Engineering Consultant, Inc., Taiwan	Cargo Terminal Expansion Construction Consultant Contract	\$ 552,285

As of September 30, 2017, the accumulated consulting services expense and construction equipment amounted to \$464,642 thousand and \$5,028,095 thousand, respectively. Upon completion of the projects, the amounts of \$460,273 thousand and \$5,021,711 thousand (VAT included) were reclassified to property, plant, and equipment. The remaining cumulative payments were recognized under construction in progress.

Assets acquired from cargo terminal improvements, equipment acquisitions and subsequent equipment acquisitions and replacements will be transferred to the government without any compensation when the chartered operating license expires.

TACT should pay royalties to Taoyuan Airport Corporation and the CAA during the chartered operation period. The calculation is based on annual sales (including operating and nonoperating revenue but excluding the rental revenue from specific districts), and Taoyuan Airport Corporation and the CAA have the option to adjust the royalty rates every 3 years starting from the date of transfer of the chartered operation rights on the basis of actual revenue and expenditures. The current royalty rate is 6%.

e. CAL Park Co., Ltd. ("CAL Park") signed "Taiwan Taoyuan International Airport Aviation Operation Center (including Airport Hotel) Construction Operating Contract" with the CAA on September 20, 2006. However, on November 1, 2010, the Taoyuan Airport Corporation took over the CAA's rights to this contract. The contract is effective for 50 years (consisting of the development stage and operation period) from the contract date. Three years before the contract expiry date, CAL Park is the first with the option to renew the contract once with a 20-year extension.

CAL Park's business scope includes providing business- and other operating-space related to civil air transport, hotels, aviation services and related industries adhering to the base and essential services laws and approved by the Taoyuan Airport Corporation.

CAL Park shall pay land rental on the date of the registration of surface rights. The rental rates for the development stage differ from those for the operation period. The rental rates shall follow Article No. 2 of the "Regulations for Favorable Rentals Regarding Public Land Lease and Superficies in Infrastructure Projects" which states that rental calculation in the development stage shall include the land value added tax plus the necessary maintenance fees; in the operation period, rental is 60% of the amount based on the National Building Land Rental Standard plus land value tax, value-added tax and the necessary maintenance fees.

During the 50 years beginning from the initial operation date of CAL Park to the end of the construction period, CAL Park shall pay royalties based on the operating revenue estimated in the financial plan of its investment execution proposal. If the sales and business tax declared and filed by a business entity for a single year exceeds 10% of the operating revenue as estimated in the financial plan in its investment execution proposal, CAL Park shall pay additional royalties at 10% of this excess.

CAL Park shall submit the asset transfer plan within five years before the expiry date of the chartered operation period, begin the negotiation of the asset transfer contract, and complete the asset transfer contract no later than three years before the expiry date of the chartered period. If CAA decides not to keep the building and equipment on the base area, CAL Park shall remove all related buildings and equipment within three months after the expiry date.

- f. Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance Company contracted out Ronggong Engineering Co., Ltd. for a construction repair project. The contract expiration date is June 15, 2018, and the estimated total cost of the project is \$1.906 billion. As of September 30, 2017, \$165,865 thousand was paid (recognized as construction in progress).
- g. The Group has been named as a defendant, together with other airline members of the Association of Asia Pacific Airlines, in a civil class action lawsuit filed at the U.S. Northern District Court of California by a group of passengers who alleged that there was an antitrust violation in December 2007. The Company has duly answered the complaint and will explore favorable solutions.

#### 36. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The following information was aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the group entities, and the exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were disclosed. The significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

September 30, 2017

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY RMB	\$ 396,180 14,374 257,365 5,482,202 576,214	30.3030 35.7143 3.8790 0.2689 4.5393	\$ 12,005,435 513,353 987,104 1,474,154 2,615,605
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY RMB	326,989 5,489 94,824 4,849,975 143,832	30.3030 35.7143 3.8790 0.2689 4.5393	9,908,749 196,024 366,914 1,304,153 652,896
December 31, 2016			
	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR	\$ 310,384	32.2581	\$ 10,012,403
HKD JPY RMB	15,665 273,060 5,138,687 483,548	34.0136 4.1580 0.2770 4.6425	532,807 1,135,385 1,423,417 2,244,088
HKD JPY	273,060 5,138,687	4.1580 0.2770	1,135,385 1,423,417

#### September 30, 2016

	Foreign urrencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY RMB	\$ 434,535 13,559 202,420 2,893,598 632,396	31.3480 35.2113 4.0420 0.3099 4.6992	\$ 13,621,811 477,431 818,185 896,729 2,979,025
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY RMB	83,408 1,535 27,097 250,087 59,872	31.3480 35.2113 4.0420 0.3099 4.6992	2,616,827 54,030 110,014 77,438 282,913

For the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, net foreign exchange gain (losses) were \$33,825 thousand and \$(203,421) thousand, respectively; and for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, net foreign exchange losses were \$84,770 thousand and \$655,487 thousand, respectively. It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains (losses) by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the group entities.

#### **37. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES**

- a. Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company and its investees:
  - 1) Financing provided: None
  - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: Table 1 (attached)
  - 3) Marketable securities held: Table 2 (attached)
  - 4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3 (attached)
  - 5) Acquisitions of individual real estate at costs or prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
  - 6) Disposals of individual real estate at costs or prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
  - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached)
  - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5 (attached)

- 9) Names, locations, and related information of investees over which the Company exercises significant influence: Table 6 (attached)
- 10) Derivative financial transactions (Notes 7 and 9)
- b. Investments in mainland China: Table 7 (attached)
- c. Business relationships and important transactions between China Airlines, Ltd. and its subsidiaries: Table 8 (attached)

#### **38. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

#### **Segment Information**

The Group mainly engages in air transportation services for passengers, cargo and others. Its major revenue-generating asset is its aircraft fleet, which is used jointly for passenger and cargo services. Thus, the Group's sole reportable segment is its flight segment. For operating segment reporting in the consolidated financial statements, the reportable segment of the Group and its subsidiaries comprises the flight and the non-flight business departments. The accounting policies applied for reportable segments are consistent with the policies aforementioned in Note 4.

	For tl	he Nine Months En	ded September 30,	, 2017
	Air Transportation	Others	Adjustments and Write-offs	Total
Operating revenue	<u>\$ 113,397,815</u>	<u>\$ 5,861,685</u>	<u>\$ (4,763,718</u> )	<u>\$ 114,495,782</u>
Operating profit and loss Interest revenue Investment income accounted for by using the equity method Revenue Finance costs	<u>\$5,402,690</u>	<u>\$732,649</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6,135,339 156,833 385,762 463,344 (1,013,780) (4,120,010)
Expenses Profit before income tax				(4,129,910) <u>\$ 1,997,588</u>
Identifiable assets Investments accounted for by using the equity method Assets	<u>\$ 140,095,339</u>	<u>\$ 8,884,962</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 148,980,301 2,678,739 <u>71,615,762</u>
Total assets				<u>\$ 223,274,802</u>

	For th	he Nine Months En	ded September 30,	2016
	Air Transportation	Others	Adjustments and Write-offs	Total
Operating revenue	<u>\$ 104,254,198</u>	<u>\$ 5,883,493</u>	<u>\$ (4,750,831</u> )	<u>\$ 105,386,860</u>
Operating profit and loss Interest revenue Investment income accounted for by using the equity method Revenue Finance costs Expenses	<u>\$3,546,085</u>	<u>\$ 871,633</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,417,718 193,002 397,508 332,601 (978,558) (1,486,234)
Profit before income tax				<u>\$ 2,876,037</u>
Identifiable assets Investments accounted for by using the equity method Assets	<u>\$ 121,298,921</u>	<u>\$ 8,985,203</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 130,284,124 2,809,980 <u>83,477,376</u>
Total assets				<u>\$ 216,571,480</u>

#### ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

ſ		Counterr						Ratio of					
	Endorsement/ No. Guarantee Provider	Name	Nature of Relationship	Limits on Each Counterparty's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts (Note 1)	Maximum	Ending Balance	Actual Borrowing Amount	Value of Property, Plant, or Equipment Pledged as Collateral	Accumulated Amount of Collateral to Net Equity of the Latest Financial Statement (%)	Maximum Collateral/ Guarantee Amounts Allowable (Note 2)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	-	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China
			100% owned subsidiary 54% owned subsidiary 100% owned subsidiary 100% owned subsidiary by way of direct and indirect holdings	\$ 11,315,243 11,315,243 11,315,243 11,315,243 11,315,243	\$ 3,850,000 1,080,000 180,000 1,079,101	\$ 3,850,000 1,080,000 180,000 1,068,500	\$ 2,750,000 338,249 412,150	- - -	6.80 1.91 0.32 1.89	\$ 28,288,108 28,288,108 28,288,108 28,288,108	Y Y Y Y	N N N N	N N N N

Note 1: Based on the Group's guidelines, the maximum amount of guarantee provided to an individual counterparty is 20% of the Group's stockholders' equity.

Note 2: Based on the Group's guidelines, the allowable aggregate amount of collateral guarantee is 50% of the Group's stockholders' equity.

#### MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Deletionshin			September	30, 2017		
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	AmountOwnership (%)Value\$ 52,70413.59 $473$ \$ 60,230 $-$ 11,00011.00 $15.00$ 22,304 $(1,949)$ 23,443-23,44330,406-30,406-5.83 $24,530$ (49,321) $24,530$ 51,362 $32,000$ -51,362 $32,000$ 50,000-50,000	Note		
China Airlines, Ltd. (the "Company")	<u>Stock</u> Everest Investment Holdings Ltd common stock Everest Investment Holdings Ltd preferred stock Chung Hua Express Co. Jardine Air Terminal Services	- - - -	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,359,368 135,937 1,100,000 12,000,000	473	- 11.00	22,304	Note 1 Note 1 -
Mandarin Airlines	<u>Stock</u> China Airlines, Ltd.	Parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	2,074,628	23,443	-	23,443	-
	Beneficial certificates Barclays America Bonds Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,000,000	30,406	-	30,406	-
Cal-Asia Investment	<u>Stock</u> Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjiang) Composite	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	-	- 19,708			-
Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	<u>Beneficial certificates</u> Franklin Templeton SinoAm Money Market Fund FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund FSITC Money Market Fund Allianz Global Investors Money Market Fund	- - -	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	5,005,106 4,021,023 180,589 4,018,291	61,083 32,000	-	61,083 32,000	- - -
Taiwan Airport Services	<u>Stock</u> TransAsia Airways	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	2,277,786	-	0.40	-	-
	<u>Beneficial certificates</u> Fuh Hwa Emerging Market Short-term Income Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	4,568,824	50,276	-	50,276	-
Hwa Hsia	<u>Stock</u> China Airlines, Ltd.	Parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	814,152	9,200	-	9,200	-
	<u>Beneficial certificates</u> Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	349,523	4,695	-	4,695	-

Note 1: The subsidiary's net asset value was \$60,230 thousand, which included common stocks and preferred stocks as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Type and Name of	Financial Statement	Countornanty	Relationship	Beginnin	g Balance	Acquisitio	n (Note 3)		Disposal	(Note 3)		Ending	Balance
Company Name	Marketable Securities (Note 1)	Account	Counterparty (Note 2)	(Note 2)	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Carrying Amount	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Number of Shares	Amount
,	<u>Stock</u> Science Park Logistics	Investments accounted F for by using the equity method	HCT Logistics Co., Ltd.	Non-related party	-	\$-	-	\$-	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	-	\$
	Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering Co., Ltd.	Investments accounted T for by using the	Faiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note 1: The marketable securities in this table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficial certificates and the securities derived from the above items.

Note 2: Marketable securities which are recognized as investments accounts for by using the equity method are required to be filled in the second column.

The cumulative amount of acquired and disposed of marketable securities are required to be calculated separately to determine whether they are at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. Note 3

Paid-in capital refers to paid-in capital of the indicated parent company. If the stocks issued by an issuer have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the threshold of 20% of paid-in capital, as set out in the preceding item, shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to Note 4 owners of the indicated parent company, as stated in the respective balance sheet.

# TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Company Nome	Deloted Devty	Noture of Delationship		Transact	ion Detail	S	Abnormal	Transaction	Note/Account P Receivab	Note	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% of Total	Inote
China Airlines, Ltd.	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$ 345,903	0.38	30 days	\$-	-	\$ (42,351) (50,512)	(2.38)	-
("China Airlines")	Hwa Hsia Taiwan Airport Service	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Purchase Purchase	250,924 277,355	0.28 0.31	2 months 40 days	-	-	(59,512) (64,961)	(3.35) (3.65)	-
	Cal Park Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Purchase Sale	171,120 (1,885,476)	0.19 (1.84)	2 months 2 months	-	-	(54,302) 575,810	(3.05) 6.56	-
	Mandarin Airlines Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Purchase Sale	106,957 (235,752)	0.12 (0.23)	2 months 1 month	-	-	(282,344) 25,186	(15.87) 0.29	-
	China Pacific Catering Services Kaohsiung Catering Services	Equity-method investee Equity-method investee	Purchase Purchase	1,316,288 255,965	1.46 0.28	90 days 60 days	-	-	(520,139) (78,511)	(29.24) (4.41)	-
	Taoyuan International Airport Service China Aircraft Services	Subsidiary Equity-method investee	Purchase Purchase	880,780 151,850	0.98 0.17	40 days 30 days	-	-	(188,998) (52,392)	(10.63) (2.95)	-
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchase	111,687	0.12	1 month	-	-	(9,241)	(0.50)	-
Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan International Airport Service	Same parent company	Purchase	110,264	2.59	30 days	-	-	(14,877)	(0.36)	-

Note: Intercompany transactions were written off in the consolidated financial statements.

# RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2017** 

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Ove	rdue	Amounts Received	Allowance for	
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate	Amount	Action Taken	in Subsequent Period	Bad Debts	
China Airlines, Ltd. ("China Airlines")	Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary	\$ 575,810	Note	\$-	-	\$ 302,192	\$ -	
Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	Parent company	282,344	Note	-	-	260,017	-	
China Pacific Catering Services	China Airlines, Ltd.	Parent company	520,139	3.77	-	-	152,715	-	
Taoyuan International Airport Service	China Airlines, Ltd.	Parent company	188,998	4.58	-	-	183,175	-	

Note: Accounts receivable and revenue were not directly correlated because of the particular industry characteristics, and therefore the turnover rate was not applicable.

# NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND OTHER INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Investme	nt An	nount	Balance	as of September	r 30,	2017	Net Income		
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	-	September 30, 2017		ecember 31, 2016	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)		Carrying Amount	(Loss) of the Investee	Invoctmont	Note
China Airlines, Ltd.	Cal Park	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Real estate leasing and international trade	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	150.000.000	100.00	\$	1,519,234	\$ 6,55	5 \$ 6,555	_
Clinia Alfines, Etd.	Mandarin Airlines	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircrafts	-	2,042,368	Ψ	2.042.368	188.154.025	93.99	φ	1,336,490	225.60		Note 1
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Air cargo and storage		1,350,000		1,350,000	135,000,000	54.00		1,327,691	121,84	- ,	
	Cal-Dynasty International	Los Angeles, California, U.S.A.	A holding company, real estate and hotel services	US\$	, ,	US		2,614,500	100.00		1,196,919	28,35		Note 2
	China Pacific Catering Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	In-flight catering	034	439,110	05	439.110	43.911.000	51.00		718.468	310.29		Note 2
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Airport services		147,000		147,000	34,300,000	49.00		741,837	234.50	, -	-
	Cal-Asia Investment	Territory of the British Virgin Islands	General investing	US\$	· ·	US		7,172,346	100.00		460,070	19,55		_
	Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	Taipei, Taiwan	Sale and maintenance of hardware and software	039	52,200	05	52,200	13,021,042	93.93		400,070	138,75		-
		Hong Kong	Airport services	HK\$		нк		28,400,000	20.00		507,323	108,84		_
	Asian Compressor Technology Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Research, manufacture and maintenance of engines	ШХφ	77,322	IIIX	77,322	7,732,200	20.00		248,904	283,12		-
	Taiwan Airport Services	Taipei, Taiwan	Airport services		12,289		12,289	20.626.644	47.35		240,004	82,83		_
	Kaohsiung Catering Services	Kaohsiung, Taiwan	In-flight catering		140,240		140,240	14,329,759	35.78		274,504	168,02		_
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Hotel business		465,000		465,000	46,500,000	100.00		419,834	32,45		
	Science Park Logistics	Tainan, Taiwan	Storage and customs of services		405,000		214,745	40,500,000	0.00		417,054	83,91		-
	China Pacific Laundry Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Cleaning and leasing of the towel of airlines, hotels,		137,500		137,500	13,750,000	55.00		166.854	30,23		_
	China I achie Laundry Services	Taoyuan, Tarwan	restaurants and health clubs		157,500		157,500	15,750,000	55.00		100,054	50,25	0 10,020	-
	Hwa Hsia	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Cleaning of aircraft and maintenance of machine and		77,270		77,270	77,270	100.00		82,113	10.57	8 10,578	Note 1
	11wa 115ia	Taoyuan, Tarwan	equipment		11,210		11,210	11,210	100.00		02,115	10,57	10,578	Note 1
	Yestrip	Taipei, Taiwan	Travel business		26,265		26,265	1.600.000	100.00		26.166	70	2 702	_
	Dynasty Holidays	Tokyo, Japan	Travel business	JPY	20,203	JPY		408	51.00		26,537	(4,45		-
	Global Sky Express	Taipei, Taiwan	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	51 1	2,500	51 1	2,500	250,000	25.00		7,019	5,20		_
	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircrafts		1,648,387		1,600,000	180.000.000	90.00		850,195	496,93		_
	Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Aircraft maintenance		650.000		1,000,000	65.000.000	100.00		558.030	(42,09		Note 4
	Engineering Co., Ltd.				050,000		100,000	05,000,000	100.00		558,050	(42,0)	(42,0))	11010 4
Mandarin Airlines	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircrafts		200,000		200,000	20,000,000	10.00		94,466	496,93	1 49,693	-
	Taiwan Airport Services	Taipei, Taiwan	Airport services		11,658		11,658	469,755	1.08		6,086	82,83		
Cal-Asia Investment	Eastern United International Logistics	Hong Kong	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	HK\$	3,329	нк	K\$ 3,329	1,050,000	35.00		43,743	5,02	0 1,757	-
Taiwan Airport Services	Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Samoa	Airport services and investing	US\$	5,877	US	\$ 5,877	-	100.00		359,229	17,55	1 17,551	Note 3

Note 1: The treasury stock method was adopted in recognizing investment income or loss.

Note 2: The consolidated financial information of the foreign holding company is disclosed in accordance with local regulations.

Note 3: The Company does not issue stocks because it is a limited company.

Note 4: Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering Co., Ltd. invested capital in the amount of \$490,000 thousand in April 2017.

#### INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Renminbi/U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

# China Airlines, Ltd.

				Accu	mulated	Investm	ent Flows		mulated					Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amo of Paid-i Capital	n Investment	Out t Inve from 7	flow of estment Γaiwan as of ry 1, 2017	Outflow	Inflow	Inv from ' Septe	tflow of estment Taiwan as of ember 30, 2017	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss)	Carrying Amount as of September 30, 2017	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of September 30, 2017
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	\$ 1,018, (RMB 224,		\$ (US\$	126,848 4,186)	\$-	\$-	\$ (US\$	126,848 4,186)	\$ 56,488 (RMB 12,585)	14.00	\$ 7,842 (RMB 1,762		\$ 84,901 (US\$ 2,802) (Note 4)
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	63, (RMB 14,		(US\$	59,013 1,947)	-	-	(US\$	59,013 1,947)	76,101 (RMB 16,955)	14.00	10,682 (RMB 2,374	123,542 (RMB 27,216)	26,525 (US\$ 875) (Note 4)
Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services	Landing gear maintenance services	1,117, (US\$ 36,		(US\$	65,188 2,151)	-	-	(US\$	65,188 2,151)	-	5.83	-	-	-
Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjang)	Composite material	353, (US\$ 11,		(US\$	19,273 636)	-	-	(US\$	19,273 636)	-	5.45	-	(RMB 4,342)	-
Shanghai Eastern Aircraft Maintenance	Aircraft line maintenance	93, (US\$ 3,	939Indirect100)(Note 2)	(US\$	7,515 248)	-	-	(US\$	7,515 248)	-	8.00	-	-	-
Shanghai Eastern United International	Forwarding of air cargo and ocean freight		303         Indirect           000)         (Note 3)	(US\$	5,197 172)	-	-	(US\$	5,197 172)	-	-	-	-	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of September 30, 2017	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Limit on Investment		
\$283,034 (US\$9,340)	\$656,590 (Note 5)	\$35,283,739 (Note 6)		

# TABLE 7

(Continued)

#### Taiwan Airport Services

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Canital	Method of Investment	Invoctmont	S Outward	ce of Funds Inward	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of September 30, 2017	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Income (Loss)	Carrying Amount as of September 30, 2017	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of September 30, 2017
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	\$ 1,018,974 (RMB 224,480)	Indirect (Note 7)	\$ 124,485 (US\$ 4,108		\$-	\$ 124,485 (US\$ 4,108)	\$ 56,488 (RMB 12,585)	14.00	\$ 7,423 (RMB 1,762)	\$ 235,223 (RMB 51,820)	\$ 115,333 (US\$ 3,806)
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	63,550 (RMB 14,000)	Indirect (Note 7)	58,394 (US\$ 1,927		-	58,394 (US\$ 1,927)	76,101 (RMB 16,955)	14.00	10,108 (RMB 2,374)	123,218 (RMB 27,145)	42,636 (US\$ 1,407)

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of September 30, 2017	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA		
\$182,879 (US\$6,035)	\$182,879 (US\$6,035)	\$339,065 (Note 6)		

Note 1: The Company invested in Cal-Asia Investment, which, in turn, invested in a company located in mainland China.

Note 2: The Company invested in China Aircraft Services, which, in turn, invested in a company located in mainland China.

- Note 3: Cal-Asia Investment invested in Eastern United International Logistics (Holdings), which, in turn, invested in a company located in mainland China. The investee company was disposed of, and the Company is preparing for its declaration to the Investment Commission.
- Note 4: The inward remittance of earnings as of September 30, 2017 amounted to NT\$2,801,749 and US\$875,330.
- Note 5: The amount comprised US\$19,828,324, RMB4,200,000 and NT\$36,666,667.
- Note 6: The limit stated in the Investment Commission's regulation, "The Review Principle of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China," is the larger of the Company's net asset value or 60% of the Group's consolidated net asset value.
- Note 7: Taiwan Airport Services invested in Taiwan Airport Services (Samoa), which, in return, invested in a company located in mainland China.
- Note 8: The RMB and U.S. dollar amounts of assets are translated at year-end rates, and those of gains and losses are translated at the average of the period-end rates for each reporting period.

(Concluded)

#### BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS AND IMPORTANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN CHINA AIRLINES, LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Company Name	Related Party			Intercompany Transactions			
No.			Natural of Relationship (Note 1)	Financial Statement Account	Amount	Transaction Criteria	% of Total Consolidated Total Revenue or Assets	
0	China Airlines, Ltd.	Mandarin Airlines	а	Passenger revenue	\$ 1,643,957	The same as ordinary transactions	1.44	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Mandarin Airlines	a	Other operating revenue	241,519	The same as ordinary transactions	0.21	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	a	Other operating revenue	235,752	The same as ordinary transactions	0.21	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Taoyuan International Airport Services	а	Airport service cost	880,780	The same as ordinary transactions	0.77	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Taiwan Airport Service	а	Airport service cost	277,355	The same as ordinary transactions	0.24	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Hwa Hsia	а	Airport service cost	250,924	The same as ordinary transactions	0.22	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Mandarin Airlines	а	Passenger cost	106,957	The same as ordinary transactions	0.09	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	а	Other operating costs	345,903	The same as ordinary transactions	0.30	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Cal Park	а	Other operating costs	171,120	The same as ordinary transactions	0.15	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	а	Other operating costs	111,687	The same as ordinary transactions	0.10	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Mandarin Airlines	а	Accounts receivable - related parties	575,810	The same as ordinary transactions	0.26	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Mandarin Airlines	a	Accounts payable - related parties	282,344	The same as ordinary transactions	0.13	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Taoyuan International Airport Services	а	Accounts payable - related parties	188,998	The same as ordinary transactions	0.08	
	China Airlines, Ltd.	Mandarin Airlines	а	Bonds payable	250,000	The same as ordinary transactions	0.11	
1	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Sales revenue	345,903	The same as ordinary transactions	0.30	
2	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Passenger revenue	106,957	The same as ordinary transactions	0.09	
	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Passenger cost	1,643,957	The same as ordinary transactions	1.44	
	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expenses	241,519	The same as ordinary transactions	0.21	
	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	282,344	The same as ordinary transactions	0.13	
	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Held-to-maturity financial assets	250,000	The same as ordinary transactions	0.11	
	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Notes payable - related parties	575,810	The same as ordinary transactions	0.26	
3	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	с	Airport service revenue	110,264	The same as ordinary transactions	0.10	
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Airport service revenue	880,780	The same as ordinary transactions	0.77	
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	188,998	The same as ordinary transactions	0.08	
4	Taiwan Airport Service	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	277,355	The same as ordinary transactions	0.24	
5	Hwa Hsia	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	250,924	The same as ordinary transactions	0.22	
6	Cal Park	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	171,120	The same as ordinary transactions	0.15	
7	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	111,687	The same as ordinary transactions	0.10	
8	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expenses	235,752	The same as ordinary transactions	0.21	
	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan International Airport Services	С	Airport service cost	110,264	The same as ordinary transactions	0.10	

Note 1: The three directional types for transactions by business relationship between China Airlines, Ltd. and its subsidiaries are as follows:

a. Parent to subsidiaries.

b. Subsidiaries to parent.

c. Subsidiaries to subsidiaries.

Note 2: Intercompany transactions were written off in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: The Company only discloses transaction amounts or balances of more than \$100,000 thousand.