China Airlines, Ltd.

Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 and Independent Auditors' Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders China Airlines, Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of China Airlines, Ltd. as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Rules Governing the Audit of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those rules and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of China Airlines, Ltd. as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, requirements of the Business Accounting Law and Guidelines Governing Business Accounting relevant to financial accounting standards, and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

We have also audited the consolidated financial statements of China Airlines, Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 on which we have issued an unqualified opinion in our report dated March 23, 2012.

March 23, 2012

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2011		2010			2011		2010	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS					CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2 and 4)	\$ 8,947,397	4	\$ 10,796,980	6	Short-term loans (Notes 13 and 27)	\$ -	_	\$ 1,100,000	1
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 2, 5 and	\$ 6,947,397	4	\$ 10,790,900	U	Commercial paper (Note 14)	- ·	-	1,249,625	1
24)	3,278,739	2	300,032	_	Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current (Notes 2, 24 and 25)	47,076	_	68,745	-
Available-for-sale financial assets - current (Notes 2, 6 and 24)	96,131	-	117,315	_	Accounts payable	536,479	_	308,087	_
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current (Notes 2, 24 and 25)	108,668	-	210	-	Accounts payable to related parties (Note 26)	965,595	1	1,069,857	1
Receivables:	,				Accrued expenses (Notes 2 and 26)	12,253,634	6	12,355,106	6
Notes and accounts, net (Notes 2, 3 and 7)	9,723,620	5	11,436,458	6	Advance ticket sales (Note 2)	8,771,281	4	8,649,819	4
Notes and accounts - related parties (Note 26)	282,809	-	498,212	-	Bonds payable - current portion (Notes 2, 15, 24 and 26)	12,200,000	6	3,500,000	2
Other receivables (Note 8)	510,901	-	618,392	-	Loans and debts - current portion (Notes 16, 24 and 27)	18,047,762	9	17,253,668	8
Inventories, net (Notes 2 and 9)	8,587,292	4	6,666,268	3	Capital lease obligations - current portion (Notes 2 and 17)	1,185,639	1	1,060,208	-
Deferred income tax assets - current (Notes 2 and 21)	152,994	-	149,236	-	Other current liabilities	1,774,466	1	1,791,031	1
Other current assets	1,233,952	1	359,831						
					Total current liabilities	55,781,932	28	48,406,146	24
Total current assets	32,922,503	16	30,942,934	<u>15</u>					
					LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, NET OF CURRENT PORTION				
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS					Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - noncurrent (Notes 2, 24 and 25)	25,325	-	50,834	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent (Notes 2, 5					Bonds payable - noncurrent (Notes 2, 15, 24 and 26)	16,550,000	8	22,750,000	11
and 24)	374,085	-	373,990	-	Loans and debts - noncurrent (Notes 16, 24 and 27)	69,385,610	34	66,951,428	33
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent (Notes 2, 10 and 24)	371,367	-	371,367	-	Capital lease obligations - noncurrent (Notes 2 and 17)	1,135,067	1	2,232,749	1
Investments accounted for by the equity method (Notes 2 and 11)	9,255,182	5	8,779,371	5	T-4-1 1 4 1'-1-1'-	97.006.002	12	01 005 011	15
Other financial assets - noncurrent	12,980		13,014		Total long-term liabilities	87,096,002	43	91,985,011	45
Total long-term investments	10,013,614	5	9,537,742	5	OTHER LIABILITIES				
Total long-term investments	10,013,014		9,331,142		Accrued pension costs (Notes 2 and 18)	6,378,717	3	6,646,911	3
PROPERTIES (Notes 2, 12 and 27)					Deferred profits on sale-leaseback (Note 2)	5,312,853	3	6,129,557	3
Cost					Others	1,061,014	<i>-</i>	1,279,025	1
Land	1,688,283	1	1,527,773	1	Others	1,001,014		1,277,025	
Buildings	7,260,091	4	8,108,762	4	Total other liabilities	12,752,584	6	14,055,493	7
Machinery and equipment	4,159,896	2	3,702,290	2	Total Oller Institute			11,000,170	
Flight equipment	198,271,143	98	191,215,677	94	Total liabilities	155,630,518	77	154,446,650	76
Furniture	693,434	-	742,006	-					
Leased flight and other equipment	14,291,735	7	13,901,146	7	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Leasehold improvements	996,380	-	1,083,146	-	Capital stock, NT\$10.00 par value; authorized - 5,200,000 thousand shares;				
Revaluation increment	41,298	-	50,335	-	issued and outstanding - 4,631,622 thousand shares	46,316,224	23	46,316,224	23
Total cost and revaluation increment	227,402,260	112	220,331,135	108	Capital surplus	422,101		392,822	
Accumulated depreciation	92,020,668	45	83,502,436	41	Retained earnings				
	135,381,592	67	136,828,699	67	Legal reserve	799,630	-	-	-
Construction in progress and prepayments for equipment (Note 28)	5,150,783	3	5,364,742	3	Special reserve	5,162,071	3	-	-
					Unappropriated earnings (accumulated deficit)	(1,772,321)	(1)	7,996,300	4
Net properties	140,532,375	<u>70</u>	142,193,441	70	Total retained earnings	4,189,380	2	7,996,300	4
					Other equity				
INTANGIBLE ASSETS					Cumulative translation adjustments	(1,598,197)	(1)	(3,370,031)	(2)
Computer software, net (Note 2)	385,726	-	368,886	-	Net loss not recognized as pension cost	(2,325,184)	(1)	(2,621,974)	(1)
Deferred pension cost (Note 2)	118,271		177,407		Unrealized valuation loss on financial instruments	50,010	-	(64,422)	-
N	502.007		546,000		Unrealized revaluation increment	41,298	-	50,335	-
Net intangible assets	503,997		546,293		Company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified into treasury stock Total other equity	(36,554)	<u>-</u>	(36,554)	(2)
OTHER ASSETS					Total other equity	(3,868,627)	(2)	(6,042,646)	(3)
	10,521,794	5	11,285,998	6	Total stoolshaldows agriffy	47.050.079	22	19 662 700	24
Deposits (Note 28) Deferred income tax assets - noncurrent (Notes 2 and 21)	6,695,423	3	6,625,279	3	Total stockholders' equity	47,059,078	23	48,662,700	24
Restricted assets - noncurrent (Notes 26 and 27)	660,980	-	1,005,944						
Other assets (Note 2)	838,910	1	971,719	1					
Outer assets (110te 2)	030,710	1	7/1,/17						
Net other assets	18,717,107	9	19,888,940	10					
1.5. Other models	10,/1/,10/		17,000,770						
TOTAL	\$ 202,689,596	100	\$ 203,109,350	100	TOTAL	\$ 202,689,596	100	\$ 203,109,350	100
								,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings (Loss) Per Share)

	2011		2010		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
DELIENTIES (N. 1. 2. 126)					
REVENUES (Notes 2 and 26)	¢ 00.025.420	<i>C</i> 1	¢ 75 701 475	<i></i>	
Passenger	\$ 80,825,429	61	\$ 75,721,475	55	
Cargo	46,388,470	35	56,758,861	41	
Others	5,026,570	4	5,660,124	4	
Total revenues	132,240,469	100	138,140,460	100	
COSTS (Notes 9, 22 and 26)					
Flight operations	83,461,996	63	71,796,622	52	
Terminal and landing fees	18,894,391	14	19,233,440	14	
Passenger services	7,904,359	6	8,492,098	6	
Aircraft maintenance	11,882,485	9	10,458,699	7	
Others	2,872,199	2	3,573,222	3	
	2,072,177	<u>=</u>			
Total costs	125,015,430	94	113,554,081	82	
GROSS PROFIT	7,225,039	6	24,586,379	<u>18</u>	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 22 and 26)					
Marketing and selling	6,178,062	5	7,126,596	5	
General and administrative	<u>2,611,841</u>	2	2,694,728	2	
Concrete and administrative	2,011,011	<u></u>	2,00 1,720	<u> </u>	
Total operating expenses	8,789,903	7	9,821,324	7	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,564,864)	<u>(1</u>)	14,765,055	11	
NONOPERATING INCOME AND GAINS					
Interest income	159,157	_	109,043	_	
Investment income recognized under the equity	137,137		107,043		
method (Notes 2 and 11)	662,566	1	905,588	1	
Dividend income (Note 2)	97,529	_	187,712	_	
Gain on disposal of properties, net (Note 2)	41,505	_	7,148	_	
Gain on sale of available-for-sale financial assets	41,505		7,140	_	
(Notes 2, 6 and 24)	_	_	118,139	_	
Valuation gain on financial instruments, net (Notes 2	_		110,137	_	
and 5)	6,057	_	343,945	_	
Foreign exchange gain, net	189,217	_	5+3,7+5	_	
Others	541,251	_	500,575	1	
Others	341,231		300,373	1	
Total nonoperating income and gains	1,697,282	1	2,172,150	2	
NONOPERATING EXPENSES AND LOSSES					
Interest expense (Note 26)	2,244,708	2	2,655,929	2	
interest expense (note 20)	4,44,708	<i>L</i>		ntinued)	
			(C0)	nunueu)	

STATEMENTS OF INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings (Loss) Per Share)

	2011			20	10	
	Amount	9/	6	Amount	%	
Foreign exchange loss, net (Note 2)		-	-	691,2		
Impairment loss (Notes 2 and 12)	225.0	-	-	579,0		
Others	235,9	<u>44</u>		1,390,8	<u> 1</u>	
Total nonoperating expenses and losses	2,480,6		2	5,317,0	94 4	
PRETAX INCOME (LOSS)	(2,348,2	34)	(2)	11,620,1	11 9	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) (Notes 2 and 21)	(393,9	<u>63</u>)	<u>(1</u>)	998,0	<u>17</u> <u>1</u>	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (1,954,2	<u>71</u>)	<u>(1</u>)	\$ 10,622,0	94 8	
	20	11		2010		
	Before Tax	After T	ax	Before Tax	After Tax	
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE (New Taiwan dollars; Note 23)						
Basic	<u>\$ (0.51)</u>	\$ (0.4	_	<u>\$ 2.53</u>	<u>\$ 2.31</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ (0.51)</u>	<u>\$ (0.4</u>	<u>·2</u>)	<u>\$ 2.51</u>	<u>\$ 2.29</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Retair	ned Earnings (Accumul		nd 19)			Unrealized Valuation Gain		Company Shares Held by	
	Capital Stock Issue	ed and Outstanding				Unappropriated Earnings	_	Cumulative Translation	Net Loss Not Recognized as	or Loss on Financial	Unrealized Revaluation	Subsidiaries Reclassified into	Total
	Shares (In Thousands)	Amount	Capital Surplus (Notes 2 and 19)	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	(Accumulated Deficit)	Total	Adjustments (Note 2)	Pension Cost (Note 2)	Instruments (Note 2)	Increment (Notes 2 and 12)	Treasury Stock (Notes 2, 19 and 20)	Stockholders' Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2010	4,572,249	\$ 45,722,490	\$ 629,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (4,034,018)	\$ (4,034,018)	\$ (130,206)	\$ (1,550,808)	\$ (162,526)	\$ 830,471	\$ (36,554)	\$ 41,267,999
Unrealized revaluation increment transferred to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	780,136	780,136	-	-	-	(780,136)	-	-
Accumulated deficit offset against reserve and capital surplus Capital surplus	-	-	(628,088)	-	-	628,088	628,088	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation adjustments on investments in shares of stocks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(257,314)	-	-	-	-	(257,314)
Translation adjustments on a foreign operating entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,982,511)	-	-	-	-	(2,982,511)
Conversion of convertible bonds	59,373	593,734	391,866	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	985,600
Net income in 2010	-	-	-	-	-	10,622,094	10,622,094	-	-	-	-	-	10,622,094
Change in unrealized valuation loss on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(147,213)	-	-	(147,213)
Change in unrealized gain on cash flow hedging financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	246,694	-	-	246,694
Change in net loss not recognized as pension cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,040,771)	-	-	-	(1,040,771)
Unrealized loss on financial instruments of equity-method investees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,377)	-	-	(1,377)
Net loss not recognized as pension cost of equity-method investees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,395)	-	-	-	(30,395)
Adjustment due to nonproportional subscription for new shares issued by an investee	_		(106)		_	_		_					(106)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2010	4,631,622	46,316,224	392,822	-	-	7,996,300	7,996,300	(3,370,031)	(2,621,974)	(64,422)	50,335	(36,554)	48,662,700
Appropriation of the 2010 earning Legal reserve Special reserve	<u>.</u>	Ī	- -	799,630	5,162,071	(799,630) (5,162,071)	-	Ī	- -	<u>.</u>	- -	Ī	
Cash dividends - NT\$0.4 per share	-	-	-	-	-	(1,852,649)	(1,852,649)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,852,649)
Translation adjustments on investments in shares of stocks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,226	-	-	-	-	78,226
Translation adjustments on a foreign operating entity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,693,608	-	-	-	-	1,693,608
Cash dividends received by subsidiaries for holding the Company's shares	-	-	1,156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,156
Compensation recognized for employee stock options	-	-	28,123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,123
Net loss in 2011	-	-	-	-	-	(1,954,271)	(1,954,271)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,954,271)
Change in unrealized valuation loss on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17,583)	-	-	(17,583)
Change in unrealized gain on cash flow hedging financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124,072	-	-	124,072
Revaluation increment transferred to other income on disposal of revalued assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,037)	-	(9,037)
Change in net loss not recognized as pension cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	348,467	-	-	-	348,467
Unrealized gain on financial instruments of equity-method investees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,943	-	-	7,943
Net loss not recognized as pension cost of equity-method investees		_						_	(51,677)		<u>=</u>	=	(51,677)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2011	4,631,622	<u>\$ 46,316,224</u>	<u>\$ 422,101</u>	\$ 799,630	<u>\$ 5,162,071</u>	<u>\$ (1,772,321)</u>	<u>\$ 4,189,380</u>	<u>\$ (1,598,197)</u>	<u>\$ (2,325,184)</u>	\$ 50,010	<u>\$ 41,298</u>	<u>\$ (36,554</u>)	<u>\$ 47,059,078</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2011	2010
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income (loss)	\$	(1,954,271)	\$ 10,622,094
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by		, , ,	. , ,
(used in) operating activities:			
Deferred income taxes		(458,618)	989,409
Depreciation and amortization		10,403,689	10,054,254
Allowance for doubtful accounts		72,017	38,000
Gain on sale of available-for-sale financial assets		-	(118,139)
Compensation cost of employee stock options		28,123	-
Valuation gain on financial instruments, net		(6,057)	(343,945)
Investment income recognized under the equity method		(662,566)	(905,588)
Cash dividends received from equity-method investees		436,190	361,322
Loss on inventories, properties and idle properties		298,396	226,438
Gain on disposal of properties		(41,505)	(7,148)
Impairment loss on land		-	579,015
Gain on disposal of idle properties, net		(75,159)	(16,492)
Amortization of deferred profit on sale-leaseback		(629,707)	(659,181)
Amortization of deferred credits		(66,414)	(66,413)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(2.052.545)	(2.202.510)
Financial assets and liabilities held for trading		(2,972,745)	(2,393,648)
Notes and accounts receivable		1,640,821	524,547
Notes and accounts receivable - related parties		215,403	(17,322)
Other receivables		109,726	(33,160)
Inventories		(2,047,680)	(1,351,000)
Other current assets		(874,121)	(127,936)
Accounts payable		228,393	(421,652)
Accounts payable - related parties		(104,262)	(18,516)
Advance ticket color		(7,949)	987,512
Advance ticket sales Other current liabilities		121,461	339,929
		(16,565) 139,409	406,545
Accrued pension cost Other liabilities		(177,667)	456,134 874,636
Other habilities	_	(177,007)	674,030
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	3,598,342	19,979,695
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds of the disposal of available-for-sale financial assets		_	181,914
Acquisition of investments accounted for by the equity method		(200,000)	(24,597)
Investees' return of capital - investments accounted for by the equity		(/	,,
method		-	10,000
Increase in other financial assets - noncurrent		-	(1,147)
Acquisition of properties		(5,762,965)	(5,206,611)
Proceeds of the disposal of properties		218,310	7,585
Increase in computer software		(58,430)	(57,148)
Proceeds of the disposal of idle properties		93,165	28,775
			(Continued)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2011	2010
Decrease in refundable deposits	764,204	1,200,278
Increase in deferred charges	(23,430)	(28,417)
Decrease (increase) in restricted assets	344,964	(212,713)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,624,182)	(4,102,081)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease in short-term loans	(1,100,000)	(3,000,000)
Decrease in short-term bills payable	(1,249,625)	(1,399,135)
Proceeds of long-term debt	17,476,748	7,118,705
Repayments of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(16,518,938)	(19,106,367)
Issuance of bonds payable	6,000,000	8,650,000
Repayment of bonds payable	(3,500,000)	(2,880,000)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	26,070	21,678
Decrease in deferred profits on sale-leaseback	(186,997)	-
Cash dividends	(1,852,649)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(905,391)	(10,595,119)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	81,648	(12,868)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,849,583)	5,269,627
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,796,980	5,527,353
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,947,397	\$ 10,796,980
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION Interest paid Less: Capitalized interest Interest paid (excluding capitalized interest) Income tax paid	\$ 2,267,516	\$ 2,709,735
NONCASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES Current portion of long-term loans and debts Current portion of capital lease obligations Current portion of bonds payable Conversion of convertible bonds	\$ 18,047,762 \$ 1,185,639 \$ 12,200,000 \$ -	\$ 17,253,668 \$ 1,060,208 \$ 3,500,000 \$ 985,600

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

China Airlines, Ltd. (the "Company") was founded in 1959 and its stocks are listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. The Company primarily provides air transport services for passengers and cargo. Its other operations include (a) mail services; (b) ground services and routine aircraft maintenance; (c) major maintenance of flight equipment; (d) communications and data processing services to other airlines; (e) sale of aircraft parts, equipment and entire aircraft; and (f) lease of aircraft.

The major stockholders of the Company are the China Aviation Development Foundation (CADF) and the National Development Fund (NDF), Executive Yuan. As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, CADF and jointly held 39.10% and 11.22%, respectively, of the Company's shares. The Company had 10,578 and 10,492 employees as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the Business Accounting Law, Guidelines Governing Business Accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China. Significant accounting policies are summarized as follows:

Foreign Currencies and Foreign Operations

The Company maintains its accounts and expresses its financial statements in New Taiwan dollars. Nonderivative foreign-currency transactions are recorded in New Taiwan dollars at the rates of exchange in effect when the transactions occur. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of foreign-currency monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in profit or loss in the settlement period.

At the balance sheet date, foreign-currency monetary assets and liabilities are revalued using prevailing exchange rates and the exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

At the balance sheet date, foreign-currency nonmonetary assets (such as equity instruments) and liabilities which are measured at fair value, are revalued using prevailing exchange rate. For a nonmonetary financial asset with the changes in fair value recognized as an adjustment to stockholders' equity, exchange differences are recognized as an adjustment to stockholders' equity. For a nonmonetary financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, exchange differences are recognized in the income statement. Foreign-currency nonmonetary assets and liabilities that are carried at cost are reported using the historical exchange rate on the date of transaction.

Equity-method investments in foreign subsidiaries/affiliates are recorded in New Taiwan dollars using the rates of exchange in effect on acquisition dates. On the balance sheet date, the investments and the related equity in net income or net loss are restated at the prevailing exchange rates and weighted-average rates, respectively, and resulting differences are recorded as translation adjustments under stockholders' equity.

Under a regulation by the Securities and Futures Bureau, the carrying amount of an aircraft acquired and the related U.S. dollar-denominated obligation incurred for the acquisition are accounted for as an investment in a foreign operating entity if the Company's use of the aircraft results in generating revenues and incurring expenses mainly in U.S. dollars. On the balance sheet date, the carrying amount of the aircraft and the related liability are restated at balance sheet date rates. The difference is recognized in stockholders' equity as translation adjustment.

Accounting Estimates

Under the above guidelines, law and principles, certain estimates and assumptions have been used for the allowance for doubtful accounts, allowance for loss on inventories, depreciation of properties, impairment of assets, accrued expenses - frequent flyer program, pension cost, income tax, loss on pending litigations, bonuses of employees, etc. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include cash, cash equivalents and those assets held primarily for trading purposes or to be realized, sold or consumed within one year from the balance sheet date. All other assets such as properties and intangible assets are classified as noncurrent. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes or to be settled within one year from the balance sheet date. All other liabilities are classified as noncurrent.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, consisting of commercial paper, are highly liquid financial instruments with maturities of three months or less when acquired and with carrying amounts that approximate their fair values.

Financial Instruments at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Financial instruments classified as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) include financial assets or financial liabilities held for trading and those designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition. Financial instruments at FVTPL are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are remeasured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized directly in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Cash dividends received subsequently (including those received in the year of investment) are recognized as income for the year. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

Derivative instruments that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are classified as financial assets or liabilities held for trading.

Fair values are determined as follows: (a) listed stocks - at closing prices as of the balance sheet date; (b) beneficial certificates (open-end funds) - at net asset value as of the balance sheet date; and (c) convertible bonds - at values determined using valuation techniques.

Hybrid instruments are financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss, and these are measured at fair value on initial recognition.

Fair value of hybrid instruments is estimated using valuation techniques incorporating estimates and assumptions that are consistent with prevailing market conditions.

Available-for-sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance. When fair value is remeasured, the changes in fair value are excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. The accumulated gains or losses are recognized as earnings when the financial asset is derecognized from the balance sheet. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets is recognized and derecognized using transaction date accounting.

Cash dividends are recognized as investment income on ex-dividend dates but are accounted for as reductions of the original cost of investment if these dividends are declared on the investees' earnings attributable to periods before the purchase of the investments. Stock dividends are recorded as an increase in the number of shares held and do not affect investment income. The cost per share is recalculated on the basis of the new number of shares.

An impairment loss is recognized when there is objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired. Any subsequent decrease in impairment loss on an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale is recognized directly in equity. If the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale subsequently increases as a result of an event which occurred after the impairment loss was recognized, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed to profit.

Hedge Accounting

The Company enters into some derivative transactions that aim to manage interest rates, exchange rates, fuel prices, and other factors affecting gains or losses on assets and liabilities. The hedging transactions are defined as cash flow hedge. When entering into hedging transactions, the Company has prepared official documents that describe the hedging relationship between hedging instruments and items been hedged, objective of risk management, hedging strategy, and the way to evaluate the effectiveness of the hedging instrument.

Under cash flow hedge accounting, the profit or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized as profit or loss in the same period when the profit or loss on the hedged item is affected. The profit or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized as an adjustment to stockholders' equity and reclassified to current profit or loss when forecast transactions that are being hedged affect profit or loss. If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a financial asset or a financial liabilities, the associated gains or losses that were recognized directly in equity shall be reclassified to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the asset acquired or liability assumed affects profit or loss. If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a nonfinancial asset or a nonfinancial liability, it removes the associated gains and losses that were recognized directly in equity and includes them in the initial cost or changed carrying amount of the asset or liability. However, if an entity expects that all or a portion of a loss recognized directly in equity will not be recovered in one or more future periods, it shall reclassify the amount that is not expected to be recovered into profit or loss.

If the hedging instrument expires, is sold or terminated or no longer meets the hedge accounting criteria, the cumulative profit or loss on the hedging instrument that is effective and directly recognized as an adjustment to stockholders' equity is still recognized as an adjustment to stockholders' equity before forecast transactions occur and then reclassified to current profit or loss when forecast transactions occur.

Financial Assets Carried at Cost

Equity investments, such as non-publicly traded stocks, with fair value that cannot be reliably measured, are carried at original cost. Cash dividends are recognized as investment income on ex-dividend dates but are accounted for as reductions of the original investment costs if these dividends are declared on the investees' earnings attributable to periods before the purchase of the investments. Stock dividends are recorded as an increase in the number of shares held and do not affect investment income. The cost per share is recalculated on the basis of the new number of shares. If there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired, a loss is recognized. However, the recording of a subsequent recovery of fair value is not allowed.

Impairment of Accounts Receivable

An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided on the basis of a review of the collectibility of accounts receivable. The Company make this review by an aging analysis of the outstanding receivables and by examining the economic environment as well as the collaterals provided by customers.

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, on January 1, 2011, the Company adopted the third time revised of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 34 - "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." One of the main revisions is that the impairment of receivables originated by the Company is subject to the provisions of SFAS No. 34. The Company should evaluate accounts receivable for individual and collective impairment at the end of each reporting period. When there is objective evidence of a decrease in the estimated future cash flow of accounts receivable as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the accounts receivable, the accounts receivable are deemed to be impaired.

The Company has a short average collection period; thus, the impairment loss recognized is the difference between the carrying amount of accounts receivable and estimated future cash flows, without considering the discounting effect. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized as baddebt loss, which is recorded in operating expenses - general and administrative. When accounts receivable are considered uncollectable, the amount is written off against the allowance account.

Impairment of Assets

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 35 - "Impairment of Assets" requires the Company to determine on each balance sheet date if properties, intangible assets and other assets (including a cash-generating unit) have been impaired. If there is impairment, then the Company must calculate the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit. An impairment loss should be recognized whenever the recoverable amount of the asset or the cash-generating unit is below the carrying amount, and this impairment loss is either charged to accumulated impairment or used to reduce the carrying amount of the asset directly. If the Company revalues properties as required by law, an impairment loss on revalued properties should be charged to unrealized revaluation increment on properties, and if the capital surplus revaluation increment on properties is not enough, the portion that exceeds the balance will be recognized as loss in the statement of income. After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortization) charged to the asset should be adjusted in future periods for the revised asset carrying amount (net of accumulated impairment), less its salvage value, and calculated on a systematic basis over its remaining service life. If asset impairment loss (excluding goodwill) is reversed, the increase in the carrying amount resulting from reversal is credited to current income. However, loss reversal should not be more than the carrying amount (net of depreciation) had the impairment not been recognized.

Inventories

Inventories are primarily expendable and nonexpendable parts and materials, supplies used in operations and items for in-flight sale. These parts, materials and supplies are valued at the weighted-average cost less allowance for obsolescence. Items for in-flight sale are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The costs of inventories sold or consumed are determined using the weighted-average method.

Investments Accounted for by the Equity Method

Investments in companies in which the Company exercises significant influence on the investees' operating and financial policy decisions are accounted for by the equity method. Under this method, investments are stated at cost on the acquisition date and subsequently adjusted for the Company's proportionate share or equity in the investees' net income or net loss. Cash dividends received are accounted for as a reduction of the carrying values of the investments. On investment acquisition, the investment premiums for the cost of investment in excess of the Company's share of the investee's identified net assets, representing goodwill, are no longer amortized but tested annually for impairment or if there is objective evidence that the goodwill is impaired.

When the Company subscribes for its investee's newly issued shares at a percentage different from its percentage of ownership in the investee, the Company records the change in its equity in the investee's net assets as an adjustment to investments, with a corresponding amount credited or charged to capital surplus. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus arising from long-term investments is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

Gain or loss from transactions involving depreciable assets between the Company and its equity-method investees is deferred and recognized over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

For equity-method investments, stock dividends received are recorded only as an increase in the number of shares held and not as investment income. The cost per share is recalculated on the basis of the new number of shares.

Receipt of stock dividends from investee would not be recognized as investment income. The Company only recomputes the book value per share based on the shares with the additional shares.

Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 30 - "Accounting for Treasury Stocks," the Company reclassified its shares held by its subsidiaries to treasury stock at the carrying value as shown in the subsidiaries' books on January 1, 2002. Furthermore, when the Company recognized its investment income, the cash dividend income recognized by the subsidiaries from the Company's earnings appropriation was subtracted from investment income and credited to paid-in capital.

Properties

Properties are stated at cost plus revaluation increment (if any) less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Major betterments or renewals are capitalized, while maintenance and repairs are expensed when incurred. Interests on funds used to acquire flight equipment or to construct facilities before the date the equipment is used in operations are capitalized and included in the cost of the related assets.

The amounts capitalized on flight and other equipment leased under agreements qualifying as capital leases are the lower of (a) the present value of all payments required under the lease agreements plus the bargain purchase price or (b) the fair value of the leased assets on the starting dates of the agreements. Interests implicit in lease payments are recorded as interest expense.

Amounts paid under operating lease agreements are charged to income over the term of the agreements. The imputed interest on rental deposits, calculated at the interest rate for one-year time deposits, is recorded both as rental expense and interest income.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over service lives estimated as follows (plus one year to represent estimated salvage value): buildings, 45 to 55 years; machinery and equipment, 5 to 6 years; flight equipment, 5 to 25 years; furniture, 5 years; leased assets, 6 to 25 years; and leasehold improvements, 5 years. Properties that have reached their residual value but are still in use are further depreciated over their newly estimated service lives.

Upon property sale or other disposal, the cost, revaluation increment (if any) and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and gain or loss is credited or charged to nonoperating gains or losses in the year of disposal.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired are initially recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Computer software is amortized through its average economic useful life.

Deferred Charges

Deferred charges mainly consist of (a) expenses for training pilots in operating new types of aircraft, (b) issue costs of corporate bonds and (c) costs incurred for syndicated loans. They are all amortized using the straight-line method. The amortization periods are 10 years for training expenses and the terms of the bonds or loans.

Accrued Expenses - Frequent-flyer Program

Passengers who are members of the Dynasty Club may accumulate mileage points to reach a certain award level, which entitles them to choose from among various awards (including an upgrade to a higher class or free tickets). A liability is accrued and charged to operating expense. The amount accrued is based on the estimated incremental cost that will be incurred upon the provision of transport services.

Pension Costs

The Company has two types of pension plans: defined benefit and defined contribution.

Pension costs under the defined benefit pension plan are recognized on the basis of actuarial calculations. Unrecognized net transition obligation is amortized over 15 years, while pension gain or loss is amortized using the straight-line method based on the average remaining service years of employees.

If additional accrued pension cost based on actuarial calculations is not in excess of the sum of the unamortized balance of prior service costs and unrecognized net transition obligation, "deferred pension cost" will be debited. Otherwise, the excess amount should be debited to "net loss not recognized as pension cost" in stockholders' equity.

Based on the defined contribution pension plan, the Company's required monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts are recognized as expenses throughout the employees' service periods.

Deferred Profits on Sale-leaseback

A gain on the sale by the Company of assets that it leases back is deferred and amortized over the term of the lease agreements.

Income Tax

The Company applies the intra-period allocation method to its income tax. Deferred tax assets are recognized for the tax effects of deductible temporary differences, debit in equity, unused investment credits, and loss carryforwards, and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for the tax effects of taxable temporary differences and credit in equity. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are classified as current or noncurrent on the basis of the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting. A deferred tax asset or liability that cannot be related to an asset or liability for financial reporting is classified in accordance with the expected reversal or realization date of the temporary difference. Valuation allowance is recognized on deferred tax assets that are not expected to be realized.

Income tax credits for certain acquisitions of research and development expenses are recognized in the period those acquisitions or expenses are incurred.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

According to the Income Tax Law, an additional tax at 10% of unappropriated earnings is provided for as income tax in the year the stockholders approve the retention of earnings.

Revenue Recognition

Passenger fares and cargo revenues are recognized when transport service is provided. The value of unused passenger tickets is recognized as "advance ticket sales."

3. EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Financial Instruments

On January 1, 2011, the Company adopted the newly revised Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 34 - "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." Among the main revisions is that loans and receivables originated by the Company are now covered by SFAS No. 34. This accounting change did not have a significant effect on the Company's financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Operating Segments

On January 1, 2011, the Company adopted the newly issued SFAS No. 41 - "Operating Segments." The statement requires that segment information disclosed should be based on the information on the components of the Company that management uses to make operating decisions. SFAS No. 41 requires the identification of operating segments based on internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance. This statement supersedes SFAS No. 20 - "Segment Reporting." This accounting change had no significant effect on the manner of the Company's disclosure of segment information.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31				
	2011			2010	
Cash on hand	\$	716,536	\$	639,281	
Revolving fund		122,679,984		113,299,029	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		4,256,564,478		6,568,081,267	
Time deposits		3,767,681,541		4,114,960,258	
Cash equivalents		799,754,590			
	<u>\$</u>	8,947,397,129	\$	10,796,979,835	

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)

Financial instruments held for trading are summarized as follows:

	Decem	December 31			
	2011	2010			
Financial assets held for trading					
Current Beneficial certificates Listed stocks	\$ 3,004,222,113 274,516,500	\$ 300,031,543			
	\$ 3,278,738,613	\$ 300,031,543			

Net gains on beneficial certificates were \$5,962,000 in 2011 and \$6,191,000 in 2010. On derivative instruments held for trading, there was no gain in 2011 but there was a gain of \$337,809,000 in 2010.

Financial instruments designated as at FVTPL were as follows:

	Decem	December 31			
	2011	2010			
Financial assets designated as at FVTPL					
Noncurrent					
Convertible bonds					
China Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$ 374,085,000	\$ 373,990,000			

The transactions on financial assets designated as at FVTPL resulted in gains of \$95,000 in 2011 and losses of \$55,000 in 2010.

6. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31					
	2011		2010			
	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship		
Foreign marketable equity securities						
France Telecom	<u>\$ 96,131,011</u>	-	<u>\$ 117,314,587</u>	-		

In April 2010, the Company disposed of its entire holding in Trade-Van Information Service in the open market. The gain on this disposal was \$118,139,000.

7. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

	December 31				
		2011	2010		
Notes receivable	\$	294,225,639	\$ 234,646,483		
Accounts receivable		9,558,405,149	11,266,471,700		
	Ç	9,852,630,788	11,501,118,183		
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		129,010,305	64,660,316		
	\$ 9	9,723,620,483	<u>\$ 11,436,457,867</u>		

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	December 31			
	2011	2010		
Tax refunds Accrued revenue Others	\$ 293,143,806 214,741,615 3,015,606	\$ 396,418,687 215,454,315 6,519,369		
	<u>\$ 510,901,027</u>	\$ 618,392,371		

9. INVENTORIES, NET

	December 31		
	2011	2010	
Aircraft spare parts Items for in-flight sale Work in process - maintenance services	\$ 7,955,786,647 349,466,926 282,038,792	\$ 6,208,381,108 333,675,809 124,210,598	
	<u>\$ 8,587,292,365</u>	<u>\$ 6,666,267,515</u>	

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, the allowances for inventory devaluation were \$83,891,000 and \$66,081,000, respectively. The costs of inventories recognized as operating costs due to write-downs of inventories were \$17,810,000 in 2011 and \$11,850,000 in 2010.

10. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST

	December 31			
	2011		2010	
	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship
Unlisted common stocks				
Abacus International Holdings Ltd.	\$ 297,946,451	13.59	\$ 297,946,451	13.59
Jardine Air Terminal Services	56,022,929	15.00	56,022,929	15.00
Chung Hwa Express Co.	11,000,000	11.00	11,000,000	11.00
Regal International Advertising	5,925,000	6.58	5,925,000	6.58
Far Eastern Air Transport	<u>-</u>	5.73	<u>-</u> _	5.73
-	370,894,380		370,894,380	
Unlisted preferred stocks				
Abacus International Holdings Ltd.	472,522	-	472,522	-
	\$ 371,366,902		<u>\$ 371,366,902</u>	

11. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31				
	2011	2011		0	
		% of		% of	
	Carrying Value	Ownership	Carrying Value	Ownership	
Investees on which the Company					
exercises significant influence					
Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	\$ 1,613,091,139	54.00	\$ 1,649,298,276	54.00	
Cal Park	1,466,188,021	100.00	1,457,413,760	100.00	
Mandarin Airlines	1,150,278,944	93.99	1,004,699,155	93.99	
Cal-Dynasty International	1,050,253,970	100.00	1,009,378,367	100.00	
Taoyuan International Airport Services	649,302,758	49.00	671,375,416	49.00	
China Pacific Catering Services	641,880,959	51.00	637,608,109	51.00	
Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan)	410,229,241	93.93	395,687,814	93.93	
Cal-Asia Investment	383,610,273	100.00	351,186,589	100.00	
China Aircraft Services	381,186,876	20.00	359,886,699	20.00	
Taiwan Airport Services	332,630,056	47.35	296,924,254	47.35	
Kaohsiung Catering Services	238,320,783	35.78	230,693,413	35.78	
Asian Compressor Technology Services	230,665,809	24.50	184,112,301	24.50	
Cal Hotel	203,061,718	100.00	48,305,061	100.00	
Science Park Logistics	177,403,739	28.48	174,871,708	28.48	
China Pacific Laundry Services	150,802,938	55.00	126,459,123	55.00	
Hwa Hsia	104,075,059	100.00	102,263,416	100.00	
Dynasty Holidays	38,268,728	51.00	44,393,676	51.00	
Yestrip	26,609,460	100.00	27,333,357	100.00	
Global Sky Express	7,218,765	25.00	7,377,510	25.00	
Freighter Princess Ltd.	35,088	100.00	35,088	100.00	
Freighter Prince Ltd.	34,602	100.00	34,602	100.00	
Freighter Queen Ltd.	32,895	100.00	32,895	100.00	
	<u>\$ 9,255,181,821</u>		<u>\$ 8,779,370,589</u>		

Investment income (loss) recognized under the equity method was as follows:

	Year Ended December 31	
	2011	2010
Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	\$ (36,207,137)	\$ 25,735,197
Cal Park	8,774,261	(18,582,264)
Mandarin Airlines	145,592,245	507,732,425
Cal-Dynasty International	1,079,501	(10,178,667)
Taoyuan International Airport Services	22,637,711	17,562,808
China Pacific Catering Services	113,194,240	110,254,668
Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan)	132,381,857	130,768,167
Cal-Asia Investment	29,585,706	30,302,159
China Aircraft Services	15,926,399	14,765,782
Taiwan Airport Services	44,584,201	13,217,582
Kaohsiung Catering Services	57,913,301	49,476,560
Asian Compressor Technology Services	107,631,009	67,863,890
Cal Hotel	(45,243,343)	(102, 182, 091)
Science Park Logistics	15,825,126	15,510,768
China Pacific Laundry Services	21,884,072	13,605,565
Hwa Hsia	25,354,720	25,381,454
Dynasty Holidays	(5,128,274)	5,855,220
Yestrip	5,314,288	6,709,095
Global Sky Express	1,466,255	1,789,626
	<u>\$ 662,566,138</u>	\$ 905,587,944

The subsidiaries, Freighter Princess Ltd., Freighter Prince Ltd. and Freighter Queen Ltd., were established in March 2001, September 2001 and January 2002, respectively, for leasing of the Company's aircraft. In its balance sheets, the Company recognized the fixed assets and liabilities related to the leased aircraft as a leasing transaction.

Shown below are the movements in 2011 and 2010 of (a) the difference between the investment cost and the investee's net assets, or goodwill, and (b) a sale of depreciable assets to the Company by its subsidiary.

December 31, 2011	Goodwill	Transaction between Company and Subsidiary
Balance, beginning of year Reduction	\$ 52,423,365	\$(150,646,025) <u>32,868,224</u>
Balance, end of year	\$ 52,423,365	<u>\$(117,777,801</u>)
<u>December 31, 2010</u>		
Balance, beginning of year Reduction	\$ 53,843,702 1,420,337	\$(183,514,249) <u>32,868,224</u>
Balance, end of year	\$ 52,423,365	<u>\$(150,646,025)</u>

In April 2011, the Company invested \$200,000,000 in Cal Hotel to meet this investee's operating needs.

On December 28, 2010, the Company acquired 4.02% equity in Kaohsiung Catering Services for

12. PROPERTIES

	December 31	
	2011	2010
Revaluation increase - cost		
Buildings	<u>\$ 41,297,645</u>	\$ 50,335,009
Accumulated depreciation		
Buildings	\$ 2,735,167,939	\$ 3,469,488,614
Machinery and equipment	3,050,569,033	3,086,701,234
Flight equipment	78,780,714,029	70,066,802,888
Furniture	413,077,707	413,573,173
Leased flight and other equipment	6,208,371,294	5,592,854,537
Leasehold improvements	<u>832,767,516</u>	873,015,258
	\$ 92,020,667,518	\$ 83,502,435,704

Interests capitalized amounted to \$75,309,000 in 2011 and \$76,655,000 in 2010,with interests calculated at rates ranging from 1.91% to 2.06% and from 1.6017% to 2.2177%, respectively.

In 1976 and 1982, the Company revalued its properties in accordance with government regulations. Revaluation increments were recorded as increases in the carrying amounts of the assets and as credits to unrealized revaluation increments.

The Company had planned to use the land in Nan Kan in Taoyuan as the site for a headquarters building. However, after the headquarters moved to Cal Park in Nan Kan in March 2010, the Company decided to change the purpose for the land, depending on future operations. Thus, the land was regarded as an individual cash-generating unit and subjected to an impairment test. Using a land appraisal report, the Company recognized the difference between the net fair value of \$1,468,433,000 and the book value of \$2,047,448,000 as an impairment loss of \$579,015,000.

13. SHORT-TERM LOANS

		December 31		iber 31
		2011		2010
Bank loans.	Interest - 0.72% to 0.88% in 2010	\$		\$ 1,100,000,000

14. SHORT-TERM BILLS PAYABLE

	I	December 31
	2011	2010
Commercial paper - discounted interest of 0.698% to 0.738% in the year ended December 31, 2010 Less: Unamortized discount on bills payable	\$	- \$ 1,250,000,000 - 375,288
	\$	<u> </u>

15. BONDS PAYABLE

	December 31	
	2011	2010
Five-year secured domestic bonds - issued at par in July 2006; repayable in July 2009, July 2010 and July 2011;		
2.21% interest p.a., payable annually. November 2007; repayable in November 2010, November 2011 and November 2012; indicator rate plus 0.4% interest	\$ -	\$ 2,600,000,000
p.a., payable quarterly. January 2010; repayable in January 2013, January 2014 and	1,200,000,000	2,100,000,000
January 2015; indicator rate plus 1.5% interest p.a., payable quarterly. February 2010; repayable in February 2013, February 2014	1,300,000,000	1,300,000,000
and February 2015; indicator rate plus 1.5% interest p.a., payable quarterly.	2,300,000,000	2,300,000,000
May 2011; repayable in May 2014, May 2015 and May 2016; 1.35% interest p.a., payable annually.	6,000,000,000	-
Three-year private unsecured bonds-issued at par in		
April 2009; repayable in April 2012; 3.4% interest p.a., payable semiannually. June 2009; repayable in June 2012; 3.4% interest p.a.,	8,800,000,000	8,800,000,000
payable semiannually.	2,200,000,000	2,200,000,000
May 2010; repayable in May 2013; 2.8% interest p.a., payable semiannually.	5,050,000,000	5,050,000,000
Five-year private unsecured bonds-issued at par in		
April 2009; repayable in April 2014; 3.6% interest p.a.,		
payable semiannually.	1,100,000,000	1,100,000,000
June 2009; repayable in June 2014; 3.6% interest p.a.,		
payable semiannually.	800,000,000	800,000,000
	28,750,000,000	26,250,000,000
Less: Current portion	12,200,000,000	3,500,000,000
	\$ 16,550,000,000	\$ 22,750,000,000

On May 5, 12 and 19 of 2010, the Company made a first issue of 2010 private unsecured bonds with aggregate face value of \$5,050,000,000. The investors included these affiliates: Taoyuan International Airport Services, Mandarin Airlines, Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan), China Pacific Catering Services and Hwa Hsia.

The third issue of unsecured domestic convertible bonds with an aggregate face value of \$10,000,000,000 was on August 8, 2005. These bonds matured on August 7, 2010 at an annual zero interest rate. The bond repayment terms, conversion features and other conditions are summarized as follows:

- a. The holders may demand a lump-sum payment for the bonds upon maturity.
- b. Between September 8, 2005 and August 7, 2008, the holders can require the Company to redeem their bonds at 99.7% of face value.
- c. The Company may redeem the bonds piecemeal between September 8, 2005 and June 28, 2010 under certain conditions.

- d. Between September 8, 2005 and July 28, 2010 (except for the period between the ex-dividend date and the date of dividend declaration on record), holders may convert the bonds to the Company's common shares. The initial conversion price was set at NT\$18.25, subject to adjustment if there is capital injection by cash, stock dividend distribution, or capital reduction to offset accumulated deficit.
- e. As of August 7, 2010, bonds with aggregate face value of \$7,203,000,000 had been converted into 502,779,000 common shares of the Company. The Company repurchased and wrote off bonds with aggregate face value of \$2,767,000,000, and also redeemed the remaining bonds with an aggregate face value of \$30,000,000 in August 2010.

16. LONG-TERM DEBT

	December 31	
	2011	2010
Bank loans	\$ 77,201,623,954	\$ 81,207,197,696
Commercial paper, net of unamortized discounts of \$23,252,282 and \$7,100,891 in the years ended		
December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively	10,231,747,718	2,997,899,109
	87,433,371,672	84,205,096,805
Less: Current portion	<u>18,047,761,512</u>	17,253,668,462
	\$ 69,385,610,160	\$ 66,951,428,343

Bank loans (New Taiwan dollars, U.S. dollars and Japanese yen) are repayable quarterly, semiannually or in lump sum upon maturity in February 26, 2020. Related information is summarized as follows:

	Currency		
	New Taiwan Dollars	U.S. Dollars	Japanese Yen
<u>Amounts</u>			
Original currency			
2011	\$ 49,575,496,546	\$ 895,741,879	\$ 1,240,000,000
2010	48,224,426,346	1,101,711,283	2,480,000,000
Translated in New Taiwan dollars			
2011	49,575,496,546	27,143,693,451	482,433,957
2010	48,224,426,346	32,119,862,512	862,908,838
<u>Interest rates</u>			
2011	0.7%-2.6%	0.3911%-4.77%	0.6957%
2010	1.024%-2.909%	0.2656%-4.79%	0.6869%
<u>Periods</u>			
2011	2002/4/11-2020/2/26	2000/7/6-2017/9/21	2007/12/26-2012/12/26
2010	2002/4/11-2020/2/26	2000/7/6-2017/9/21	2007/12/26-2012/12/26

The Company has note issuance facilities (NIFs) obtained from certain financial institutions. The NIFs, with various maturities until March 2012, were used by the Company to guarantee commercial paper it issued. The commercial paper was issued at discount rates of 1.341% to 2.102% in 2011 and 0.525% to 1.723% in 2010.

17. LONG-TERM CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

	December 31		
	2011	2010	
Capital lease obligations Less: Current portion	\$ 2,320,705,642 1,185,639,137	\$ 3,292,956,470 1,060,207,601	
	<u>\$ 1,135,066,505</u>	\$ 2,232,748,869	

As of December 31, 2011, the Company was in contract with certain foreign companies under capital lease agreements of aircraft and related parts expiring on various dates until February 2014.

Future minimum rental payments on flight equipment are summarized as follows:

Period	Amount
2012	\$ 1,185,639,137
2013	875,853,499
2014	259,213,007

18. PENSION PLAN

Based on the defined contribution pension plan under the Labor Pension Act, the rate of the Company's required monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts under the custody of the Bureau of Labor Insurance is at 6% of salaries and wages. The Company recognized defined contribution pension costs of \$113,599,000 in 2011 and \$123,139,000 in 2010.

The pension plan under the Labor Standards Law is a defined benefit pension plan. Benefits are based on the service years accumulated and the average basic salaries and wages of the six months before retirement. The Company makes monthly contributions to a pension fund at 7% of salaries and wages. The fund is administered by a pension fund committee and deposited in the committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. The Company recognized pension cost of \$749,430,000 in 2011 and \$987,154,000 in 2010.

Other defined benefit pension plan is summarized as follows:

a. Net pension cost

	2011	2010
Service cost Interest cost Projected return on plan assets Amortization of net transition obligation Amortization of prior service cost Amortization of pension gains or losses	\$ 251,472,577 213,032,486 (43,011,242) - 59,135,597 268,800,843	\$ 303,312,345 209,868,179 (47,224,192) 307,507,000 59,135,597 154,554,898
7 mortization of pension gams of losses	\$ 749,430,261	\$ 987,153,827

b. Reconciliation of the fund status of the plan and accrued pension cost:

		December 31		
		2011	2010	
	Benefit obligation:			
	Vested benefit obligation	\$ (5,641,281,091)	\$ (6,036,996,281)	
	Non-vested benefit obligation	(3,448,394,448)	(3,046,712,685)	
	Accumulated benefit obligation	(9,089,675,539)	(9,083,708,966)	
	Additional benefits based on future salaries	(1,268,607,961)	(1,174,030,951)	
	Projected benefit obligation	(10,358,283,500)	(10,257,739,917)	
	Fair value of plan assets	2,710,958,860	2,436,797,815	
	Funded status	(7,647,324,640)	(7,820,942,102)	
	Unrecognized prior service cost	118,271,189	177,406,786	
	Unrecognized net actuarial loss	3,459,892,285	3,713,782,427	
	Additional liability	(2,309,555,513)	(2,717,158,262)	
	Accrued pension cost	<u>\$ (6,378,716,679)</u>	<u>\$ (6,646,911,151)</u>	
	Vested benefits	\$ 9,170,131,479	\$ 10,212,886,418	
		Dec	ember 31	
		2011	2010	
c.	Actuarial assumptions			
	Discount rate used in determining present values	2.00%	2.25%	
	Future salary increase rate	1.50%	1.50%	
	Expected rate of return on plan assets	2.00%	2.25%	
d.	Contributions to the fund	\$ 553,644,102	<u>\$ 504,007,891</u>	
e.	Payments from the fund	\$ 309,753,726	\$ 245,579,890	

19. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

To meet the Company's financial demand for its operation as well as debt repayment, the board resolved in June 2011 to publicly issue 568,378,000 common shares at NT\$11.73 per share having a NT\$10.00 par value and the record dates of February 10, 2012 for the common share issuances. The Company completed the related registration of capital increase on February 20, 2012.

Under the Company Law, of the publicly issued common shares, 10% should be reserved for subscription by the Company's employees. In December 2011, the board resolved the amount of shares and price for subscription by the employees. Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 39 - "Share-based Payment," the compensation cost of employee stock options was recognized on the grant-date using the fair value method.

Other information on employee stock options is as follows:

	Number of Options (In Thousands)	Weighted -average Exercise Price
Employee stock options on a capital increase in 2011		
Options granted Options exercised Options expired	56,838 - 	\$ 11.73 11.73 11.73
	56,838	
Weighted-average fair value of options granted	<u>\$ 0.4948</u>	

Options granted were priced using the Black-Scholes pricing model, and the inputs to the model were as follows:

Grant-date share price	NT\$12.15
Exercise price	NT\$11.73
Expected volatility	39.89%
Expected life	5 days
Expected dividend yield	-
Risk-free interest rate	0.7687%

The compensation cost of employee stock options issued for capital increase in December 2011 was recognized at \$28,123,000, consisting of the capital surplus - employee stock options at their fair value of \$28,123,000.

Under the Company Law, capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit. The capital surplus from shares issued in excess of par (additional paid-in capital from issuance of common shares, additional paid-in capital from issuance of stocks for combination and treasury stock transactions) and donations may be capitalized within a certain percentage of the Company's paid-in capital. Under the revised Company Law issued on January 4, 2012, the capital surplus may also be distributed in cash. However, the capital surplus from long-term investments may not be used for any purpose.

Capital surplus is summarized as follows:

	December 31		
	2011	2010	
Arising from the issuance of common shares	\$ 391,866,400	\$ 391,866,400	
Arising from treasury stock transactions	1,155,512	-	
Arising from long-term investments	955,395	955,395	
Employee stock options	28,123,422		
	<u>\$ 422,100,729</u>	\$ 392,821,795	

The Company's Articles of Incorporation provide that the following should be appropriated from annual net income (less any deficit): (a) 10% as legal reserve, and (b) special reserve equivalent to a debit balance of any stockholders' equity account. From the remainder, the Company should also appropriate at least 3% as bonus to employees. Of the final remainder, at least 50% should be distributed to stockholders as both cash and stock dividends (cash dividend should not be less than 30% of the total dividends) or stock dividends only. In determining the amount of cash dividends to be distributed, the board of directors should take into account future cash requirements of the Company, primarily cash requirements for future aircraft acquisitions. Distribution of earnings generated in prior years should also meet the foregoing guidelines.

All earnings appropriations should be made and approved by the stockholders in, and given effect to in the financial statements of, the year following the year of earnings generation.

There was a net loss for year ended December 31, 2011; thus, no bonus to employees was estimated. For 2010, the bonus to employees was estimated at \$61,038,000. The bonus to employees represented 3% of net income (net of the bonus) net of the accumulated deficit, legal reserve, and special reserve. Material differences between these estimates and the amounts proposed by the Board of Directors in the following year are retroactively adjusted for in the year of the proposal. If the actual amounts subsequently resolved by the stockholders differ from the proposed amounts, the differences are recorded in the year of stockholders' resolution as a change in accounting estimate.

Based on a directive issued by the Securities and Futures Bureau, an amount equal to the net debit balance of certain stockholders' equity accounts (including unrealized valuation gain or loss on financial instruments, cumulative translation adjustments against the unrealized gain of equity, and net loss not recognized as pension cost) should be transferred from unappropriated earnings to a special reserve. Any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent of the decrease in the net debit balance.

Under the regulations of the Securities and Futures Bureau, a special reserve is appropriated from the balance of the retained earnings at an amount equal to the carrying value of the treasury stock held by subsidiaries in excess of the market value on the balance sheet date. The special reserve may be reversed when the market value recovers.

Under the Company Law, legal reserve should be appropriated until it has reached the Company's paid-in capital. This reserve may be used to offset a deficit. Under the revised Company Law issued on January 4, 2012, when the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2010 had been approved in the stockholders' meeting on June 24, 2011. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)
Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	\$ 799,629,908 5,162,070,526 	\$0.4
	<u>\$ 7,814,349,375</u>	

On June 29, 2010, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to offset the accumulated deficit of 2009. The Company offset the 2009 accumulated deficit of \$628,088,000 against capital surplus.

The Company's profit sharing in cash to employees of \$61,038,000 for 2010 was approved in the stockholders' meeting held on June 24, 2011. The resolved amount of profit sharing to employees was consistent with that approved under a resolution passed at the Board of Directors' meeting held on April 29, 2011, and the same amount was charged against the earnings of 2010. No bonus to employees was

estimated for 2009 because of a net loss in that year.

On March 23, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to offset the accumulated deficit of 2011. The Company offset the accumulated deficit (a net loss of \$1,954,271,000) against the unappropriated earnings of \$181,950,000, a special reserve of \$1,288,701,000, and the legal reserve of \$483,620,000. No bonus to employees was estimated for 2011 because of a net loss in that year.

Offesting the accumulated deficit in 2011 will be made and approved by the stockholders on June 15, 2012.

Information on bonus to employee is available on the Market Observation Post System website.

Except for non-ROC resident stockholders, all stockholders receiving the unappropriated earnings generated on and after January 1, 1998 are allowed a tax credit equal to their proportionate share of the income tax paid by the Company.

20. TREASURY STOCK

(Shares in Thousands)

Purpose of Treasury Stock	Number of Shares, Beginning of Year	Reduction During the Year (Note)	Number of Shares, End of Year
Year ended December 31, 2011			
Company's shares held by its subsidiaries reclassified from investment in shares of stock to treasury stock	2,889		_2,889
Year ended December 31, 2010			
Company's shares held by its subsidiaries reclassified from investment in shares of stock to treasury stock	2,889	-	2,889

The Company's shares held by its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

Subsidiary	Shares (In Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Market Value
<u>December 31, 2011</u>			
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 27,385,090 10,746,806	\$ 27,385,090 <u>10,746,806</u>
		\$ 38,131,896	\$ 38,131,896
<u>December 31, 2010</u>			
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 53,525,402 21,005,122	\$ 53,525,402 21,005,122
		<u>\$ 74,530,524</u>	\$ 74,530,524

The shares of the Company held by its subsidiaries were treated as treasury stock. The subsidiaries can exercise stockholders' right on these treasury stocks, except the right to subscribe for the Company's new

shares and the right to vote.

21. INCOME TAX

a. The reconciliation of the income tax expense (benefit) based on income (loss) before income tax at the statutory rate of 17% and income tax expense was as follows:

		2011		2010
	Income tax expense (benefit) on income (loss) before income tax at statutory rate	\$ (399,199,776)	\$	1,975,418,927
	Add (deduct) tax effects of: Permanent differences Temporary differences Loss carryforwards	(37,004,274) (58,417,941) 494,621,991		63,714,501 (409,096,939)
	Loss carryforwards used Overseas income tax expense	 64,346,625		1,535,442,872)
	Income tax expense - current	\$ 64,346,625	\$	94,593,617
b.	Income tax expense (benefit) consisted of the following:			
		2011		2010
	Income tax expense - current Investment tax credits used	\$ 64,346,625	\$	94,593,617 (26,707,194)
	Net changes in deferred income tax expense (benefit): Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for loss on inventories	(4,701,504) (3,027,711)		(2,014,611)
	Equity in net gain or loss of foreign equity-method investees Loss on disposal of properties	775,033 (27,101,449)		1,922,972
	Depreciation difference between accounting and tax on properties	(1,479,662)		(1,479,662)
	Allowance for loss on idle properties Accrued expense for frequent-flyer program Unrealized lawsuit loss	(13,164,385) 1,786,491 26,813,880		(27,824,770) 6,386,000 125,032,981
	Provision for pension cost Unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss	(23,699,407) 96,588,942		(77,630,460) (85,223,332)
	Valuation gain or loss on financial instruments Difference between accounting and tax on interest Loss carryforwards	5,627,713 (548,773,588)		464,298,547 5,629,274 1,538,854,513
	Investment tax credits Effect of tax law changes on deferred income tax	947,642,479		593,238,965 1,336,738,578
	Adjustment in valuation allowance due to changes in tax laws Other valuation allowance	(915,993,563)	((300,383,915) 2,588,135,742)
	Adjustment of prior years' tax	 396,689		(59,278,409)
	Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ (393,963,417)	\$	998,017,352

In May 2010, the Legislative Yuan passed the amendment of Article 5 of the Income Tax Law, which reduced a profit-seeking enterprise's income tax rate from 20% to 17%, effective on January 1, 2010.

c. Deferred income tax assets (liabilities) as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 consisted of the following:

	December 31			
		2011		2010
Current				
Allowance for loss on inventories	\$	14,261,546	\$	11,233,835
Loss on disposal of properties	·	27,101,449	·	-
Accrued expenses for frequent-flyer program		16,561,826		18,348,317
Unrealized lawsuit loss		37,539,432		26,813,880
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		· -		94,479,190
Allowance for doubtful accounts		4,701,504		-
Investment income tax credits		111,417,863		840,497,327
Deferred tax assets		211,583,620		991,372,549
Less: Valuation allowance		(44,577,863)		(840,497,327)
Deferred income tax assets, net		167,005,757		150,875,222
Unrealized gain on financial instruments		(11,902,268)		(1,639,180)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain		(2,109,752)		<u>-</u>
Deferred income tax assets, net	<u>\$</u>	152,993,737	<u>\$</u>	149,236,042
Noncurrent				
Equity in net loss of foreign equity-method investees	\$	96,230,011	\$	97,005,044
Allowance for loss on idle properties		175,924,406		162,760,021
Provision for pension cost		691,451,878		667,840,220
Difference between accounting and tax on interest		81,584,659		87,212,372
Unrealized lawsuit loss		123,343,849		160,883,281
Cumulative translation adjustments		327,341,382		690,247,230
Unrealized loss on financial instruments		3,566,915		15,114,817
Loss carryforwards	5	,209,915,370		4,661,141,782
Investment income tax credits		230,917,136		449,480,151
Deferred income tax assets	6	,940,275,606		6,991,684,918
Less: Valuation allowance		(98,843,838)		(218,917,937)
Deferred income tax assets, net	6	,841,431,768		6,772,766,981
Depreciation difference between accounting and tax on				
properties		(146,008,753)		(147,488,415)
Deferred income tax assets, net	\$ 6	5,695,423,015	\$	6,625,278,566

d. Information on the imputation credit account (ICA) and creditable tax ratio is summarized as follows:

		December 31		
	2	011	2010	
Balance of ICA	\$ 24,	,942,084	\$ 265,654,010	

Since the Company had an accumulated deficit as of December 31, 2011, there was no expected creditable tax ratio. The actual creditable ratio for the distribution of the earnings of 2010 was 4.08%. The Company had no unappropriated retained earnings generated since January 1, 1998.

e. Unused investment tax credits as of December 31, 2010 were as follows:

Laws and Statutes	Tax Credit Source	Total Creditable Amount	Remaining Creditable Amount	Expiry Year
Article 6 of the Statute for Upgrading Industries	R&D expenses, personnel training expenses and purchases of eligible	\$ 111,417,863 165,684,028 40,542,154	\$ 111,417,863 165,684,028 40,542,154	2012 2013 2014
	equipment	<u>24,690,954</u> \$ 342,334,999	<u>24,690,954</u> <u>\$ 342,334,999</u>	2015

f. Unused tax loss carryforwards as of December 31, 2011 were as follows:

Expiry Year	Unused Amount
2018 2019 2021	\$ 8,398,753,893 19,338,265,982 2,909,541,126
	\$ 30,646,561,001

g. The income tax returns of the Company through 2009 have been examined by the tax authorities, except for the following:

On the Company's 2008 and 2009 tax returns assessed by the tax authorities, investment tax credits were reduced to \$6,406,000 and \$162,397,000, respectively, which affected the usage of investment tax credits in the following years. The Company disagreed with the tax authorities' assessment of its 2008 and 2009 tax returns and had applied for a reexamination.

22. PERSONNEL, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES

		2011	
	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total
Personnel			
Salaries	\$ 9,250,252,749	\$ 2,188,707,448	\$ 11,438,960,197
Labor and health insurance	542,117,138	431,561,104	973,678,242
Pension cost	614,596,517	248,432,925	863,029,442
Others	1,749,778,957	155,617,032	1,905,395,989
Depreciation	9,869,502,485	373,520,933	10,243,023,418
Amortization	2,418,487	158,246,585	160,665,072

	2010		
	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total
Personnel			
Salaries	\$ 10,635,037,738	\$ 2,757,187,051	\$ 13,392,224,789
Labor and health insurance	505,843,486	388,377,390	894,220,876
Pension cost	752,994,393	357,298,190	1,110,292,583
Others	2,163,493,935	231,134,190	2,394,628,125
Depreciation	9,472,337,479	382,161,639	9,854,499,118
Amortization	4,031,188	195,723,714	199,754,902

23. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The numerators and denominators used in calculating earnings per share (EPS) were as follows:

	Amounts (Thousands) (As Numerator)		Shares (Thousands)	Earnings (Loss) Per Share (NT\$)	
<u>2011</u>	Pretax	After Tax	(As Denominator)	Pretax	After Tax
Basic and diluted loss per share Net loss on common stock	<u>\$ (2,384,234)</u>	<u>\$ (1,954,271</u>)	4,628,733	\$ (0.51)	<u>\$ (0.42)</u>
<u>2010</u>					
Basic EPS Net income on common stock Effect of dilutive potential common shares	\$ 11,620,111	\$ 10,622,094	4,591,971	<u>\$ 2.53</u>	<u>\$ 2.31</u>
Bonus to employees	-	-	1,384		
Third issue of unsecured domestic convertible bonds			44,683		
Diluted EPS	<u>\$ 11,620,111</u>	\$ 10,622,094	4,638,038	<u>\$ 2.51</u>	\$ 2.29

The Accounting Research and Development Foundation issued Interpretation 2007-052, which requires companies to recognize bonuses paid to employees, directors and supervisors as compensation expenses beginning January 1, 2008. These bonuses were previously recorded as appropriations from earnings. If the Company decides to settle the bonus to employees by cash or shares, the Company should presume that the entire amount of the bonus will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares should be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the calculation of diluted EPS, if the shares have a dilutive effect. The number of shares is estimated by dividing the entire amount of the bonus by the closing price of the shares at the balance sheet date. This dilutive effect of the potential shares should be included in the calculation of diluted EPS until the shareholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees at their meeting in the following year.

24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair values of financial instruments

	December 31				
	20	11	2010		
		Estimated		Estimated	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
Financial assets					
Financial assets - with fair values					
approximating carrying amounts	\$ 30,660,481,931	\$ 30,660,481,931	\$ 35,654,998,501	\$ 35,654,998,501	
Financial assets at fair value through profit					
or loss	3,652,823,613	3,652,823,613	674,021,543	674,021,543	
Available-for-sale financial assets	96,131,011	96,131,011	117,314,587	117,314,587	
Derivative financial assets for hedging	108,667,850	108,667,850	210,357	210,357	
Financial assets carried at cost	371,366,902	-	371,366,902	-	
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities - with fair values					
approximating carrying amounts	17,231,288,467	17,231,288,467	19,741,116,935	19,741,116,935	
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	72,400,976	72,400,976	119,578,956	119,578,956	
Bonds issued	28,750,000,000	29,543,925,532	26,250,000,000	28,014,183,080	
Loans and debts	87,433,371,672	87,461,638,881	84,205,096,805	84,430,090,884	

- b. Methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments are as follows:
 - 1) The carrying amounts of the following short-term financial instruments approximate their fair values because of their short maturities: cash and cash equivalents, receivables, receivables related parties, other receivables, other financial assets noncurrent, deposit accounts, restricted assets noncurrent, short-term loans, commercial paper, accounts payable, accounts payable to related parties, accrued expenses, current other liabilities and portion of other liabilities others.
 - 2) Fair values of financial instruments designated as at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial assets, and derivative financial assets for hedging are based on their quoted prices in an active market. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated using valuation techniques. For those instruments which are acquired in private and could not be traded in the open market, the Company calculates their fair values by the Black-Scholes model. For those derivative financial assets for hedging and with no quoted prices, the fair values are determined using valuation techniques incorporating estimates and assumptions consistent with those generally used by other market participants to price financial instruments. The valuation techniques are applied to the derivative financial assets by financial institutions, which calculate fair values at the expiry date of each contract..
 - 3) Financial assets carried at cost are investments in unquoted shares, which have no quoted prices in an active market and entail an unreasonably high cost to obtain verifiable fair values. Thus, no fair value is presented.
 - 4) Fair values of bonds payable are based on their quoted market prices.
 - 5) Some long-term debts and capital lease obligations are floating-rate financial liabilities, so their carrying values are their fair values. The fair values of long-term debts and private bonds with fixed interest rates are estimated at the present value of expected cash flows discounted at rates of 1.1281 % to 1.25% in 2011 and 0.78% to 2.167% in 2010 prevailing in the market for long-term debts.

The total amount of fair value listed above is not equal to the total value of the Company because it is not necessary to disclose the fair value of semifinancial and nonfinancial instruments.

c. Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities determined at quoted market prices or estimates are summarized as follows:

	•	arket Prices nber 31		ed on Estimates aber 31
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss	\$ 3,278,738,613	\$ 300,031,543	\$ 374,085,000	\$ 373,990,000
Available-for-sale financial assets	96,131,011	117,314,587	-	-
Derivative financial assets for hedging	-	-	108,667,850	210,357
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	-	-	72,400,976	119,578,956
Bonds issued	10,793,610,000	8,300,832,000	18,750,315,532	19,713,351,080
Loans and debts	- · · · · · -	-	87,461,638,881	84,430,090,884

- d. As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, loans, short-term bills payable, bonds payable, and capital lease obligations at fixed rate that were exposed to fair value interest rate risk, amounted to \$24,596,691,000 and \$26,044,628,000, respectively, and those at floating rate, which were exposed to cash flow interest rate risk, amounted to \$93,907,387,000 and \$90,053,050,000, respectively.
- e. The adjustments of stockholders' equity credited directly from the available-for-sale financial assets amounted to \$17,583,000 for 2011 and \$29,074,000 for 2010, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, the gain recognized and deducted from the adjustments of stockholders' equity was\$ 118,139,000.

25. RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEDGING STRATEGIES

a. Risk management strategy

The Company has risk management and hedging strategies to respond to changes in the economic and financial environment and in the fuel market. To reduce the financial risk from changes in interest and exchange rates and in fuel prices, the Company has its operating costs stay within a specified range by using appropriate financial hedging instruments and hedging percentages in accordance with the "Processing Program of Derivative Financial Instrument Transactions" approved by Company stockholders to reduce the impact of market price changes on earnings.

In addition, the Company has a financial risk committee, which meets periodically to evaluate the performance of derivative instruments and determine the appropriate hedging percentage. This committee informs the Company of global economic and financial conditions, controls the entire financial risk resulting from changes in the financial environment and fuel prices, and develops the strategy and response to avoid financial risk with the assistance of financial risk experts to effect risk management.

The Company enters into forward contracts, currency option contracts, and foreign exchange swap contracts to hedge against the risks on changes in foreign-currency assets, liabilities and commitments and in the related exchange rates; enters into interest swap contracts to hedge against adverse risks on changes in net liability interest rates; enters into cross-currency swap contracts to hedge against adverse risks on interest rate and exchange rate changes; and enters into fuel swap contracts to hedge against adverse risks on fuel price changes. The Company uses derivative financial instruments with fair values that are highly negatively correlated to the fair values of hedged items and evaluates the hedging effectiveness of these instruments periodically.

The Company uses derivative instruments to avoid major market risks.

The following table summarizes the aggregate contractual (notional) amounts, credit risk and fair value of the derivative financial instruments of the Company as of December 31, 2011 and 2010.

			Decem	ber 31		
		2011			2010	
Hedge	Contractual (Notional) Amount	Credit Risk	Fair Value	Contractual (Notional) Amount	Credit Risk	Fair Value
The Company						
Interest rate swaps Currency options	\$ 3,335,000,000	\$ -	\$ (26,577,900)	\$ 7,729,000,000	\$ -	\$ (100,658,695)
- Call	696,969,697	4,602,140	4,515,794	87,463,557	210,357	210,357
- Put	696,969,697	794,188	(2,659,461)	87,463,557	-	(775,901)
Forward exchange	1,090,909,091	9,674,025	8,908,414	364,431,487	-	(18,144,360)
Fuel swaps (Note)						
- Call	93,597,496	93,597,496	93,597,496	-	-	-
- Put	41,517,468	-	(41,517,468)	-	-	-

Note: Based on the Taiwan Stock Exchange's regulation for the public companies' monthly declaration on the trading of derivative financial instruments, the contractual amounts are shown at the absolute values of fair values because fuel swap contracts only have nominal amounts.

The contract amount is used to calculate the amounts to be settled by the counter-parties; thus, it is neither the actual delivery amount nor the cash requirement of the Company. The derivative financial instruments held or issued by the Company are likely to be sold at reasonable market prices. The Company does not expect significant cash flow requirements upon contract maturity.

Credit risk refers to the loss the Company will incur on counter-parties' default on contracts. However, the Company's counter-parties are all trustworthy international and domestic financial institutions. In addition, the Company trades with several financial institutions to disperse risks. Thus, the Company does not expect to incur significant credit risks.

The fair value of each derivative contract is determined using quotes from financial institutions.

The amount of the Company's maximum exposure to the risks on all financial instruments (excluding the fair value of collaterals) is equal to the book value of these instruments.

b. Cash flow hedge

Floating-interest long-term debts, foreign-currency firm commitments and transactions and expected demand for aviation fuel may result in future cash flow fluctuations and risks due to changes in market interest and exchange rates. To hedge against these risks, the Company uses interest rate swaps, forward exchange contracts and option contracts. The cash flow hedge information is summarized as follows:

	Fi	inanc	ial Instruments			Expected	Profit or Loss
	Designated as Hedging		Decembe	r 31, 2	2011	Cash Flow	Recognition
Hedged Items	Instruments	No	ominal Amount		Fair Value	Period	Period
The Company							
Floating-interest long-term debts	Interest rate swaps	\$	3,335,000,000	\$	(26,577,900)	2011 to 2016	2011 to 2016
Fuel cost in U.S. dollars	Currency options						
	- Call		242,424,243		1,335,266	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
	- Put		242,424,243		(223,816)	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
Lease cost in U.S. dollars	Currency options						
	- Call		454,545,454		3,180,528	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
	- Put		454,545,454		(2,435,645)	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
Lease cost in U.S. dollars	Forward exchange		1,090,909,091		8,908,414	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
							(Continued)

	Fi	nancial Instruments		Expected	Profit or Loss
	Designated as Hedging	Decembe	er 31, 2011	Cash Flow	Recognition
Hedged Items	Instruments	Nominal Amount	Fair Value	Period	Period
Fuel cost in U.S. dollars	Fuel swaps				
	- Call	\$ 93,597,496	\$ 93,597,496	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
	- Put	41,517,468	(41,517,468)	2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
			\$ 36,266,87 <u>5</u>		
					(Concluded)
	TES	nancial Instruments		Ermostad	Profit or Loss
	Designated as Hedging		er 31, 2010	Expected Cash Flow	Recognition
Hedged Items	Instruments	Nominal Amount	Fair Value	Period	Period
Heugeu Hems	mstruments	Nominal Amount	ran value	1 errou	1 criou
The Company					
Floating-interest long-term debts	Interest rate swaps	\$ 7,729,000,000	\$ (100,658,695)	2006 to 2013	2006 to 2013
Fuel cost in U.S. dollars	Currency options				
	- Call	87,463,557	210,357	2010 to 2011	2010 to 2011
	- Put	87,463,557	(775,901)	2010 to 2011	2010 to 2011
Lease cost in U.S. dollars	Forward exchange	364,431,487	(18,144,360)	2010 to 2011	2010 to 2011
			\$ (119,368,599)		

The gain or loss on cash flow hedging instruments that was recognized as adjustments to stockholders' equity is summarized as follows:

	Decem	iber 31
Adjustment Items	2011	2010
Amount recognized in equity during the year Amount removed from equity and included in profit or loss for	\$ 118,908,800	\$ (58,197,522)
the year	5,162,519	304,891,857

26. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a. The Company's related parties

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Subsidiary
Cal Park	Subsidiary
Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary
Cal-Dynasty International	Subsidiary
Taoyuan International Airport Services	Subsidiary
China Pacific Catering Services	Subsidiary
Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan)	Subsidiary
Cal-Asia Investment	Subsidiary
China Aircraft Service	Equity-method investee
Taiwan Airport Services	Subsidiary
Kaohsiung Catering Services	Equity-method investee
Asian Compressor Technology Services	Equity-method investee
Cal Hotel	Subsidiary
Science Park Logistics	Equity-method investee
China Pacific Laundry Services	Subsidiary
Hwa Hsia	Subsidiary
Dynasty Holidays	Subsidiary
	(Continued)

(Continued

Related Party	Relationship with the Company			
Yestrip	Subsidiary			
Global Sky Express	Subsidiary			
Freighter Princess Ltd.	Subsidiary			
Freighter Prince Ltd.	Subsidiary			
Freighter Queen Ltd.	Subsidiary			
Yangtze River Express Airlines	Subsidiary's equity-method investee			
China Aviation Development Foundation	Major stockholder (39.10%)			
	(0 1 1 1)			

(Concluded)

b. Significant transactions with related parties:

		2011		2010	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
1)	Revenues				
	36 1 1 1 1 1	Ф. 1.002.002.202		ф 1 0 50 5 10 <44	1 10
	Mandarin Airlines	\$ 1,992,992,303	1.51	\$ 1,972,718,644	1.43
	Yangtze River Express Airlines	413,227,934	0.31	619,348,992	0.45
	Global Sky Express	173,667,300	0.13	157,295,701	0.11
	China Aviation Development Foundation	43,945,387	0.03	34,287,952	0.03
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	16,577,041	0.01	20,072,126	0.01
	Others	56,740,885	0.05	55,005,001	0.04
		<u>\$ 2,697,150,850</u>	2.04	<u>\$ 2,858,728,416</u>	2.07
2)	Costs				
	China Pacific Catering Services	\$ 1,022,825,052	0.82	\$ 991,442,983	0.87
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	963,217,353	0.77	1,008,725,080	0.89
	Taiwan Airport Services	357,520,529	0.29	250,887,926	0.22
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	273,858,674	0.22	360,212,338	0.32
	Mandarin Airlines	253,102,909	0.21	244,758,891	0.22
	Hwa Hsia	250,323,655	0.20	247,056,399	0.22
	Cal-Park	213,019,195	0.17	147,929,995	0.13
	China Aircraft Services	204,948,299	0.16	203,183,035	0.18
	Kaohsiung Catering Services	116,392,074	0.09	97,224,893	0.09
	Cal Hotel	79,955,286	0.06	70,498,832	0.06
	China Pacific Laundry Services	78,817,192	0.06	71,088,462	0.06
	China Aviation Development Foundation	68,044,125	0.05	48,185,184	0.04
	Dynasty Holidays	56,842,650	0.05	69,352,891	0.06
	Asian Compressor Technology Services	48,243,448	0.04	24,879,158	0.02
	Yangtze River Express Airlines Co., Ltd.	47,023,485	0.04	53,161,125	0.05
	Cal-Dynasty International	37,352,941	0.03	31,174,603	0.03
	Science Park Logistics	27,310,453	0.02	30,130,081	0.02
	Others	10,525,919	0.01	11,022,618	0.01
		<u>\$ 4,109,323,239</u>	<u>3.29</u>	\$ 3,960,914,494	3.49
		December 31			
		2011		2010	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
3)	Notes and accounts receivable - related parties				
	Mandarin Airlines	\$ 224,039,272	79.22	\$ 406,515,442	81.59
	Yangtze River Express Airlines	29,123,374	10.30	53,499,398	10.74
	Yestrip	14,972,813	5.29	15,428,430	3.10
	Global Sky Express	7,121,113	2.52	7,493,854	1.50
	China Aviation Development Foundation	3,697,160	1.31	6,673,705	1.34
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	1,014,467	0.36	6,364,218	1.34
	Others	2,840,858	1.00	2,237,269	0.45
				\$ 498,212,316	
		<u>\$ 282,809,057</u>	100.00	<u>\$ 470,212,310</u>	100.00

			Decem	ber 3	1		
		 2011			2010		-
		 Amount	%		Amount	%	-
4)	Accounts payable to related parties						
	China Pacific Catering Services	\$ 261,782,338	27.11	\$	242,601,525	22.68	
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	259,901,080	26.92		226,554,733	21.18	
	Mandarin Airlines	174,655,487	18.09		316,913,382	29.62	
	Taiwan Airport Services	72,934,113	7.55		60,565,555	5.66	
	Hwa Hsia	39,299,101	4.07		35,402,794	3.31	
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	38,785,230	4.02		36,731,367	3.43	
	China Aircraft Services	35,726,255	3.70		31,387,429	2.93	
	Kaohsiung Catering Services	23,009,686	2.38		16,095,343	1.51	
	Yangtze River Express Airlines	16,079,730	1.67		62,397,359	5.83	
	China Pacific Laundry Services	13,943,715	1.44		12,949,726	1.21	
	Others	 29,477,968	3.05		28,258,102	2.64	
		\$ 965,594,703	100.00	\$	1,069,857,315	100.00	

5) Lease of properties

In December 2008, the Company rented out planes to Mandarin Airlines under an operating leasing contract. The rent received is based on this contract. The rental rate was adjusted in August 2009. As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, the monthly rentals received amounted to \$1,073,312,000 and \$741,187,000, respectively.

The Company rented planes from Mandarin Airlines under an operating lease agreement. The Company paid the rental by flight hours. The Company paid hourly flight rentals of about \$185,184,000 in 2011 and \$219,647,000 in 2010, respectively.

Under an operating lease agreement, the Company rented flight training machines and flight simulators from China Aviation Development Foundation to train pilots. The Company paid the rental based on usage hours. As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company had paid usage rentals of about \$68,044,000 and \$48,185,000, respectively.

In March 2010, the Company signed with CAL Park a one-year renewable operating lease agreement to use the Operating and Aviation Headquarters building of the Taiwan Taoyuan International Airport at a fixed rental of \$14,793,000 monthly. The Company paid rentals of \$147,930,000 in 2010. In January 2011, the fixed rental was adjusted to \$17,752,000 monthly. The Company paid rentals of \$213,019,000 in 2011.

6) Endorsements and guarantees

		Decem	ber 31	
	20)11	20	10
	Authorized Amount	Occupied Amount	Authorized Amount	Occupied Amount
The Company				
Cal Park	\$ 3,400,000,000	\$ 3,320,000,000	\$ 3,400,000,000	\$ 3,180,000,000
Freighter Princess Ltd.	29,519,987	29,519,987	114,271,986	114,271,986
Freighter Prince Ltd.	334,243,354	334,243,354	340,116,200	340,116,200
Freighter Queen Ltd.	297,216,378	297,216,378	318,319,748	318,319,748
Cal Hotel	180,000,000	146,379,000	180,000,000	167,000,000
Cal Asia				
Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjiang) Composite	16,524,242	13,004,576	15,897,959	-

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, U.S. Treasury Bill amounting to \$660,980,000 and \$772,708,000, respectively, had been pledged as collaterals for financing lease transactions of Freighter Princess Ltd., Freighter Prince Ltd. and Freighter Queen Ltd. and were included in restricted assets - noncurrent.

The transactions between the Company and related parties refer to the air transportation industry. The transaction price is negotiated under a regular transaction process, and the term of making collections and payments for receivables and payables is from 30 days to 2 months, which is consistent with the Company's credit policy.

7) Bonds payable - related parties

Related parties that invested in the first issue of private unsecured bonds in 2010 (Note 15) are summarized as follows:

December 31, 2011

	Decem	2000111001 01, 2011				
Related Parties	Units	Par/Dollars				
Taoyuan International Airport Services	300	\$ 300,000,000				
Mandarin Airlines	300	300,000,000				
Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan)	60	60,000,000				
China Pacific Catering Services	40	40,000,000				
Hwa Hsia	10	10,000,000				
	Decemb	per 31, 2010				
Related Parties	December Units	per 31, 2010 Par/Dollars				
Related Parties Taoyuan International Airport Services						
	Units	Par/Dollars				
Taoyuan International Airport Services	Units 300	Par/Dollars \$ 300,000,000				
Taoyuan International Airport Services Mandarin Airlines	300 300	Par/Dollars \$ 300,000,000 300,000,000				

As of December 31, 2011 and 2010, interest expenses were \$19,826,000 and \$12,476,000, respectively. The interest payable were \$2,454,000 each in 2011 and 2010.

c. Compensation of directors, supervisors and management personnel

	Decen	iber 31
	2011	2010
Salaries Incentive and special compensation	\$ 38,127,633 12,111,219	\$ 35,876,618
	<u>\$ 50,238,852</u>	\$ 46,135,756

27. PLEDGED ASSETS

The following assets had been pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for long-term and short-term bank loans and business transactions:

		December 31				
	2011			2010		
Restricted assets - noncurrent U.S. Treasury Bills Pledged certificates of deposit Properties - land and flight equipment (net)	•	660,979,718 - 05,573,933,044	\$ 	772,707,934 233,236,152 08,913,293,581		
	<u>\$ 10</u>	06,234,912,762	\$ 10	9,919,237,667		

28. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of December 31, 2011, the Company had commitments and contingent liabilities as follow:

- a. In 2009, the Securities and Futures Investors Protection Center (SFIPC) filed a civil lawsuit against Far East Air Transport Ltd. (FEAT) and its executives, directors and supervisors (natural persons) because of allegedly false financial statements for a period starting from the second quarter of 2005 to the third quarter of 2007; the filing was based on Article 20 and Article 20 1 of the Securities and Exchange Act; Article 23 of the Company Act; and Articles 28, 184 and 185 of the Civil Code. In this lawsuit, the SFIPC imposed joint and several liabilities on FEAT'S executives, directors, and supervisors for them to give a total compensation of \$297,061,000 to the investors of FEAT. Later, in January 2010, SFIPC included in its lawsuit the directors and supervisors who are legal persons of FEAT (including the Company), as joint defendants. As of March 23, 2012, the date of the accompanying auditors' report, there were 36 joint defendants in this lawsuit. Although the case is still under review by the Taipei District Court, the Company believes this case will have no material impact on its financial and sales operations.
- b. The Company leased certain flight equipment, hangar, and headquarters building under various operating lease agreements expiring on various dates until January 2024. Lease deposits aggregated \$9,841,485,000.

Minimum rentals for future years are summarized as follows:

Year	Amount
2012	\$ 6,162,868,808
2013	5,135,692,280
2014	4,469,489,528
2015	3,404,969,793
2016	2,611,199,219

Rentals from 2017 and on will aggregate \$8,681,394,000. The present value of these rentals, discounted using the discount interest rate 1.37% for one-year time deposits of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., is \$8,110,400,000.

c. In January 2008, the Company entered into a contract to buy from Airbus fourteen A350-900 aircraft, with the option to buy six more A350-900 aircraft, with aggregate purchase prices of US\$3,933,235,000 and US\$1,802,645,000, respectively. As of December 31, 2011, the Company had paid about US\$119,197,000, which was included in the "prepayments for equipment" in the properties section of the balance sheets.

29. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

The material financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency were as follows:

(Unit: Foreign Currencies/New Taiwan Dollars)

		2011			2010	
	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	New Taiwan Dollars
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD	\$ 123,586,016	30.3030	\$ 3,745,027,050	\$ 135,094,696	29.1545	\$ 3,938,620,880
EUR	13,462,095	40.4858	545,023,672	18,095,814	38.4615	695,992,857
HKD	360,575,843	3.8926	1,403,577,527	351,346,381	3.7481	1,316,890,482
JPY	1,517,912,341	0.3891	590,619,692	3,578,595,109	0.3479	1,245,161,833
RMB	873,956,113	4.7596	4,159,681,517	1,389,090,663	4.3764	6,079,171,392
Foreign operating entity						
USD	1,317,164,584	30.3030	39,914,038,382	1,237,432,031	29.1545	36,076,735,586
Investments accounted for using equity method						
USD	47,317,520	30.3030	1,433,864,243	46,667,378	29.1545	1,360,564,956
HKD	97,926,908	3.8926	381,186,876	96,017,771	3.7481	359,886,699
JPY	98,362,112	0.3891	38,268,728	127,587,425	0.3479	44,393,676
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD	213,553,896	30.3030	6,471,323,714	151,456,611	29.1545	4,415,644,622
EUR	9,708,706	40.4858	393,064,717	10,308,421	38.4615	396,477,719
HKD	59,839,143	3.8926	232,929,849	63,865,143	3.7481	239,374,600
JPY	3,632,121,446	0.3891	1,413,258,455	5,865,642,709	0.3479	2,040,933,441
RMB	236,237,315	4.7596	1,124,395,124	263,504,944	4.3764	1,153,194,505

30. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

- a. Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company and its investees:
 - 1) Financing provided: None
 - 2) Endorsement/guarantee provided: Table 1 (attached)
 - 3) Marketable securities held: Table 2 (attached)
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3 (attached)
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estates at costs or price of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estates at cost or prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 7) Total purchase from or sale to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached)
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 5 (attached).
 - 9) Names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influence: Table 6 (attached).

- 10) Derivative financial transactions (Note 25)
- b. Investment in Mainland China: Table 7 (attached)

31. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company mainly engages in air transportation services for passengers, cargo and others. The major revenue-generating asset is the aircraft fleet, which is jointly used for passenger and cargo services. Thus, the Company's sole reportable segment is flight segment. For operating segment reporting in the consolidated financial statements, the reportable segment of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries comprises the flight and the non-flight business departments.

ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

(In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.	Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider	Count Name	Nature of Relationship	Limits on Each Counter-party's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts (Note 1)	Maximum Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Value of Collaterals Property, Plant, or Equipment	Ratio of Accumulated Amount of Collateral to Net Equity of the Latest Financial Statement (%)	
0	China Airlines (the "Company")	Cal Park	100% subsidiary	\$ 9,411,815,576	\$ 3,400,000,000	\$ 3,400,000,000	\$ -	7.22	\$ 23,529,538,941
		Cal Hotel	100% subsidiary	9,411,815,576	180,000,000	180,000,000	-	0.38	23,529,538,941
		Freighter Princess Ltd.	100% subsidiary	9,411,815,576	114,942,202	29,519,987	29,519,987	0.06	23,529,538,941
		Freighter Prince Ltd.	100% subsidiary	9,411,815,576	355,670,294	334,243,354	334,243,354	0.71	23,529,538,941
		Freighter Queen Ltd.	100% subsidiary	9,411,815,576	299,028,673	297,216,378	297,216,378	0.63	23,529,538,941
1	Cal Asia	Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjiang) Composite	Investments accounted for by the cost method	76,722,055	16,625,000	16,524,242	-	4.31	191,805,136

Note 1: Based on the Company's guidelines, the maximum amount of guarantee to an individual counter-party is up to 20% of the Company's stockholders' equity.

Note 2: Based on the Company's guidelines, the allowable aggregate amount of collateral guarantee is up to 50% of the Company's stockholders' equity.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD DECEMBER 31, 2011

(In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Daladian Ida add d			December 3	1, 2011		
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
China Airlines (the "Company")	Stock							
simurimmes (are company)	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	135,000,000	\$ 1,613,091,139	54.00	\$ 1,613,091,139	_
	Cal Park	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	150.000,000	1,466,188,021	100.00	1,466,188,021	_
	Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	188,154,025	1,150,278,944	93.99	1,293,873,290	Note 1
	Cal-Dynasty International	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	2,614,500	1,050,253,970	100.00	1,050,253,970	-
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	34,300,000	649,302,758	49.00	649,302,758	_
	China Pacific Catering Services	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	43,911,000	641,880,959	51.00	641,880,959	_
	Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan)	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	13,021,042	410,229,241	93.93	410,229,241	_
	Cal-Asia Investment	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	45,476,200	383,610,273	100.00	383,610,273	_
	China Aircraft Service	Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method	28,400,000	381,186,876	20.00	334,429,713	Note 2
	Taiwan Airport Services	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	20,626,644	332,630,056	47.35	332,630,056	-
	Kaohsiung Catering Services	Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method	14,329,759	238,320,783	35.78	239,741,119	Note 2
	Asian Compressor Technology Services	Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method	7,732,200	230,665,809	24.50	230,665,809	11010 2
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	46,500,000	203,061,718	100.00	203,061,718	_
	Science Park Logistics	Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method	13,293,000	177,403,739	28.48	170,317,226	Note 2
	China Pacific Laundry Services	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	13,750,000	150,802,938	55.00	150,802,938	-
	Hwa Hsia	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	50,000	104,075,059	100.00	114,821,867	Note 1
	Dynasty Holidays	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	408	38,268,728	51.00	38,268,728	-
	Yestrip	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	1,600,000	26,609,460	100.00	26,609,460	_
	Global Sky Express	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	250,000	7,218,765	25.00	7,218,765	_
	Freighter Princess Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	1,000	35,088	100.00	35,088	_
	Freighter Prince Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	1,000	34,602	100.00	34,602	_
	Freighter Queen Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investments accounted for by the equity method	1,000	32,895	100.00	32,895	_
	Hua Han Financial Holdings	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	16,790,000	274,516,500	-	274,516,500	-
	France Telecom	_	Available-for-sale - current	195,587	96,131,011	_	96,131,011	_
	Abacus International Holdings Ltd unlisted common	_	Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	1,359,368	297,946,451	13.59	240,641,836	Notes 3 and 6
	stock Abacus International Holdings Ltd unlisted preferred		Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	135,937	472,522			Notes 3 and 6
	stock	-	Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	133,937	472,322	-	-	Notes 3 and 0
	Jardine Air Terminal Services	-	Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	12,000,000	56,022,929	15.00	51,539,510	Note 5
	Chung Hua Express Co.	-	Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	1,100,000	11,000,000	11.00	15,734,819	Note 5
	Regal International Advertising	-	Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	592,500	5,925,000	6.58	568,375	Note 5
	Far Eastern Air Transport	-	Financial assets at cost - noncurrent	34,753,954	-	5.73	-	-
	Convertible bonds							
	China Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent	2,500	374,085,000	-	374,085,000	-
	Beneficial certificates							
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	124,610,923.61	1,503,443,250	-	1,503,443,250	-
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	69,097,779.07	900,420,065	-	900,420,065	-
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	29,236,561.70	400,268,992	-	400,268,992	-
	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	14,032,232.04	200,089,806	-	200,089,806	-

		Relationship with the			December 31, 2011				
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note	
Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Beneficial certificates								
C	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,982,004.91	\$ 28,262,003	-	\$ 28,262,003	-	
	Capital Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	673,535.20	10,475,493	-	10,475,493	-	
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	6,152,710.27	80,176,583	-	80,176,583	-	
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	5,836,344.00	80,177,449	-	80,177,449	-	
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	6,672,869.81	80,508,842	-	80,508,842	-	
			current						
Mandarin Airlines	Stock	D		2.074.620	27 205 000		27, 205, 000		
	China Airlines France Telecom	Parent company -	Available-for-sale financial asset - current Available-for-sale financial asset - current	2,074,628 8,274	27,385,090 4,066,654	-	27,385,090 4,066,654	-	
	Bond								
	First Issue of Private Unsecured Bonds in 2010 - China Airlines	Parent company	Bond investments with no active market - noncurrent	300	300,000,000	-	300,000,000	-	
Taoyuan International Airport	Stock						- 400 44 -		
Services	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Controlled by China Airlines	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	6,250,000	62,250,000	2.50	76,680,145	-	
	Bond First Issue of Private Unsecured Bonds in 2010 - China Airlines	Parent company	Bond investments with no active market - noncurrent	300	300,000,000	-	300,000,000	-	
China Pacific Catering Services	Beneficial certificates								
	JF (Taiwan) Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial asset - current	6,737,862.10	107,070,532	-	107,143,462	-	
	HSBC NTD Money Market Fund II FSITC Money Market Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial asset - current Available-for-sale financial asset - current	5,854,079.10 570,573.99	85,610,638 98,174,102	-	85,610,638 98,174,102	-	
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial asset - current	2,054,105.10	30,002,465	-	30,002,465	-	
	Bond First Issue of Private Unsecured Bonds in 2010 - China Airlines	Parent company	Bond investments with no active market - noncurrent	40	40,000,000	-	40,000,000	-	
Abacus Distribution Systems (Taiwan)	Beneficial certificates Mirae Asset Solomon Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	265,726.48	3,235,644	-	3,235,644	-	
	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	2,443,018.80	36,005,375	-	36,005,375	-	
	PCA Well Pool Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	1,606,232.60	21,054,451	-	21,054,451	-	
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	3,093,687.15	40,314,018	-	40,314,018	-	
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	_	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	1,917,956.20	26,258,161	_	26,258,161	_	
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund		current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	2,264,653.80	33,077,678		33,077,678		
	·	-	current			-		-	
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,661,438.47	44,175,535	-	44,175,535	-	
	Bond First Issue of Private Unsecured Bonds in 2010 - China Airlines	Parent company	Bond investments with no active market - noncurrent	60	60,000,000	-	60,000,000	-	
Cal-Asia Investment	Stock Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Terminal	Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method	_	216,039,848	14.00	214,110,868	Notes 2 and 4	
	Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Storage	Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method	- -	84,477,697	14.00	36,973,028	Notes 2 and 4	

		Relationship with the			December 3	1, 2011		
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
	Eastern United International Logistics Yangtze River Express Airlines Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services	Equity-method investees Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method Investments accounted for by the equity method Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,050,000	\$ 22,694,515 - 33,672,727	35.00 25.00 8.00	\$ 26,841,481 (1,444,341,234) 4,781,715	- Note 4
	Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjiang) Composite	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	-	19,272,727	5.45	11,659,377	-
Taiwan Airport Services	Stock TransAsia Airways Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	- Subsidiary	Available-for-sale financial asset - noncurrent Investments accounted for by the equity method	2,265,182	41,339,572 298,909,923	0.40 100.00	41,339,572 298,909,923	- Note 4
	Titan V.C. Corp. Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Controlled by China Airlines	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,448,171 6,250,000	2,065,210 62,500,000	0.30 2.50	8,095,276 74,680,145	Note 5
	Beneficial certificates Fuh-Hwa Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	123,426.20	1,722,055	-	1,722,055	-
	Prudential Financial Global Small & Mid cap Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	84,320.00	2,108,843	-	2,108,843	-
	Prudential Financial High-Tech Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	118,970.00	1,664,390	-	1,664,390	-
	Prudential Financial Taiwan Enterprise Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	55,300.00	1,091,069	-	1,091,069	-
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	3,317,355.41	43,228,790	-	43,228,790	-
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	295,966.90	4,051,994	-	4,051,994	-
	Capital Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	1,032,795.70	16,063,072	-	16,063,072	-
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	3,201,783.50	38,629,838	-	38,629,838	-
	Union Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	867,131.76	11,044,657	-	11,044,657	-
	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	492,164.05	7,017,915	-	7,017,915	-
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	892,918.50	13,042,057	-	13,042,057	-
Hwa Hsia	Stock Hwa Shin Building Safeguard China Airlines	Subsidiary Parent company	Investments accounted for by the equity method Available-for-sale financial asset - current	1,000,000 814,152	16,710,036 10,746,806	100.00	16,710,036 10,746,806	Note 5
	Beneficial certificates Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,404,287.30	19,225,676	-	19,225,676	-
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	349,522.71	4,554,666	-	4,554,666	-
	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	200,00.00	1,623,600	-	1,623,600	-
	Bond First Issue of Private Unsecured Bonds in 2010 - China Airlines	Parent company	Bond investments with no active market - noncurrent	10	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-
Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Stock Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Terminal Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Storage	Equity-method investees Equity-method investees	Investments accounted for by the equity method Investments accounted for by the equity method	- -	214,900,970 83,984,636	14.00 14.00	214,110,868 36,973,028	Notes 2 and 4 Notes 2 and 4

Note 1: Based on the ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 30 - "Accounting for Treasury Stocks," Company shares held by subsidiaries are reclassified from investment in shares of stocks to treasury stocks. In addition, the difference between the carrying value and net asset value of Mandarin Airlines is due to the difference between the investment acquisition cost and the Company's equity in the investee's net assets.

Note 2: The difference between carrying value and net asset value was the difference between the investment acquisition cost and the Company's equity in the investee's net assets.

- Note 3: The subsidiary's net asset value was \$240,641,836, which included common stock and preferred stock as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011.
- Note 4: The Company does not issue stocks stocks because it is a limited company.
- Note 5: The net asset value was calculated using the investee's unaudited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 because the audited financial statements were not prepared on time.
- Note 6: The net asset value was calculated using the investee's unaudited financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2011 because the audited financial statements were not prepared on time.
- Note 7: The net asset value was calculated using the investee's audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010 because the audited financial statements were not prepared on time.

(Concluded)

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 (In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Beginnin	g Balance	Acquisit	ion (Note)		Dist	oosal		Ending	Balance
Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Financial Statement Account	Counter-party	Nature of Relationship	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Shares/Units	Amount	Carrying Value	Gain (Loss) on Disposal	Shares/Units	Amount
China Airlines	Beneficial certificates													
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	216,275,245.46	\$ 2,603,443,250	91,664,321.85	\$1,101,195,585.00	\$ 1,100,000,000	\$ 1,195,585	124,610,923.61	\$ 1,503,443,250
	T:1: 1600 M	profit or loss - current					104 017 102 75	2 400 420 065	115 710 412 60	1 502 054 170 00	1 700 000 000	2.064.170	60 007 770 07	000 420 065
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	-	-	-	184,817,192.75	2,400,420,065	115,719,413.68	1,502,064,178.00	1,500,000,000	2,064,178	69,097,779.07	900,420,065
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	_	_	_	_	135,633,642.90	1,850,268,992	106,397,081.20	1,451,066,122.28	1,450,000,000	1,066,122	29,236,561.70	400,268,992
	Tuisimi tu Chong Noney Market Lund	profit or loss - current					155,055,042.90	1,030,200,772	100,557,001.20	1,451,000,122.20	1,150,000,000	1,000,122	29,230,301.70	400,200,772
	Jih Sun Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	42,234,134.25	600,089,806	28,201,902.21	400,093,032.00	400,000,000	93,032	14,032,232.04	200,089,806
		profit or loss - current												
	Fubon Chi-Hsiang Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	9,965,916.60	150,000,000.00	36,496,444.50	550,000,000	36,496,444.50	550,083,961.00	550,000,000	83,961	-	-
	W. M. M.L.E. I	profit or loss - current			11.052.116.10	170 000 000 00	67 070 001 02	050 000 000	67 070 001 02	050 622 020 00	050 000 000	622.020		
	Union Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	-	11,853,116.18	150,000,000.00	67,079,081.03	850,000,000	67,079,081.03	850,623,839.00	850,000,000	623,839	-	-
	ING Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	_	_	_	_	12,784,045.51	200,000,000	12,784,045.51	200,048,579.00	200,000,000	48,579	_	_
	into Money Market Fand	profit or loss - current					12,704,043.31	200,000,000	12,701,013.31	200,040,377.00	200,000,000	10,577		
	Taishin Lucky Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	93,628,512.00	1,000,000,000	93,628,512.00	1,000,759,773.00	1,000,000,000	759,773	-	-
		profit or loss - current												
	Polaris De-Bao Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	17,362,467.60	200,000,000	17,362,467.60	200,024,308.00	200,000,000	24,308	-	-
	TIDA Managa Madast Front	profit or loss - current					13,805,957.27	200,000,000	13,805,957.27	200,020,709.00	200.000.000	20,709		
	TIIM Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	-	-	-	13,803,937.27	200,000,000	13,803,937.27	200,020,709.00	200,000,000	20,709	-	-
	Prudential Financial Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	_	_	_	_	13,172,106.70	200,000,000	13,172,106.70	200,017,123.00	200,000,000	17,123	_	_
		profit or loss - current							,,			1,,,,,		
	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	20,445,856.00	300,000,000	20,445,856.00	300,114,497.00	300,000,000	114,497	-	-
		profit or loss - current												
	FSITC Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	2,338,702.74	400,000,000	2,338,702.74	400,105,243.00	400,000,000	105,243	-	-
	KCI Vista on Manage Market Front	profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through					8,992,401.42	100,000,000	8,992,401.42	100,008,992.00	100.000.000	8,992		
	KGI Victory Money Market Fund	profit or loss - current	-	-	-	-	8,992,401.42	100,000,000	8,992,401.42	100,008,992.00	100,000,000	8,992	-	-
	Fuh-Hwa Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	_	_	_	_	14,396,775.10	200,000,000	14,396,775.10	200,044,630.00	200,000,000	44,630	_	_
		profit or loss - current					,		- 1,07 0,110110			,		
	TIIM Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	82,699,002.39	1,200,000,000	82,699,002.39	1,201,169,175.00	1,200,000,000	1,169,175	-	-
		profit or loss - current												
	The RSIT Enhanced Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	30,497,445.58	350,000,000	30,497,445.58	350,072,823.00	350,000,000	72,823	-	-
	JF (Taiwan) Taiwan First Money Market Fund	profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through					6,860,357,40	100,000,000	6.860.357.40	100,007,546.00	100.000.000	7.546		
	or (Taiwan) Taiwan First Money Market Fund	profit or loss - current	-	-	-	-	0,800,337.40	100,000,000	0,860,337.40	100,007,346.00	100,000,000	7,340	-	-
		profit of loss - current												
Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Beneficial certificates													
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	8,372,069.17	100,321,667	9,173,057.32	110,187,175	10,872,256.68	130,994,414.00	130,000,000	994,414	6,672,869.81	80,508,842
		profit or loss - current												
	Taishin Ta-Chong Money Market Fund	Financial assets at fair value through	-	-	-	-	11,712,688.00	160,177,449	5,856,344.00	80,175,692.00	80,000,000	175,692	5,856,344.00	80,177,449
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through					15,378,514.07	200,176,583	9.225.803.80	120,220,526.00	120.000.000	220,526	6,152,710.27	80,176,583
	Taisiiii 1077 Molley Market Fullu	profit or loss - current	-	_	_	-	13,376,314.07	200,170,383	9,223,003.80	120,220,326.00	120,000,000	220,326	0,132,710.27	00,170,383
		profit of ioss - current												

Note: Including valuation gain and loss on financial assets at the end of the period.

TOTAL PURCHASE FROM OR SALE TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 (In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Transaction Details					bnormal Transaction	Note/Account Pa Receivable		Note
Company Name	Related Farty	Nature of Kerationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	
China Airlines, Ltd. ("China Airlines")	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$ 273,858,674	0.22	30 days	\$ -	-	\$ (38,785,230)	(2.58)	-
	Cal Park	Subsidiary	Purchase	213,019,195		2 months	-	-	-	-	-
	Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary	Sale	(1,992,992,303)	(1.51)	2 months	-	-	224,039,272	2.23	-
			Purchase	253,102,909	0.20	2 months	-	-	(174,655,487)	(11.63)	-
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Subsidiary	Purchase	963,217,353	0.77	40 days	-	-	(259,901,080)	(17.30)	-
	China Pacific Catering Services	Subsidiary	Purchase	1,022,825,052	0.82	60 days	-	-	(261,782,338)	(17.43)	-
	Taiwan Airport Services	Subsidiary	Purchase	357,520,529	0.29	40 days	-	-	(72,934,113)	(4.86)	-
	China Aircraft Services	Equity-method investee	Purchase	204,948,299	0.16	30 days	-	-	(35,726,255)	(2.38)	-
	Hwa Hsia	Subsidiary	Purchase	250,323,655	0.20	2 months	-	-	(39,299,101)	(2.62)	-
	Yangtze River Express Airlines	Subsidiary's equity-method investee	Sale	(413,227,934)	(0.31)	2 months	-	-	29,123,274	0.29	-
Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	China Airlines	Parent company	Sale	(273,858,674)	(19.30)	30 days	-	-	38,785,230	45.31	-
Cal Park	China Airlines	Parent company	Sale	(213,019,195)	(72.16)	2 months	-	-	-	-	-
Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines	Parent company	Purchase Sale	1,992,992,303 (253,102,909)	32.31 (3.64)	2 months 2 months		- -	(224,039,272) 174,655,487	(68.25) 59.25	-
Taoyuan International Airport Services	China Airlines	Parent company	Sale	(963,217,353)	(42.44)	30 days	-	-	259,901,080	63.33	-
China Pacific Catering Services	China Airlines	Parent company	Sale	(1,022,825,052)	(58.79)	60 days	-	-	261,782,338	69.72	-
Taiwan Airport Services	China Airlines	Parent company	Sale	(357,520,529)	(40.23)	45 days	-	-	72,934,113	46.99	-
China Aircraft Services	China Airlines	Investor using equity method	Sale	(204,948,299)	(17.20)	30 days	-	-	35,726,255	16.24	-
Hwa Hsia	China Airlines	Parent company	Sale	(250,323,655)	(83.49)	2 months	-	-	39,299,101	86.11	-
Yangtze River Express Airlines	China Airlines	Parent company of stockholder using equity-method	Purchase	413,227,934	5.10	2 months	-	-	(29,123,274)	(0.81)	-

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2011 (In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Nature of				Overdue	Amounts Received	Allowance for		
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate	Amount	Action Taken	in Subsequent Period		Bad Debts	
China Airlines, Ltd. ("China Airlines")	Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary	\$ 224,039,272	6.32	\$ -	-	\$ 114,307,629	\$	-	
Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines	Parent company	174,655,487	1.03	-	-	138,021,067		-	
Taoyuan International Airport Services	China Airlines	Parent company	259,901,080	3.96	-	-	154,377,100		-	
China Pacific Catering Services	China Airlines	Parent company	261,782,338	4.06	-	-	176,662,395		-	

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND OTHER INFORMATION OF INVESTEES ON WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2011

(In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Investme	nt Amount	Balanc	e as of December 3	31, 2011	N. d. I (I)	Investment	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31,	December 31,	Shares	Percentage of	Carrying Value	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	Income (Loss)	Note
				2011	2010	Shares	Ownership	Carrying value	of the investee	mcome (Loss)	
China Airlines, Ltd.	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Air cargo and storage	\$ 1,350,000,000	\$ 1,350,000,000	135,000,000	54.00	\$ 1,613,091,139	\$ (67,050,254)	\$ (36,207,137)	_
Cillia Airinles, Ltd.	Cal Park	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Real estate lease and international trade	1.500.000.000	1.500.000.000	150,000,000	100.00	1,466,188,021	8,774,261	8,774,261	_
	Mandarin Airlines	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircraft	2,042,368,252	2,042,368,252	188,154,025	93.99	1,150,278,944	120,183,243	145,592,245	Note 1
	Cal-Dynasty International	Los Angelas, U.S.A.	A holding company, real estate and hotel services	US\$ 26,145,000	US\$ 26,145,000	2,614,500	100.00	1,050,278,944	1,079,501	1,079,501	Note 2
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Airport services	147.000.000	147.000.000	34.300.000	49.00	649.302.758	46,199,412	22,637,711	-
	China Pacific Catering Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	In-flight catering	439,110,000	439,110,000	43,911,000	51.00	641,880,959	221,949,490	113,194,240	_
	Abacus Distribution System (Taiwan)	Taipei, Taiwan	Sale and maintenance of hardware and software	52,200,000	52,200,000	13,021,042	93.93	410,229,241	140,929,391	132,381,857	_
	Cal-Asia Investment	Territory of the British Virgin	General investment	US\$ 45,476,200	US\$ 45,476,200	45,476,200	100.00		29,585,706	29,585,706	_
	Cal-Asia investment	Islands	General investment	03\$ 43,476,200	03\$ 43,470,200	43,470,200	100.00	383,610,273	29,383,700	29,383,700	_
	China Aircraft Service	Hong Kong International Airport	Airport services	HK\$ 58,000,000	HK\$ 58,000,000	28,400,000	20.00	381,186,876	79,631,989	15,926,399	-
	Taiwan Airport Services	Taipei, Taiwan	Airport services	12,289,100	12,289,100	20,626,644	47.35	332,630,056	94,154,330	44,584,201	-
	Kaohsiung Catering Services	Kaohsiung, Taiwan	In-flight catering	140,240,221	140,240,221	14,329,759	35.78	238,320,783	161,860,900	57,913,301	-
	Asian Compressor Technology Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Research, manufacture and maintenance of engines	77,322,000	77,322,000	7,732,200	24.50	230,665,809	439,310,240	107,631,009	-
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Hotel business	465,000,000	265,000,000	46,500,000	100.00	203,061,718	(45,243,343)	(45,243,343)	-
	Science Park Logistics	Tainan, Taiwan	Storage and customs of services	150,654,000	150,654,000	13,293,000	28.48	177,403,739	55,556,000	15,825,126	-
	China Pacific Laundry Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Cleaning and leasing of the towel of airlines, hotels,	137,500,000	137,500,000	13,750,000	55.00	150,802,938	39,789,221	21,884,072	-
	,		restaurants, and health clubs			, ,			, ,		
	Hwa Hsia	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Cleaning of aircraft and maintenance of machine and	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000	100.00	104,075,059	25,680,381	25,354,720	Note 1
			equipment								
	Dynasty Holidays	Tokyo, Japan	Travel business	JPY 20,400,000	JPY 20,400,000	408	51.00	38,268,728	(10,055,440)	(5,128,274)	-
	Yestrip	Taipei, Taiwan	Travel business	26,264,643	36,264,643	1,600,000	100.00	26,609,460	5,314,288	5,314,288	-
	Global Sky Express	Taipei, Taiwan	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	2,500,000	2,500,000	250,000	25.00	7,218,765	5,865,020	1,466,255	-
	Freighter Princess Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Aircraft lease	US\$ 1,000	US\$ 1,000	1,000	100.00	35,088	-	-	-
	Freighter Prince Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Aircraft lease	US\$ 1,000	US\$ 1,000	1,000	100.00	34,602	-	-	-
	Freighter Queen Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Aircraft lease	US\$ 1,000	US\$ 1,000	1,000	100.00	32,895	-	-	-
Taoyuan International Airport Services	Tao Yao	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Manpower placement and machine installation	-	10,000,000	-	-	-	150,892	151,964	-
Cal-Asia Investment	Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Terminal	Xiamen International Airport	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	US\$ 4,117,846	US\$ 4,117,846	-	14.00	216,039,848	120,961,616	16,934,647	Note 4
	Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Storage	Xiamen International Airport	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	US\$ 1,947,441	US\$ 1,947,441	-	14.00	84,477,697	69,241,226	9,693,794	Note 4
	Eastern United International Logistics Yangtze River Express Airlines	Hong Kong Shanghai, China	Forwarding and storage of air cargo Forwarding and storage of air cargo	HK\$ 3,329,268 US\$ 38,796,173	HK\$ 3,329,268 US\$ 38,796,173	1,050,000	35.00 25.00	22,694,515	11,947,607 (2,097,732,469)	4,785,939	Note 5 Notes 3 and
Taiwan Airport Services	Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Samoa	Airport services and investment	US\$ 5,876,976	US\$ 5,876,976	-	100.00	298,909,923	27,985,427	27,985,427	Note 4
Hwa Hsia	Hwa Shin Building Safeguard	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Building security and maintenance services	10,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	100.00	16,710,036	4,729,683	5,150,705	-
Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Terminal	Xiamen International Airport	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	US\$ 3,950,226	US\$ 3,950,226	-	14.00	214,900,970	120,961,836	16,934,657	Note 4
	Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Storage	Xiamen International Airport	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	US\$ 1,926,750	US\$ 1,926,750	-	14.00	83,984,636	69,241,351	9,693,789	Note 4

Note 1: Adopted the treasury stock method in recognizing investment income or loss.

Represents the consolidated financial information of the foreign holding company disclosed in accordance with local regulations. Note 2:

The Company did not recognize an income on this investment. Based on Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 5-"Long-Term Investments under the Equity Method," the recognized book value of the investment was zero; thus, the Company let go of this investment. Note 3:

The investee was established as a limited company. Note 4:

The investee could not provide its financial statements in time; therefore, the investment income was estimated by the Company.

INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

(In New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Accumulated	Investmen	t Flows	Accumulated	%			Accumulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2011	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 201	Ownership of Direct or Indirect	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 4)	Carrying Value as of December 31, 2011	Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2011
Xiamen International Air Cargo Terminal	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	\$ 1,068,443,598 (RMB 224,480,000)	Indirect (Note 1)	\$ 124,783,212 (US\$ 4,117,846)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 124,783,21 (US\$ 4,117,84		\$ 16,934,647 (US\$ 575,778)	\$ 216,039,848 (US\$ 7,129,315)	\$ 55,524,000 (US\$1,887,816) (Note 5)
Xiamen International Airport Air Cargo Storage	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	66,634,936 (RMB 14,000,000)		59,013,364 (US\$ 1,947,441)	-	-	59,013,36 (US\$ 1,947,44		9,693,794 (US\$ 329,589)	84,477,697 (US\$ 2,787,764)	-
Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services	Maintenance services of landing gear	420,909,091 (US\$ 13,890,000)	Indirect (Note 1)	33,672,727 (US\$ 1,111,200)	-	-	(US\$ 33,672,72		-	33,672,727 (US\$ 1,111,200)	-
Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjang)	Composite material	393,534,127 (RMB 82,681,520)	Indirect (Note 1)	(US\$ 19,272,727 636,000)	-	-	(US\$ 19,272,72		-	(US\$ 19,272,727 636,000)	-
Yangtze River Express Airlines	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	2,379,819,134 (RMB 500,000,000)	Indirect (Note 1)	1,175,641,606 (US\$ 38,796,173)	-	-	1,175,641,60 (US\$ 38,796,17		-	-	-
Shanghai Eastern Aircraft Maintenance	Aircraft line maintenance	93,939,934 (US\$ 3,100,000)	Indirect (Note 2)	-	7,515,152 (US\$ 248,000)	-	7,515,15 (US\$ 248,00		-	7,515,152 (US\$ 248,000)	-
Shanghai Eastern United International	Forwarding of air cargo and ocean freight	30,303,030 (US\$ 1,000,000)	Indirect (Note 3)	-	5,196,970 (US\$ 171,500)	-	5,196,97 (US\$ 171,50		-	5,196,970 (US\$ 171,500)	-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2011	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment			
\$1,425,095,758 (US\$47,028,160)	\$1,430,471,909 (Note 6)	\$28,235,446,729 (Note 7)			

- Note 1: The Company invested in Cal-Asia Investment, which, in turn, invested in a company located in Mainland China.
- Note 2: The Company invested in China Aircraft Services, which in turn, invested in a company located in Mainland China.
- Note 3: Cal-Asia Investment invested in Eastern United International Logistics (Holdings), which in turn, invested in a company located in Mainland China.
- Note 4: The investment gain (loss) was based on the financial statements audited by the CPAs of China Airlines, Ltd. in the ROC; accural accounting was used in the preparation of these financial statements.

- Note 5: The inward remittance of earnings in 2011 amounted to US\$1,887,816.
- Note 6: The amount comprised US\$45,995,573 and NT\$36,666,667.
- Note 7: The limit stated in the Investment Commission's regulation, "Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China Adjudgment Rule," is the larger of the Company's net asset value or 60% of the consolidated net asset value.
- Note 8: The RMB and U.S. dollar amounts of assets are translated at year-end rates and those of gains (losses), at the average of the month-end rates of IATA(International Air Transport Association) for the reporting period.

(Concluded)