# China Airlines, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 and Independent Accountants' Review Report

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders China Airlines, Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheets of China Airlines, Ltd. and subsidiaries as of March 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36 "Review of Financial Statements" issued by the Auditing Standards Committee of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation of the Republic of China. A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and of making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

As disclosed in Notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of some non-significant subsidiaries and investments accounted for by the equity method were not reviewed. As of March 31, 2016 and 2015, total combined assets of these non-significant subsidiaries were NT\$15,401,755 thousand and NT\$15,615,224 thousand, respectively, representing 7.05% and 6.81%, respectively, of the total consolidated assets, and total combined liabilities of these subsidiaries were NT\$6,508,560 thousand NT\$6,928,731 thousand, respectively, representing 4.16% and 3.97%, respectively, of the total consolidated liabilities; for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, combined comprehensive income of these subsidiaries were NT\$197,642 thousand and NT\$148,516 thousand, respectively, representing 13.72% and 6.13%, respectively, of the consolidated total comprehensive income. As of March 31, 2016 and 2015, investments accounted for by the equity method were NT\$2,975,485 thousand and NT\$2,914,431 thousand, respectively; for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, share of the profit of associates and joint ventures were NT\$123,610 thousand NT\$116,316 thousand, respectively.

Based on our reviews, except for the effects of adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements and of these non-significant subsidiaries and investments accounted for by the equity method as described in the preceding paragraph been reviewed, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

May 12, 2016

#### Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	March 31, 20 (Reviewed)		December 31, 2 (Audited)	2015	March 31, 20 (Reviewed)		
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4, 6 and 19)	\$ 22,745,106	10	\$ 23,491,085	11	\$ 20,752,727	9	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32) Derivative financial assets for hedging - current (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	418,644 31,205	-	542,326 52,582	-	350,547 62,973	-	
Receivables:	51,205	-	52,382	-	02,975	-	
Notes and accounts, net (Notes 4, 5 and 11)	7,148,855	3	7,610,677	3	9,343,879	4	
Notes and accounts - related parties (Note 33)	5,388	-	3,874	-	10,472	-	
Other receivables Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 29)	1,002,518 16,489	1	1,032,622 9,849	1	644,702 7,631	1	
Inventories, net (Notes 4 and 12)	8,089,709	4	8,300,398	4	7,191,651	3	
Noncurrent assets held for sale (Notes 4, 5 and 13)	670,455	-	670,455	-	-	-	
Other assets - current (Notes 6 and 19)	4,372,146	2	3,928,747	2	2,255,687	1	
Total current assets	44,500,515	20	45,642,615	21	40,620,269	18	
NONCURRENT ASSETS			1 710		1 177		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32) Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent, net of current portion (Notes 4, 8 and 32)	- 17,113	-	1,710 19,080	-	1,177 26,163	-	
Derivative financial assets for hedging - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	-	-	11,216	-	- 20,105	-	
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent, net of current portion (Notes 10 and 32)	222,256	-	223,911	-	468,710	-	
Investments accounted for by the equity method (Notes 4 and 15)	2,975,485	1	2,877,777	1	2,914,431	1	
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 5, 16 and 34) Investment properties (Notes 4 and 17)	127,935,480 2,076,112	59 1	129,628,866 2,076,182	58 1	139,220,801 2,076,391	61 1	
Other intangible assets (Notes 4 and 18)	1,079,349	1	1,009,678	1	832,935	-	
Deferred income tax asset (Notes 4, 5 and 29)	6,875,284	3	7,188,415	3	8,009,602	4	
Other assets - noncurrent (Notes 19, 22, 32, 34 and 35)	32,838,779	15	33,246,859	15	35,026,146	15	
Total noncurrent assets	174,019,858	80	176,283,694	79	188,576,356	82	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 218,520,373</u>	100	<u>\$ 221,926,309</u>	_100	<u>\$ 229,196,625</u>	<u>    100  </u>	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Short-term loans (Note 20)	\$ 118,215	-	\$ 173,289	-	\$ 2,960,938	1	
Short-term bills payable (Note 20)	-	-	9,995	-	1,198,973	-	
Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32) Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	13,297 323,139	-	- 313,689	-	18,381 1,784,247	- 1	
Notes and accounts payable	710,351	-	1,229,575	1	956,802	-	
Notes and accounts payable - related parties (Note 33)	491,009	-	493,754	-	465,577	-	
Other payable (Note 23)	10,618,410	5	12,296,548	5	10,587,049	5	
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 29) Provisions - current (Notes 4, 5 and 25)	116,343 30,798	-	75,645 20,186	-	113,949 10,794	-	
Deferred revenue - current (Notes 4, 5 and 24)	11,540,960	5	13,112,086	6	10,419,396	5	
Bonds payable and put option of convertible bonds - current portion (Notes 4, 21, 27 and 32)	7,655,696	4	4,944,106	2	1,800,000	1	
Loans and debts - current portion (Notes 20, 32 and 34)	27,911,852	13	30,092,112	14	18,616,394	8	
Capital lease obligations - current portion (Notes 4, 22, 32 and 34) Other current liabilities	1,457,957 4,348,474	1	1,457,957 <u>4,001,510</u>	1	2,633,433 4,161,519	1	
Total current liabilities	65,336,501	30	68,220,452	31	55,727,452	24	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Financial liability at fair value through profit or loss - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 7 and 32)	-	-	-	-	67	-	
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5, 9 and 32)	6,640	-	11,291	-	7,791	-	
Bonds payable - noncurrent (Notes 4, 21, 27 and 32)	8,200,000	4	10,900,000	5	16,963,744	7	
Loans and debts - noncurrent (Notes 20, 32 and 34) Provisions - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5 and 25)	58,987,517 6,176,767	27 3	57,691,505 6,167,295	26 3	76,550,370 4,703,541	33 2	
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 29)	325,040	-	340,681	-	395,002	-	
Capital lease obligations - noncurrent (Notes 4, 22, 32 and 34)	4,830,828	2	5,197,147	2	6,690,034	3	
Deferred revenue - noncurrent (Notes 4, 5 and 24)	1,789,354	1	1,863,929	1	1,850,447	1	
Accrued pension costs (Notes 4, 5 and 26) Other noncurrent liabilities	10,448,204 <u>432,900</u>	5	10,553,574 <u>423,892</u>	5	10,144,581 <u>1,374,075</u>	5 <u>1</u>	
Total noncurrent liabilities	91,197,250	42	93,149,314	42	118,679,652	52	
Total liabilities	156,533,751	72	161,369,766	73	174,407,104	76	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Notes 21 and 27)							
Capital stock	54,708,901	25	54,708,901	25	53,700,079	24	
Capital surplus	798,415		798,415		2,162,993	1	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	4,331,012	2	0 070 025	1	(2,020,357)	(1)	
Unappropriated retained earnings (accumulated deficit) Other equity	<u>4,331,012</u> (130,554)		<u>2,872,235</u> (66,283)		(1,360,616)	$\underline{(1)}$	
Treasury shares	(43,372)		(43,372)		(43,372)	<u> </u>	
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	59,664,402	27	58,269,896	26	52,438,727	23	
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS (Note 27)	2,322,220	1	2,286,647	1	2,350,794	1	
Total equity	61,986,622	28	60,556,543	27	54,789,521	24	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 218,520,373</u>	100	<u>\$ 221,926,309</u>	100	<u>\$ 229,196,625</u>	_100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 12, 2016)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31				
	2016		2015		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
REVENUES (Notes 4, 28 and 33)	\$ 34,999,023	100	\$ 37,163,905	100	
COSTS (Notes 4, 9, 12, 25, 26, 28 and 33)	29,250,258	83	31,447,329	85	
GROSS PROFIT	5,748,765	17	5,716,576	15	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 26 and 28)	3,377,551	10	3,156,362	8	
OPERATING PROFIT	2,371,214	7	2,560,214	7	
NONOPERATING INCOME AND LOSS Other income (Note 28) Other gains and losses (Notes 9, 16 and 28) Finance cost (Notes 9 and 28) Share of the profit of associates and joint ventures (Note 15) Total nonoperating income and loss	156,044 (439,240) (345,266) <u>123,610</u> (504,852)	(1) (1) 	263,324 (138,648) (484,854) <u>116,316</u> (243,862)	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ (1) \\ (1) \\ \hline  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\  \\ $	
PRETAX PROFIT	1,866,362	5	2,316,352	6	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4, 5 and 29)	358,897	1	434,148	1	
NET INCOME	1,507,465	4	1,882,204	5	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Notes 4 and 27)	(50,373)		(22,933)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale		-		-	
financial assets (Notes 4 and 27) Cash flow hedges (Notes 4 and 27)	(1,967) (25,066)	-	(2,718) 680,183	- 2	
			(Cor	tinued)	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Th	ree Mont	ths Ended March 3	31	
	2016	2016 20			
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
Share of the other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 27) Income tax relating to items that may be	\$ (987)	-	\$-	-	
reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Note 29)	11,191		(112,218)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	(67,202)	<u> </u>	542,314	2	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 1,440,263</u>	4	<u>\$ 2,424,518</u>	7	
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owner of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,463,951 43,514	4	\$ 1,850,379 <u>31,825</u>	5	
	<u>\$ 1,507,465</u>	4	<u>\$ 1,882,204</u>	5	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Owner of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,399,680 40,583	4	\$ 2,395,461 	7	
	<u>\$ 1,440,263</u>	4	<u>\$ 2,424,518</u>	7	
EARNING PER SHARE (NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS; Note 30)					
Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 0.27</u> <u>\$ 0.26</u>		<u>\$ 0.35</u> <u>\$ 0.33</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 12, 2016)

(Concluded)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company								
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings Unappropriated Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Exchange Differences on Translating Foreign Operations	Other Equity Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available-for-sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedges	- Treasury Shares Held by Subsidiaries		
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2015	\$ 52,491,666	\$ 1,992,415	\$ (3,864,876)	\$ 99,852	\$ 4,015	\$ (2,009,565)	\$ (43,372)	\$	
Effect of retrospective application and retrospective restatement	<u> </u>		(5,860)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2015 AS RESTATED	52,491,666	1,992,415	(3,870,736)	99,852	4,015	(2,009,565)	(43,372)	_	
Convertible bonds converted to ordinary shares	1,208,413	170,578	-	-	-	-	-		
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2015	-	-	1,850,379	-	-	-	-		
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2015, net of income tax	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(18,183)	(1,287)	564,552	<u>-</u> _	_	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2015	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	1,850,379	(18,183)	(1,287)	564,552	<u>-</u> _	_	
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2015	<u>\$ 53,700,079</u>	<u>\$ 2,162,993</u>	<u>\$ (2,020,357</u> )	<u>\$ 81,669</u>	<u>\$ 2,728</u>	<u>\$ (1,445,013</u> )	<u>\$ (43,372</u> )	<u>\$</u>	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2016	\$ 54,708,901	\$ 798,415	\$ 2,872,235	\$ 157,959	\$ 1,755	\$ (225,997)	\$ (43,372)	\$	
Change in capital surplus from investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for by using equity method	-	-	(1,638)	-	-	-	-		
Difference between cost and net value of acquisition subsidiaries	-	-	(3,536)	-	-	-	-		
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2016	-	-	1,463,951	-	-	-	-		
Other comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2016, net of income tax	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(41,924)	(1,925)	(20,422)	<u> </u>	_	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2016	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	1,463,951	(41,924)	(1,925)	(20,422)	<u>-</u> _	-	
Cash dividend from subsidiaries paid to non-controlling interest	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		_	
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2016	<u>\$ 54,708,901</u>	<u>\$ 798,415</u>	<u>\$ 4,331,012</u>	<u>\$ 116,035</u>	<u>\$ (170</u> )	<u>\$ (246,419</u> )	<u>\$ (43,372</u> )	\$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 12, 2016)

Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
\$ 48,670,135	\$ 2,326,973	\$ 50,997,108
(5,860)	(5,236)	(11,096)
48,664,275	2,321,737	50,986,012
1,378,991	-	1,378,991
1,850,379	31,825	1,882,204
545,082	(2,768)	542,314
2,395,461	29,057	2,424,518
<u>\$ 52,438,727</u>	<u>\$ 2,350,794</u>	<u>\$ 54,789,521</u>
\$ 58,269,896	\$ 2,286,647	\$ 60,556,543
(1,638)	-	(1,638)
(3,536)	(4,548)	(8,084)
1,463,951	43,514	1,507,465
(64,271)	(2,931)	(67,202)
1,399,680	40,583	1,440,263
<u> </u>	(462)	(462)
<u>\$ 59,664,402</u>	<u>\$ 2,322,220</u>	<u>\$ 61,986,622</u>

\_\_\_\_\_

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	F	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
		2016		2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	1,866,362	\$	2,316,352
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash generated from (used in)	Ψ	1,000,502	Ψ	2,510,552
operating activities:				
Depreciation expenses		4,267,927		4,434,260
Amortization expenses		23,312		15,468
Bad-debt expense		10,785		5,540
Net loss on fair value change of financial assets and liabilities held		10,700		0,010
for trading		25,374		6,885
Interest income		(91,229)		(107,241)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures		(123,610)		(116,316)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(3,395)		(1,780)
Loss on inventories and property, plant and equipment		156,507		118,297
Net loss on foreign currency exchange		624,537		185,775
Finance costs		345,266		484,854
Recognition of provisions		600,052		433,676
Amortization of unrealized gain on sale-leaseback		(3,628)		(3,628)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
(Increase) decrease in financial assets and liabilities held for trading		111,347		(107,042)
Decrease in derivatives financial assets for hedging		13,096		-
Increase in notes and accounts receivable		(314,199)		(133,376)
Decrease in accounts receivable - related parties		67,282		162,905
Increase in other receivables		26,228		183,692
Decrease (increase) in inventories		111,184		(74,480)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets		(490,565)		398,129
(Decrease) increase in notes and accounts payable		(207,305)		659,412
Decrease in accounts payable - related parties		(254,060)		(141,439)
Decrease in other payables		(1,742,458)		(224,138)
Decrease in deferred revenue		(1,126,462)		(697,989)
Decrease in provisions		(567,391)		(11,918)
Increase in other current liabilities		404,120		496,451
Decrease in accrued pension liabilities		(116,749)		(56,835)
Decrease in other liabilities		(55,220)		(36,627)
Cash generated from operations		3,557,108		8,188,887
Interest received		91,260		102,268
Interest paid		(439,257)		(616,664)
Income tax paid		(15,513)		(16,975)
Net each concreted from an article sectorities		2 102 509		
Net cash generated from operating activities		3,193,598		7,657,516
				(Continued)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for property, plant and equipment	\$ (2,376,090)	\$ (759,467)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,768	1,780	
Increase in refundable deposits	(122,105)	(173,806)	
Decrease in refundable deposits	87,305	223,181	
Increase in prepayment for equipment	(3,038,066)	(4,333,369)	
Increase in computer software cost	(92,935)	(177,410)	
Decrease (increase) in restricted assets	436,108	(91,540)	
Refund in prepayment for aircraft	2,858,833		
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,241,182)	(5,310,631)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in short-term loans	20,000	9,030,025	
Decrease in short-term loans	(75,000)	(10,520,000)	
Decrease in short-term bills payable	(9,995)	(799,165)	
Repayments of bonds payable	-	(6,785,000)	
Proceeds of long-term debts and capital lease obligations	7,371,000	11,721,586	
Repayments of long-term debts and capital lease obligations	(8,550,385)	(4,402,817)	
Proceeds of guarantee deposits received	30,165	12,261	
Refund of guarantee deposits received	(15,322)	(14,203)	
Proceeds of subsidiaries shares	(8,084)	-	
Cash dividend paid to non-controlling interest	(462)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,238,083)	(1,757,313)	
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	(460,312)	(304,996)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(745,979)	284,576	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	23,491,085	20,468,151	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 22,745,106</u>	<u>\$ 20,752,727</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 12, 2016)

(Concluded)

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 AND 2015 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

#### **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

China Airlines, Ltd. (the "Company") was founded in 1959 and its stocks have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since February 26, 1993. The Company primarily provides air transport services for passengers and cargo. Its other operations include (a) mail services; (b) ground services and routine aircraft maintenance; (c) major maintenance of flight equipment; (d) communications and data processing services to other airlines; (e) sale of aircraft parts, equipment and entire aircraft; and (f) lease of aircraft.

The major stockholders of the Company are the China Aviation Development Foundation (CADF) and the National Development Fund (NDF), Executive Yuan. As of March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015, CADF and NDF held 43.63%, 43.63% and 44.45% of the Company's shares.

## 2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statement were approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue on May 12, 2016.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

• The International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) are issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) but not yet endorsed by the FSC.

The Company and entities controlled by the Company (collectively, the "Group") have not applied the following IFRS, IAS, IFRIC and SIC (collectively, the "IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not yet endorsed by the FSC.

On March 10, 2016, the FSC announced the scope of IFRSs to be endorsed and will take effect from January 1, 2017. The scope includes all IFRSs that were issued by the IASB before January 1, 2016 and have effective dates on or before January 1, 2017, which means the scope excludes those that are not yet effective as of January 1, 2017 such as IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and those with undetermined effective date. In addition, the FSC announced that the Group should apply IFRS 15 starting January 1, 2018. As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the FSC has not announced the effective dates of other new, amended and revised standards and interpretations.

New, Amended or Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 (Note 2)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle	July 1, 2014
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle	January 1, 2016 (Note 3)
IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"	January 1, 2018
	(Continued)

	Effective	
New, Amended or Revised Standards and Interpretations	Announced by L	ASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures"	January 1, 2018	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined	by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 "Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception"	January 1, 2016	
Amendment to IFRS 11 "Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations"	January 1, 2016	
IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts"	January 1, 2016	
IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"	January 1, 2018	
IFRS 16 "Leases"	January 1, 2019	
Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure Initiative"	January 1, 2016	
Amendment to IAS 7 "Disclosure Initiative"	January 1, 2017	
Amendments to IAS 12 "Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses"	January 1, 2017	
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 "Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization"	January 1, 2016	
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41 "Agriculture: Bearer Plants" Amendment to IAS 19 "Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions"	January 1, 2016 July 1, 2014	
Amendment to IAS 27 "Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements"	January 1, 2016	
Amendment to IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"	January 1, 2014	
Amendment to IAS 39 "Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting"	January 1, 2014	
IFRIC 21 "Levies"	January 1, 2014	
-	···· <b>J</b> , ··· ··	(Concluded)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after the respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 2 applies to share-based payment transactions for which the grant date is on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 3 applies to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 13 is effective immediately; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.
- Note 3: The amendment to IFRS 5 is applied prospectively to changes in a method of disposal that occur in annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

The initial application of the above New IFRSs, whenever applied, would not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies, except for the following:

1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

#### Recognition and measurement of financial assets

With regards to financial assets, all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value. Under IFRS 9, the requirement for the classification of financial assets is stated below.

For the Group's debt instruments that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, their classification and measurement are as follows:

- a) For debt instruments, if they are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, the financial assets are measured at amortized cost and are assessed for impairment continuously with impairment loss recognized in profit or loss, if any. Interest revenue is recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method;
- b) For debt instruments, if they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collecting of contractual cash flows and the selling of financial assets, the financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) and are assessed for impairment. Interest revenue is recognized in profit or loss by using the effective interest method, and other gain or loss shall be recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the debt instruments are derecognized or reclassified, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Except for above, all other financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss. However, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss. No subsequent impairment assessment is required, and the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income cannot be reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

#### The impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 requires that impairment loss on financial assets is recognized by using the "Expected Credit Losses Model". The credit loss allowance is required for financial assets measured at amortized cost, financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTOCI, lease receivables, contract assets arising from IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", certain written loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. A loss allowance for the 12-month expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition. A loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is required for a financial asset if its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and is not low. However, a loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is required for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Group takes into account the expected credit losses on initial recognition in calculating the credit-adjusted effective interest rate. Subsequently, any changes in expected losses are recognized as a loss allowance with a corresponding gain or loss recognized in profit or loss.

### Hedge accounting

The main changes in hedge accounting amended the application requirements for hedge accounting to better reflect the entity's risk management activities. Compared with IAS 39, the main changes include: (1) enhancing types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the risk eligible for hedge accounting of non-financial items; (2) changing the way hedging derivative instruments are accounted for to reduce profit or loss volatility; and (3) replacing retrospective effectiveness assessment with the principle of economic relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

2) Amendment to IAS 36 "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"

In issuing IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", the IASB made consequential amendment to the disclosure requirements in IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", introducing a requirement to disclose in every reporting period the recoverable amount of an asset or each cash-generating unit. The amendment clarifies that such disclosure of recoverable amounts is required only when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the period. Furthermore, the Group is required to disclose the discount rate used in measurements of the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal measured using a present value technique.

3) IFRS 16 "Leases"

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Under IFRS 16, if the Group is a lessee, it shall recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on the consolidated balance sheets except for low-value and short-term leases. The Group may elect to apply the accounting method similar to the accounting for operating lease under IAS 17 to the low-value and short-term leases. On the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the Group should present the depreciation expense charged on the right-of-use asset separately from interest expense accrued on the lease liability; interest is computed by using effective interest method. On the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash payments for the principal portion of the lease liability are classified within financing activities; cash payments for interest portion are classified within operating activities.

The application of IFRS 16 is not expected to have a material impact on the accounting of the Group as lessor.

When IFRS 16 becomes effective, the Group may elect to apply this Standard either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

4) Amendments to IAS 12 "Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses"

The amendment clarifies that the difference between the carrying amount of the debt instrument measured at fair value and its tax base gives rise to a temporary difference, even though there are unrealized losses on that asset, irrespective of whether the Group expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by holding it and collecting contractual cash flows.

In addition, in determining whether to recognize a deferred tax asset, the Group should assess a deductible temporary difference in combination with all of its other deductible temporary differences, unless the tax law restricts the utilization of losses to deduction against income of a specific type, in which case, a deductible temporary difference is assessed in combination only with other deductible temporary differences of the appropriate type. The amendment also stipulates that, when determining whether to recognize a deferred tax asset, the estimate of probable future taxable profit may include some of the Group's assets for more than their carrying amount if there is

sufficient evidence that it is probable that the Group will achieve this, and that the estimate for future taxable profit should exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of deductible temporary differences.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

# 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the statement listed below, accounting policy adopted by this consolidated financial statements are same as 2015 consolidated financial statements.

## **Statement of Compliance**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC. Disclosure information included in interim financial reports is less than disclosures required in a full set of annual financial reports.

## **Basis of Consolidation**

#### Principles for preparing consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e. its subsidiaries, including special purpose entities).

Control is achieved when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries, subsidiaries' accounting policies are consistent with the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are written of in consolidation financial statement.

Non-controlling interests shall be presented in the consolidated balance sheets within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the Company. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. Proportion of ownership and main businesses of subsidiaries can be saw in Note 14 and Table 5.

#### **Retirement Benefits**

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Material accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions adopted by the consolidated financial statements are same as 2015 consolidated financial statements.

## 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Γ	March 31, 2016	De	cember 31, 2015	Ι	March 31, 2015
Cash on hand and revolving fund	\$	351,302	\$	478,223	\$	413,392
Checking accounts and demand deposits		7,844,273		6,070,236		6,340,346
Cash equivalent						
Time deposits with original maturities less than						
three months		13,880,888		16,163,452		13,180,182
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds		668,643		779,174		818,807
	<u>\$</u>	22,745,106	<u>\$</u>	<u>23,491,085</u>	<u>\$</u>	20,752,727

The market rate intervals of cash in bank and cash equivalent at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Bank balance Time deposits with original maturities less than	0%-1.11%	0%-1.5%	0%-2%
three months	0.3%-7.25%	0.27%-7.25%	0.3%-4%
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	0.38%-0.46%	0.42%-0.51%	0.63%-0.8%

The amount of time deposits with original maturities more than three months for March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015 were \$2,030,162 thousand, \$1,653,927 thousand and \$872,763 thousand, respectively, and the market rate intervals were 0.41%-1.23%, 0.295%-4.1% and 4%, which were recognized as other current assets. (Refer to Note 19).

#### 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (FVTPL)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Financial assets held for trading - current			
Derivative financial instruments (not under hedge accounting) Foreign exchange forward contracts Non-derivative financial assets Beneficial certificates	\$ 12,393 <u>406,251</u>	\$ 63,818 <u>478,508</u>	\$ 20,284 <u>330,263</u>
	<u>\$ 418,644</u>	<u>\$ 542,326</u>	<u>\$ 350,547</u> (Continued)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Financial assets held for trading - noncurrent			
Derivative financial instruments (not under hedge accounting) Foreign exchange forward contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$    1,710</u>	<u>\$    1,177</u>
Financial liabilities held for trading			
Derivative financial instruments (not under hedge accounting) - foreign exchange forward contracts			
Current Noncurrent	<u>\$ 13,297</u> <u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 18,381</u> <u>\$ 67</u> (Concluded)

At the end of the reporting period, outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts not under hedge accounting were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
March 31, 2016			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2016.4.1-2017.1.26	NTD1,993,569/USD62,000
December 31, 2015			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2016.1.8-2017.1.26	NTD3,276,316/USD99,600
March 31, 2015			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2015.4.1-2017.1.26	NTD4,405,660/USD140,100

# 8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015		March 31, 2015	
	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship
Non-current						
Domestic market TransAsia Airways	<u>\$ 17,113</u>	-	<u>\$ 19,080</u>	-	<u>\$ 26,163</u>	-

# 9. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR HEDGING

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Derivative financial assets under hedge accounting			
Foreign exchange forward contracts Currency options Fuel options	\$ 25,810 5,355 <u>40</u>	\$ 51,060 12,403 335	\$ - 26,459 <u>36,514</u>
	<u>\$ 31,205</u>	<u>\$ 63,798</u>	<u>\$ 62,973</u>
Current Non-current	\$ 31,205	\$ 52,582 <u>11,216</u>	\$ 62,973
	<u>\$ 31,205</u>	<u>\$ 63,798</u>	<u>\$ 62,973</u>
Derivative financial liabilities under hedge accounting			
Interest rate swaps Foreign exchange forward contracts Currency options Fuel options	\$ 12,457 157,009 51,705 108,608	\$ 12,702 - 12,660 <u>299,618</u>	\$ 7,791 - 8,348 <u>1,775,899</u>
	<u>\$ 329,779</u>	<u>\$ 324,980</u>	<u>\$ 1,792,038</u>
Current Non-current	\$ 323,139 6,640	\$ 313,689 <u>11,291</u>	\$ 1,784,247 7,791
	<u>\$ 329,779</u>	<u>\$ 324,980</u>	<u>\$ 1,792,038</u>

The fair value of each derivative contract is determined using quotes from financial institutions.

a. Interest rate swaps

The Company entered into interest rate swap contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in interest rates on the cash flow exposure related to the outstanding floating rate debt. All swapped fixed interest rate swap out the floating rate interest rate swap contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. The outstanding interest rate swap contracts at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Notional Amount (In Thousands)	Maturity Date	Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received
March 31, 2016			
NT\$3,000,000	2016.11.28-2017.6.22	1.01%-1.14%	TAIBOR Rate
December 31, 2015			
NT\$3,000,000	2016.11.28-2017.6.22	1.01%-1.14%	TAIBOR Rate (Continued)

Notional Amount (In Thousands)	Maturity Date	Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received
March 31, 2015			
NT\$4,500,000	2015.5.24-2017.6.22	0.9%-1.14%	TAIBOR Rate (Concluded)

The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis. The Company will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rates on a net basis.

#### b. Currency options

The Group entered into currency option to minimize the risk of changes in foreign currency rate on the cash flow exposure related to fuel payments, which will be paid in U.S. dollars.

The outstanding currency options at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
March 31, 2016			
Buy USD call option Sell USD put option	JPY/USD JPY/USD	2016.4.1-2016.12.19 2016.4.1-2016.12.19	JPY3,957,720/USD33,100 JPY3,865,889/USD33,100
December 31, 2015			
Buy USD call option Sell USD put option	JPY/USD JPY/USD	2016.1.8-2016.12.9 2016.1.8-2016.12.9	JPY3,446,570/USD28,400 JPY3,364,604/USD28,400
March 31, 2015			
Buy USD call option Sell USD put option	JPY/USD JPY/USD	2015.4.15-2015.11.18 2015.4.15-2015.11.18	JPY3,715,310/USD31,200 JPY3,594,675/USD31,200

c. Fuel options

The Group used fuel swaps to minimize the risk of changes in fuel price related to operating cost.

The outstanding fuel swaps at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)			
March 31, 2016						
Buy fuel call option Sell fuel put option	USD USD	2016.4.30-2017.1.31 2016.4.30-2017.1.31	NTD40 NTD108,608			

(Continued)

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
December 31, 2015			
Buy fuel call option Sell fuel put option	USD USD	2016.1.5-2016.12.7 2016.1.5-2016.12.7	NTD335 NTD299,618
March 31, 2015			
Buy fuel call option Sell fuel put option	USD USD	2015.4.30-2016.3.31 2015.4.30-2016.3.31	NTD36,514 NTD1,775,899 (Concluded)

Based on the Taiwan Stock Exchanges regulation for the public companies monthly declaration on the trading of derivative financial instruments, the contractual amounts are shown at the absolute values of fair value because fuel swap contracts only have notional amounts.

d. Foreign exchange forward

The Group entered into foreign exchange forward to minimize the risk of changes in foreign currency rate on the cash flow exposure related to fuel payments and aircraft lease, which will be paid in U.S. dollars.

The outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Currency	Maturity Date	Notional Amount (In Thousands)
March 31, 2016			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2016.4.1-2018.3.16	NTD6,462,532/USD200,882
December 31, 2015			
Buy forward contracts	NTD/USD	2016.1.18-2017.5.23	NTD1,076,882/USD32,920

Gains and losses of hedging instruments reclassified from equity to profit or loss were included in the following line items in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
Increase in operating cost Increase in finance cost Other foreign exchange gain (loss)	\$ (248,546) (1,279) (216)	\$ (971,388) (2,199) <u>18,958</u>	
	<u>\$ (250,041</u> )	<u>\$ (954,629</u> )	

#### **10. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST**

	March 31, 2016		December 3	December 31, 2015		March 31, 2015	
	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	
Unlisted common stocks							
Everest Investment Holdings Ltd. (AH)	\$ 52,704	14	\$ 52,704	14	\$ 297,946	14	
Jardine Aviation	¢ 02,701		¢ 02,701		ф <b>_</b> >,,,, . с		
Service	56,023	15	56,023	15	56,023	15	
Taikoo (Xiamen)							
Landing Gear Service		_		_		_	
Co., Ltd.	74,507	6	75,791	6	75,447	6	
Taikoo Spirt Aerospace Systems (Jin Jiang)							
Composite Co., Ltd.	21,624	5	21,995	5	21,896	5	
Chung Hwa Express	21,021	5	21,775	5	21,090	5	
Co.	11,000	11	11,000	11	11,000	11	
<b>Regal International</b>							
Advertising	5,925	6	5,925	6	5,925	6	
	221,783		223,438		468,237		
Unlisted preferred stocks Everest Investment							
Holdings Ltd. (AH)	473	_	473	_	473	_	
Holdings Etd. (AII)	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	
	<u>\$ 222,256</u>		<u>\$ 223,911</u>		<u>\$ 468,710</u>		
Classified according to							
financial asset							
measurement categories Available-for-sale							
financial assets	<u>\$ 222,256</u>		<u>\$ 223,911</u>		<u>\$ 468,710</u>		

The Group and other airline companies in Asia region had set up Abacus International Holdings (AH company) which owned Abacus distributions systems company. Due to strategy and adjustment, AH company disposed of shares of Abacus distribution system company. The board of AH company resolved to return the gain on disposal to shareholders by cash dividends and share redemption and which is approved. The Group received cash dividends of \$1,660,687 thousand and share redemption of \$245,242 thousand. AH company changes its name to Everest Investment Holdings Ltd. after the disposal of its subsidiary.

Above unlisted stock investments held by the Group were evaluated by cost after deducting impairment losses because the range of reasonable fair value estimates were significant and unable to be reasonably evaluated, the management considered its fair value unable to evaluate.

# 11. NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Notes receivable	<u>\$ 374,216</u>	<u>\$ 344,479</u>	<u>\$ 470,504</u>
Accounts receivable			
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for impairment loss	6,896,252 (121,613) 6,774,639	7,376,125 (109,927) 7,266,198	8,944,518 (71,143) 8,873,375
	<u>\$ 7,148,855</u>	<u>\$ 7,610,677</u>	<u>\$ 9,343,879</u>

The average credit period was 7 to 55 days. In determining the recoverability of a accounts receivable, the Company considered any change in the credit quality of the accounts receivable since the date credit was initially granted to the end of the reporting period, allowance for impairment loss were based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past default experience of the counterparties and an analysis of their current financial position.

Movement in the allowance for impairment loss recognized on notes receivable and trade receivables were as follow:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
Beginning balance Impairment loss recognized on receivables Amounts written off during current period Amounts recovered during current period Exchange influence	\$ 109,927 10,785 (226) 	\$ 66,131 5,540 (81) (281) (166)	
Ending balance	<u>\$ 121,613</u>	<u>\$ 71,143</u>	

#### **12. INVENTORIES**

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Aircraft spare parts	\$ 7,409,023	\$ 7,648,352	\$ 6,612,745
Items for in-flight sale	528,151	507,603	470,632
Work in process - maintenance services	149,560	143,489	104,393
Others	2,975	954	3,881
	<u>\$ 8,089,709</u>	<u>\$ 8,300,398</u>	<u>\$ 7,191,651</u>

The cost of inventories recognized as operating costs due to write-downs of inventories was \$99,185 thousand and \$105,510 thousand.

#### 13. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Aircraft held for sale	<u>\$ 670,455</u>	<u>\$ 670,455</u>	<u>\$</u>

To enhance the competitiveness, the Company plans to introduce new aircrafts and retire old aircrafts on a planned schedule. On August 13, 2015, the board of directors resolved to sell two 747-400 aircrafts and one A340-300 aircraft. These aircrafts as non-current assets held for sale, and difference between the original book value and the expected sale price was recognized as impairment loss of 1,899,372 thousand. However the actual amount of loss should be identified by actual sale price. Above measurement of fair value is Level 3 measure which referred to the second-hand market and the conditions of aircrafts.

Proportion of Ownership

#### **14. SUBSIDIARIES**

Subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements:

Investor Company	Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
China Airlines, Ltd.	Cal-Dynasty International	A holding company, real estate and hotel services	100	100	100
	Cal-Asia Investment	General investment	100	100	100
	Hwa Hsia	Cleaning of aircraft and maintenance of machine and equipment	100	100	100
	Yestrip	Travel business	100	100	100
	Cal Park	Real estate lease and international trade	100	100	100
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd.	Hotel business	100	100	100
	Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	Sale and maintenance of hardware and software	94	94	94
	Mandarin Airlines	Air transportation and maintenance of aircraft	94	94	94
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal (Note)	Air cargo and storage	59	59	59
	Dynasty Holidays	Travel business	51	51	51
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Airport services	49	49	49
	Taiwan Airport Services (Note)	Airport services	48	47	47
	Global Sky Express	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	25	25	25
	Freighter Princess Ltd.	Aircraft lease	100	100	100
	Freighter Prince Ltd.	Aircraft lease	100	100	100
	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd. (Note)	Air transportation	90	90	90
	Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance And Engineering Co., Ltd.	Aircraft maintenance	100	100	-
Cal-Dynasty International	Dynasty Properties Co., Ltd.	Real estate management	100	100	100
	Dynasty Hotel of Hawaii, Inc.	Hotel business	100	100	100
Taiwan Airport Services	Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Airport supporting service and investment	100	100	100
Hwa Hsia	Hwa Shin Building Safeguard	Building security and maintenance services	100	100	100

Note: Proportion of ownership is considering by the Group view.

Considering the Group developing strategy, Mandarin Airlines had bought 323,367 shares of Taiwan Airport Services by \$8,084 thousand since current year.

The Company's holdings of the issued share capital of Taoyuan International Airport Service, Taiwan Airport Service and Global Sky Express did not each exceed 50%, but the Company had control over these investees, they were listed as subsidiaries. Except for Mandarin Airlines and Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd., the financial information of the subsidiaries above three months ended 2016 and 2015 has been reported into the correspondent period as investees without reviewed.

The Group's holding of the issued share capital of China Pacific Catering Services and China Pacific Laundry Services exceeded 50%, the Group did not have controlling power over the investees. Related information please refer to Note 15,b.

#### 15. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR BY THE EQUITY METHOD

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Investments in associates	\$ 2,051,203	\$ 2,010,774	\$ 1,941,677
Investments in jointly controlled entities	924,282	<u>867,003</u>	<u>972,754</u>
	<u>\$ 2,975,485</u>	<u>\$ 2,877,777</u>	<u>\$ 2,914,431</u>

a. The amount of investment in associates were as follows:

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Unlisted companies			
China Aircraft Services	\$ 497,550	\$ 490,824	\$ 457,680
Kaohsiung Catering Services	259,441	244,903	243,174
Asian Compressor Technology Services	287,340	263,091	282,196
Science Park Logistics	251,764	185,226	189,679
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen)	487,233	494,665	508,036
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen)	226,263	226,066	226,160
Eastern United International Logistics			
(Holdings) Ltd.	41,612	41,908	34,752
-	2,051,203	1,946,683	1,941,677
Prepaid long-term investment - Science Park			
Logistics		64,091	
	<u>\$ 2,051,203</u>	<u>\$ 2,010,774</u>	<u>\$ 1,941,677</u>

On December 18, 2015 the board of Science Park Logistics (SPL) approved the issuance of common stock for cash and with the date of right issues granted on December 25, 2015. The board of Company has reached an agreement to purchase \$64,091 thousand which had been remitted to SPL. SPL completed the registration of this subscription on January 22, 2016.

At the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights of associates held by the Group were as follows:

	<b>Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights</b>		
	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
Name of Associate	2016	2015	2015
China Aircraft Services	20%	20%	20%
Kaohsiung Catering Services	36%	36%	36%
Asian Compressor Technology Services	25%	25%	25%
Science Park Logistics	26%	28%	28%
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen)	28%	28%	28%
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen)	28%	28%	28%
Eastern United International Logistics			
(Holdings) Ltd.	35%	35%	35%

The investment income of associates recognized accounted for using equity method were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
China Aircraft Services	\$ 16,982	\$ 11,481
Kaohsiung Catering Services	14,538	11,069
Asian Compressor Technology Services	24,250	22,592
Science Park Logistics	4,084	660
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen)	963	1,633
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen)	4,107	3,884
Eastern United International Logistics (Holdings) Ltd.	420	2,253
	<u>\$ 65,344</u>	<u>\$ 53,572</u>

The financial statements used as basis of the amounts of and related information on the investments accounted for by the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those investments for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 had not been independently reviewed.

#### b. Investments in jointly controlled entities

The investments in jointly controlled entities were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
China Pacific Catering Services	\$ 758,697	\$ 705,134	\$ 797,933
China Pacific Laundry Services	<u>165,585</u>	<u>161,869</u>	<u>174,821</u>
	<u>\$ 924,282</u>	<u>\$ 867,003</u>	<u>\$ 972,754</u>

At the end of the reporting period, the proportion of ownership and voting rights in jointly controlled entities held by the Group were as follows:

	Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights		
	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
China Pacific Catering Services	51%	51%	51%
China Pacific Laundry Services	55%	55%	55%

The Group entered into a joint venture agreement with the Taikoo Group to invest in China Pacific Catering Services and China Pacific Laundry Services. According to the agreement, both sides have major motion veto on the board, and therefore the Group does not have its control power.

Details of investment income attributable to investment in jointly controlled entitles were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
China Pacific Catering Services China Pacific Laundry Services	\$ 54,550 <u>3,716</u>	\$ 54,115 <u>8,629</u>	
	<u>\$ 58,266</u>	<u>\$ 62,744</u>	

Other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method in the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 are \$(987) thousand and \$0 thousand, respectively.

The investments accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those investments was based on the jointly controlled entities' financial statement had not been independently reviewed.

Service, major business offices and country of company registered of above can be referred to Tables 5 and 6 (names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influence and investment in Mainland China).

# 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Cost			
Freehold land Buildings Flight equipment Equipment under finance lease Machinery equipment Office equipment Leased assets Leasehold improvements Construction in progress	\$ 963,341 13,122,524 230,445,927 28,432,531 10,066,439 1,066,987 126,366 3,900,340 178,553	\$ 976,427 13,140,158 229,849,035 28,087,404 9,930,186 1,044,598 129,372 3,928,846 134,888	\$ 947,357 15,439,881 236,227,222 30,606,753 9,602,538 1,009,712 130,741 1,439,395 <u>111,677</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	<u>\$ 288,303,008</u>	<u>\$ 287,220,914</u>	<u>\$ 295,515,276</u>
Buildings Flight equipment Equipment under finance lease Machinery equipment Office equipment Leased assets Leasehold improvements		\$ 5,355,804 128,953,990 14,201,904 6,598,390 839,931 113,276 1,528,753 \$ 157,592,048	\$ 4,945,285 127,525,711 15,106,788 6,306,455 770,502 115,201 1,524,533 \$ 156,294,475
Net value	<u>\$ 127,935,480</u>	<u>\$ 129,628,866</u>	<u>\$ 139,220,801</u>

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Flight Equipment	Equipment under Finance Lease	Others	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Disposals Reclassification Net exchange difference	\$ 953,614 - - - (6,257)	\$ 13,085,921 4,527 (988) 2,361,124 (10,703)	\$ 232,035,450 567,563 (85,318) 3,709,527	\$ 33,985,116 92,567 (3,470,930)	\$ 14,697,246 94,810 (149,225) (2,347,753) (1,015)	\$ 294,757,347 759,467 (235,531) 251,968 (17,975)
Balance at March 31, 2015	<u>\$ 947,357</u>	<u>\$ 15,439,881</u>	<u>\$ 236,227,222</u>	<u>\$ 30,606,753</u>	<u>\$ 12,294,063</u>	<u>\$ 295,515,276</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2015 Depreciation expense Disposals Reclassification Net exchange difference	\$	\$ (4,794,850) (156,244) 988 (13) <u>4,834</u>	\$ (121,645,204) (3,531,435) 79,147 (2,428,219)	\$ (16,998,403) (543,914) - 2,435,529	\$ (8,663,824) (202,597) 148,380 1,321 29	\$ (152,102,281) (4,434,190) 228,515 8,618 4,863
Balance at March 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (4,945,285</u> )	<u>\$(127,525,711</u> )	<u>\$ (15,106,788</u> )	<u>\$ (8,716,691</u> )	<u>\$ (156,294,475</u> )
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Disposals Reclassification Net exchange difference	\$ 976,427 - - (13,086)	\$ 13,140,158 5,782 (871) (22,545)	\$ 229,849,035 1,727,202 (1,677,594) 547,284	\$ 28,087,404 371,453 (345,312) 318,986	\$ 15,167,890 271,653 (72,155) (26,438) (2,265)	\$ 287,220,914 2,376,090 (2,095,932) 839,832 (37,896)
Balance at March 31, 2016	<u>\$ 963,341</u>	<u>\$ 13,122,524</u>	<u>\$ 230,445,927</u>	<u>\$ 28,432,531</u>	<u>\$ 15,338,685</u>	<u>\$ 288,303,008</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2016 Depreciation expense Disposals Reclassification Net exchange difference	\$ - - -	\$ (5,355,804) (126,548) 871 	\$ (128,953,990) (3,454,578) 1,622,352 (547,363)	\$ (14,201,904) (500,687) 345,312	\$ (9,080,350) (186,044) 64,821 (5,098) <u>1,715</u>	\$ (157,592,048) (4,267,857) 2,033,356 (552,461) <u>11,482</u>
Balance at March 31, 2016	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (5,471,714</u> )	<u>\$(131,333,579</u> )	<u>\$ (14,357,279</u> )	<u>\$ (9,204,956</u> )	<u>\$ (160,367,528</u> )

Property, plant and equipments were depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset:

Building Main buildings Others	45-55 years 10-25 years
Machinery equipments	-
Electro-mechanical equipment	25 years
Others	3-13 years
Office equipments	3-15 years
Leasehold improvements	
Building improvements	5 years
Others	3-5 years
Assets leased to others	3-5 years
	(Continued)

Flight equipments and equipment under finance lease	
Airframe	15-25 years
Aircraft cabin	7-13 years
Engine	10-20 years
Heavy maintenance on aircraft	6-8 years
Engine overhauls	3-10 years
Landing gear overhauls	7-10 years
Repairable spare parts	7-15 years
Leased aircraft improvements	5-12 years
	(Concluded)

Refer to Note 34 for the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment pledged by the Group.

Owing to the particularity of risk in aviation industry, all of our assets such as aircraft, real estate, movable property are adequately insured to diversify the potential risk related to operation.

# **17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Carrying amount			
Investment properties	<u>\$ 2,076,112</u>	<u>\$ 2,076,182</u>	<u>\$ 2,076,391</u>

The investment properties held by the Group were a land located in Nankan and buildings in Taipei, which were all leased to others. The buildings were depreciated on a straight-line basis over 55 years.

The fair value of the investment properties held by the Group is \$2,348,759 thousand on March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015.

All of the Group's investment properties were held under freehold interest.

	Cost	Accumulated Impairment and Depreciation	Net Value
Balance on January 1, 2015 Additions	\$ 2,082,390	\$ (5,929) (70)	\$ 2,076,461 (70)
Balance on March 31, 2015	<u>\$ 2,082,390</u>	<u>\$ (5,999</u> )	<u>\$ 2,076,391</u>
Balance on January 1, 2016 Additions	\$ 2,082,390 	\$ (6,208) (70)	\$ 2,076,182 (70)
Balance on March 31, 2016	<u>\$ 2,082,390</u>	<u>\$ (6,278</u> )	<u>\$ 2,076,112</u>

# **18. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

	Computer Software Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Value
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additions Amortization expense Exchange influence	\$ 1,214,465 177,410 -	\$ (543,468) (15,468) (4)	\$ 670,997 177,410 (15,468) (4)
Balance at March 31, 2015	<u>\$ 1,391,875</u>	<u>\$ (558,940</u> )	<u>\$ 832,935</u>
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additions Amortization expense Exchange influence	\$ 1,623,186 92,935 - -	\$ (613,508) (23,312) <u>48</u>	\$ 1,009,678 92,935 (23,312) <u>48</u>
Balance at March 31, 2016	<u>\$ 1,716,121</u>	<u>\$ (636,772</u> )	<u>\$ 1,079,349</u>

The above other intangible assets were depreciated on a straight-line basis over 2-12 years.

# **19. OTHER ASSETS**

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Current			
Other financial assets	\$ 2,030,162	\$ 1,653,927	\$ 872,763
Temporary payments	963,196	632,661	366,203
Prepayments	1,154,207	1,146,659	836,506
Restricted assets	36,367	500	43,479
Others	<u>188,214</u>	<u>495,000</u>	<u>136,736</u>
Noncurrent	<u>\$ 4,372,146</u>	<u>\$ 3,928,747</u>	<u>\$    2,255,687</u>
Prepayments for aircraft	\$ 28,810,244	\$ 28,714,476	\$ 31,203,655
Prepayments - long-term	2,411,274	2,522,891	2,069,022
Refundable deposits	1,497,098	1,489,112	1,242,547
Restricted assets	96,290	504,924	483,289
Other financial assets	14,229	14,144	13,941
Others	<u>9,644</u>	1,312	13,692
	<u>\$ 32,838,779</u>	<u>\$ 33,246,859</u>	<u>\$ 35,026,146</u>

The prepayments for aircraft were the prepaid deposit and capitalized interest from the purchase of A350-900 and 777-300ER. The related instruction of the contract, please refer to Note 35.

## **20. BORROWINGS**

a. Short-term loans

		March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
	Bank loans - unsecured	<u>\$ 118,215</u>	<u>\$ 173,289</u>	<u>\$ 2,960,938</u>
	Interest rates	1.53%-1.65%	1.25%-1.8636%	1.18%-1.21%
b.	Short-term and bills payable			
		March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
	Commercial paper Less: Unamortized discount on bills payable	\$	\$ 10,000 <u>5</u>	\$ 1,200,000 <u>1,027</u>
		<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 1,198,973</u>
	Annual discount rate	-	1.3%	1.108%-1.188%
c.	Long-term debts			

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Unsecured bank loans	\$ 31,079,090	\$ 31,231,342	\$ 34,623,941
Secured bank loans	22,965,525	25,342,804	31,402,023
Commercial paper			
Proceeds from issue	32,900,000	31,275,000	29,230,000
Less: Unamortized discount	45,246	65,529	89,200
	86,899,369	87,783,617	95,166,764
Less: Current portion	27,911,852	30,092,112	18,616,394
	\$ 58,987,517	\$ 57.691.505	\$ 76.550.370
	<u>\$ 38,987,317</u>	<u>\$ 37,091,303</u>	<u>\$ 70,330,370</u>

Secured bank loans were secured by freehold land, building, machinery equipment and flight equipment, please refer to Note 34.

Bank loans (New Taiwan dollars, U.S. dollars and Japanese yen) are repayable quarterly, semiannually or in lump sum upon maturity. Related information is summarized as follows:

	Currency				
	New Taiwan Dollars	U.S.	Dollars	Japar	nese Yen
Original currency					
March 31, 2016	\$ 50,953,369	\$	96,138	\$	-
December 31, 2015	52,533,784		122,827		-
March 31, 2015	59,075,969		222,085		37,782 (Continued)

	Currency				
	New Taiwan				
	Dollars	<b>U.S. Dollars</b>	Japanese Yen		
Translated in New Taiwan dollars					
March 31, 2016	\$ 50,953,369	\$ 3,091,246	\$ -		
December 31, 2015	52,533,784	4,040,362	-		
March 31, 2015	59,075,969	6,940,154	9,841		
Interest rates					
March 31, 2016	1.0833%-3.15%	0.2376-4.39%	-		
December 31, 2015	1.1432%-2.613%	0.4067%-4.39%	-		
March 31, 2015	1.277%-2.2242%	0.2511%-4.39%	1.975%		
Periods					
March 31, 2016	2004.12.16-2029.2.4	2004.6.28-2017.9.21	-		
December 31, 2015	2004.12.16-2029.2.4	2004.6.28-2017.9.21	-		
March 31, 2015	2002.4.11-2029.2.4	2003.7.22-2020.2.26	2013.9.1-2016.8.1 (Concluded)		

The Company has note issuance facilities (NIFs) obtained from certain financial institutions. The NIFs, with various maturities until February 2021, were used by the Group to guarantee commercial papers issued. As of March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015, the commercial papers were issued at discount rates 1.2213%-1.5213%, 1.2407%-1.5833% and 1.3895%-2.0868%, respectively.

## 21. BONDS PAYABLE

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Secured corporate bond first-time issued in 2011 Unsecured corporate bond first-time issued in	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 4,200,000
2013	10,900,000	10,900,000	10,900,000
Convertible bond issued the fifth time	<u>2,555,696</u> 15,855,696	<u>2,544,106</u> 15,844,106	<u>3,663,744</u> 18,763,744
Less: Current portion and put option of			
convertible bonds	7,655,696	4,944,106	1,800,000
	<u>\$ 8,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,900,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,963,744</u>

Related issuance conditions were as follows:

Category	Period	Conditions	Rate (%)
Five-year secured domestic bonds - issued at par in May 2011; repayable in May 2014, May 2015 and May 2016; 1.35% interest p.a., payable annually	2011.5.20-2016.5.20	Principal repayable in May of 2014, 2015 and 2016; indicator rate; payable annually	1.35
Five-year secured domestic bonds - issued at par in May 2011; repayable in May 2014, May 2015 and May 2016; 1.35% interest p.a., payable annually	2011.5.20-2016.5.20	Principal repayable in May of 2014, 2015 and 2016; indicator rate; payable annually	1.35
Five-year secured domestic bonds - issued at par in May 2011; repayable in May 2014, May 2015 and May 2016; 1.35% interest p.a., payable annually	2011.5.20-2016.5.20	Principal repayable in May of 2014, 2015 and 2016; indicator rate; payable annually	1.35
Five-year secured domestic bonds - issued at par in May 2011; repayable in May 2014, May 2015 and May 2016; 1.35% interest p.a., payable annually	2011.5.20-2016.5.20	Principal repayable in May of 2014, 2015 and 2016; indicator rate; payable annually	1.35
Five-year private unsecured bonds - issued at par in January 2013; repayable in January 2017 and 2018; 1.6% interest p.a., payable annually	2013.1.17-2018.1.17	Principal repayable in January of 2017 and 2018; indicator rate; payable annually	1.60
Seven-year private unsecured bonds - issued at par in January 2013; repayable in January 2019 and 2020; 1.85% interest p.a., payable annually	2013.1.17-2020.1.17	Principal repayable in January of 2019 and 2020; indicator rate; payable annually	1.85
Five-year convertible bonds - issued at discount in December 2013; repayable in lump sum upon maturity; 1.8245% discount rate p.a.	2013.12.26-2018.12.26	Except for converting to capital stock or buying back, principal repayable in December of 2018	-

The Company issue the fifth issue of unsecured convertible bonds, and the issuance conditions were as follows:

- a. The holders may demand a lump-sum payment for the bonds upon maturity.
- b. The holders can request the Company to repurchase their bonds at 100.75% face value on the third anniversary of the offering date. Because the holders can exercise selling rights, the Company reclassified the bonds payable to "current portion of bonds payable".
- c. The Company may redeem the bonds at face value between March 26, 2014 and November 16, 2018 under certain conditions.
- d. Between January 26, 2014 and December 16, 2018 (except for the period between the ex-dividend date and the date of dividend declaration on record), holders may convert the bonds to the Company's common shares. The initial conversion price was set at NT\$12.24, subject to adjustment if there is capital injection by cash, stock dividend distribution, and the proportion of cash dividend per share in market price exceed 1.5%. As of March 31, 2016, there was no adjustment to the conversion price, but corporate bonds with a face value of \$3,315,700 thousand had been converted to 270,890 thousand of common shares.

The convertible bonds contain both liability and equity components. The equity component was presented in equity under the heading of capital surplus - option. The effective interest rate of the liability component was 1.8245% per annum on initial recognition.

Proceeds from issuance	\$ 6,000,000
Equity component	(518,621)
Liability component at the date of issuance	<u>\$ 5,481,379</u>

### 22. LEASING

a. Sale-leaseback finance lease

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Minimum lease payments - flight equipment			
Within one year Beyond one year and within five years	\$ 1,428,467 <u>4,722,017</u>	\$ 1,428,467 5,079,133	\$ 2,602,933 <u>6,544,467</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 6,150,484</u>	<u>\$ 6,507,600</u>	<u>\$ 9,147,400</u>
Interest rates	1.1317%-1.63%	1.1828%- 1.5667%	1.31%-1.67%

The Group had leased engines, A330-300, A340-300 and B747-400 in total of 5 aircrafts by under sale-leaseback finance leases as of March 31, 2016. The lease terms started from June 2006 to April 2019. During the lease term, the Group retained all risks and rewards attached to aircraft and engines, and enjoyed the same substantive right prior to the transaction. Interest rate underlying all obligation under finance leases were floated. Therefore, the minimum lease payments under sale-leaseback aircraft contract are not inclusive of interest expense.

#### b. Finance lease

Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Co. (TACT) entered into a terminal construction contract. Please refer to Note 35 for the terms of contract.

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Minimum lease payments - Cargo Terminal			
Within one year Beyond one year and within five years Less: Financial cost	\$ 29,718 <u>118,959</u> 148,677 <u>(10,376</u> )	\$ 37,697 <u>117,433</u> 155,130 <u>(7,626</u> )	\$ 31,657 <u>152,104</u> 183,761 <u>(7,694</u> )
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 138,301</u>	<u>\$ 147,504</u>	<u>\$ 176,067</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments - Cargo Terminal			
Within one year Beyond one year and within five years	\$ 29,490 <u>108,811</u> \$ 128 201	\$ 29,490 <u>118,014</u> \$ 147,504	\$ 30,500 <u>145,567</u> \$ 176,067
Discount rate	<u>\$ 138,301</u> 4.96%	<u>\$ 147,504</u> 4.96%	<u>\$ 176,007</u> 5.04%
Total amount of present value of minimum lease payments Current Noncurrent	\$ 1,457,957 <u>4,830,828</u>	\$ 1,457,957 <u>5,197,147</u>	\$ 2,633,433 <u>6,690,034</u>
	<u>\$ 6,288,785</u>	<u>\$ 6,655,104</u>	<u>\$ 9,323,467</u>

c. Operating lease arrangements (include sale-leaseback operating lease)

The Company, Mandarin Airlines, Tigerair Taiwan and Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal rented planes and hangars under various operating lease contracts expiring on various dates until January 2028. The Group does not have a bargain purchase option to acquire the leased planes and hangar at the expiration of the lease periods.

The rental rates stated in the aircraft lease agreements some are fixed and some are floated. If the agreed-upon rental rate is floating and will be revised monthly or semiannually, subleasing is not allowed for all the lease arrangements. As of March 31, 2016, the Group has rented eleven A330-300 planes, nine B737-800 planes, nine B777-300ER planes, six ERJ190 planes and seven A320-200 planes under operating contracts which the lease terms range from 8 to 12 years.

As of March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015, the refundable deposits paid by the Group under operating lease contracts were \$956,214 thousand, \$952,520 thousand and \$843,358 thousand, respectively. Part of the guarantees is secured by credit guarantees, and outstanding credit guarantee as of March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015 were \$1,274,903 thousand, \$1,304,259 thousand and \$805,531 thousand.

The future minimum lease payments for the noncancelable operating lease commitments were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Up to 1 year	\$ 9,253,207	\$ 8,896,478	\$ 6,983,644
Over 1 year to 5 years	38,207,457	33,344,415	25,246,093
Over 5 years	<u>43,696,760</u>	32,325,852	20,874,252
	<u>\$ 91,157,424</u>	<u>\$ 74,566,745</u>	<u>\$ 53,103,989</u>

The lease payments recognized in profit or loss for the current period were as follows:

		For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015	
Minimum lease payment	<u>\$ 2,469,865</u>	<u>\$ 1,521,311</u>	

# **23. OTHER PAYABLES**

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Fuel cost	\$ 1,780,709	\$ 2,038,041	\$ 2,966,987
Ground service expense	1,427,763	1,890,418	1,475,043
Repair expense	908,379	916,442	806,057
Interest expense	117,417	262,601	155,957
Short-term employee benefits	2,338,115	3,310,173	2,014,653
Terminal surcharges	823,576	781,621	639,968
Commission expense	442,039	450,492	633,094
Others	2,780,412	2,646,760	1,895,290
	<u>\$ 10,618,410</u>	<u>\$ 12,296,548</u>	<u>\$ 10,587,049</u>

#### 24. DEFERRED REVENUE

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Frequent flyer program	\$ 2,460,154	\$ 2,610,667	\$ 2,578,187
Advance ticket sales	<u>10,870,160</u>	12,365,348	9,691,656
	<u>\$ 13,330,314</u>	<u>\$ 14,976,015</u>	<u>\$ 12,269,843</u>
Current	\$ 11,540,960	\$ 13,112,086	\$ 10,419,396
Noncurrent	<u>1,789,354</u>		1,850,447
	<u>\$ 13,330,314</u>	<u>\$ 14,976,015</u>	<u>\$ 12,269,843</u>

# **25. PROVISIONS**

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Operating lease-aircraft	<u>\$ 6,207,565</u>	<u>\$ 6,187,481</u>	<u>\$ 4,714,335</u>
Current Non-current	\$ 30,798 <u>6,176,767</u>	\$ 20,186 <u>6,167,295</u>	\$ 10,794 <u>4,703,541</u>
	<u>\$ 6,207,565</u>	<u>\$ 6,187,481</u>	<u>\$ 4,714,335</u>
			Aircraft Lease Contract
Balance at January 1, 2015 Additional provisions recognized Usage Effect of exchange rate changes			\$ 4,303,780 433,676 (11,918) (11,203)
Balance at March 31, 2015			<u>\$ 4,714,335</u>
Balance at January 1, 2016 Additional provisions recognized Usage Effect of exchange rate changes			\$ 6,187,481 600,052 (567,391) (12,577)
Balance at March 31, 2016			<u>\$ 6,207,565</u>

The Company and Mandarin Airlines leased flight equipments under operating lease agreements. Under the contracts, when the lease expire to return the lessor, the flight equipment have to be repaired according to the expected using years, flight hours, flight cycle and the engine revolution times. The Company and Mandarin had existing obligation to recognize provision when signing the lease or during the lease term. Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd. also leased flight equipments under operating lease agreements, in accordance to the contract, Tigerair had to pay the maintenance reverse accounted for using the flying hours.

#### 26. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Employee benefit expense in respect of group's defined benefit retirement plan were calculated using the actuarially determined pension cost discount rate as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

		Months Ended ch 31
	2016	2015
Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 149,632 63,870	\$ 97,693 <u>37,951</u>
	<u>\$ 213,502</u>	<u>\$ 135,644</u>

## 27. EQUITY

b.

a. Share capital

#### Common shares

	March 31, 2016	, December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Numbers of shares authorized (in thousands) Amount of shares authorized Amount of shares issued	<u>6,000,00</u> <u>60,000,00</u> <u>54,708,90</u>	00 \$ 60,000,000	6,000,000 <u>\$60,000,000</u> <u>\$53,700,079</u>
Capital surplus			
	March 31, 2016	, December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Issuance of stock in excess of par value and conversion premium Gain on sale of treasury shares held by	\$ 552,47		\$ 1,810,380
subsidiaries Employee stock options expired	1,15 11,74	· · · · · ·	1,156 11,747
Long-term investment	1,01	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	955
Bonds payable equity component	232,02	· · · · · ·	338,755
	<u>\$ 798,41</u>	<u>5 \$ 798,415</u>	<u>\$ 2,162,993</u>

The capital surplus from shares issued in excess of par (including additional paid-in capital from issuance of common shares and treasury stock transactions) and donations may be used to offset deficits; in addition, when the Group has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to capital (but limited to a certain percentage of the Group's paid-in capital on yearly basis).

The capital surplus arising from long-term investments and employee stock options may not be used for nothing but to offset deficits. The capital surplus arising from stock option for employees and convertible bonds, can not be used.

c. Appropriation of earnings and dividend policy

The Company's Articles of Incorporation provide that the following should be appropriated from annual net income (less any deficit): (a) 10% as legal reserve, and (b) special reserve equivalent to a debit balance of any stockholders' equity account. From the remainder, the Company should also appropriate at least 3% as bonus to employees. Of the final remainder, at least 50% should be distributed to stockholders as cash or stock dividends (cash dividend should not be less than 30% of the total dividends). In determining the amount of cash dividends to be distributed, the board of directors should take into account future cash requirements of the Company, primarily cash requirements for future aircraft acquisitions. Distribution of earnings generated in prior years should also meet the foregoing guidelines.

In accordance with the amendments to the Company Act in May 2015, the recipients of dividends are limited to shareholders and do not include employees. The consequential amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation had been proposed by the Company's board of directors and are subject to the resolution of the shareholders in their meeting to be held in 2016. For information about the accrual basis of the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors and the actual appropriations, please refer to Note 28.

1) Appropriation of earnings in 2014

On June 26, 2015, the stockholders resolved to offset the accumulated deficit in 2014. The deficit, included a net loss of \$751,232 thousand, other retained earning of \$47,471 thousand, the unappropriated deficits of \$3,161,115 thousand, the remaining amount of accumulated deficit was \$3,864,876 thousand. The Company offset the accumulated deficit against legal reserve of \$1,511,953 thousand. No bonus to employees was appropriated for 2014 because of a net loss in that year.

#### 2) Appropriation of earnings in 2015

The appropriations of earnings for 2015 had been proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 25, 2016. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)
Legal reserve	\$ 287,224	
Special reserve	76,486	
Cash dividends	2,508,526	\$0.458522382

The appropriations of earnings for 2015 are subject to the resolution of the shareholders' meeting to be held on June 24, 2016.

Except for non-ROC resident stockholders, all stockholders receiving the unappropriated earnings generated on and after January 1, 1998 are allowed a tax credit equal to their proportionate share of the income tax paid by the Group.

# d. Others equity items

The movement of other equity items is as follows:

	Exchange Differences on Translating Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available-for- sale Financial Assets	Cash Flow Hedge	Total
Balance on January 1, 2015 Exchange differences arising on translating the foreign	\$ 99,852	\$ 4,015	\$ (2,009,565)	\$ (1,905,698)
operations Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial	(21,909)	-	-	(21,909)
assets Cumulative gain (loss) arising on changes in fair value of	-	(1,287)	-	(1,287)
hedging instruments Cumulative gain (loss) arising on changes in fair value of	-	-	(274,446)	(274,446)
hedging instruments reclassified to profit or loss Share of exchange difference of associates accounted for	-	-	954,629	954,629
using the equity method Effect of income tax	3,726	- 	( <u>115,631</u> )	( <u>111,905</u> )
Balance on March 31, 2015	<u>\$ 81,669</u>	<u>\$ 2,728</u>	<u>\$ (1,445,013</u> )	<u>\$ (1,360,616</u> )
Balance on January 1, 2016 Exchange differences arising on translating the foreign	\$ 157,959	\$ 1,755	\$ (225,997)	\$ (66,283)
operations Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale financial	(49,976)	-	-	(49,976)
assets Cumulative gain (loss) arising on changes in fair value of	-	(938)	-	(938)
hedging instruments Cumulative gain (loss) arising on changes in fair value of	-	-	(273,112)	(273,112)
hedging instruments reclassified to profit or loss Share of exchange difference of associates accounted for	-	-	249,168	249,168
using the equity method Effect of income tax	8,052	(987)	3,522	(987) <u>11,574</u>
Balance on March 31, 2016	<u>\$ 116,035</u>	<u>\$ (170</u> )	<u>\$ (246,419</u> )	<u>\$ (130,554</u> )

# e. Non-controlling interest

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Beginning balance	\$ 2,286,647	\$ 2,321,737
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	43,514	31,825
Foreign exchange differences arising on translating the foreign		
operations	(397)	(1,024)
Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets	(1,029)	(1,431)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	(4,548)	-
Effect of income tax	(383)	(313)
Cash flow hedge	(1,122)	-
Dividends paid by subsidiaries	(462)	
Ending balance	<u>\$ 2,322,220</u>	<u>\$ 2,350,794</u>

f. Treasury shares

Treasury shares are the Company's shares held by its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

# (Shares in Thousands)

Purpose of Treasury Stock		Number of Shares, Beginning of Year	Reduction During the Year (Note)	Number of Shares, End of Year
Three months ended March 31, 2016				
Company's shares held by its subsidiaries recla investment in shares of stock to treasury stoc			<u> </u>	
Three months ended March 31, 2015				
Company's shares held by its subsidiaries recla investment in shares of stock to treasury stoc				
Subsidiary	Shares (In Thousands	S) Carry		arket Value
March 31, 2016				
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 23, 9,	858 <u>363</u>	\$ 23,858 9,363
		<u>\$ 33</u> ,	221	<u>\$ 33,221</u>
December 31, 2015				
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 24, 9,	895 <u>770</u>	\$ 24,895 <u>9,770</u>
		<u>\$ 34</u> ,	<u>.665</u>	<u>\$ 34,665</u> (Continued)

Subsidiary	Shares (In Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Market Value
March 31, 2015			
Mandarin Airlines Hwa Hsia	2,075 814	\$ 33,298 <u>13,067</u>	\$ 33,298 <u>13,067</u>
		<u>\$ 46,365</u>	<u>\$ 46,365</u> (Concluded)

Above subsidiaries acquisition of the Company's stock in previous years was due to the investment planning.

The shares of the Company held by its subsidiaries were treated as treasury stock. The subsidiaries can exercise stockholders' right on these treasury stocks, except for the right to subscribe for the Company's new shares and voting right.

# 28. NET INCOME

#### a. Revenue

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Passenger Cargo Others	\$ 24,727,731 7,806,929 <u>2,464,363</u>	\$ 23,627,380 11,144,876 2,391,649
	<u>\$ 34,999,023</u>	<u>\$ 37,163,905</u>

## b. Other income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Interest income Subsidy income Others	\$ 91,229 7,450 <u>57,365</u>	\$ 107,241 60,724 <u>95,359</u>
	<u>\$ 156,044</u>	<u>\$ 263,324</u>

# c. Other gains and losses

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Gain on disposal property, plant and equipment	\$ 3,395	\$ 1,780
Net loss arising on financial assets classified as held for trading	(25,374)	(6,885)
Gain or loss on foreign exchange, net	(234,787)	1,522
Others	(182,474)	(135,065)
	<u>\$ (439,240</u> )	<u>\$ (138,648</u> )

# d. Financial cost

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Interest expense		
Bonds payable	\$ 66,061	\$ 85,698
Bank loan	258,932	359,678
Interest on obligations under financial lease	18,994	37,279
Loss arising on derivatives as designated hedging instruments in cash flow hedge accounting reclassified from equity to		
profit or loss	1,279	2,199
	<u>\$ 345,266</u>	<u>\$ 484,854</u>

Information of interest capitalization was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
Capitalization interest	<u>\$ 108,743</u>	<u>\$ 74,157</u>	
Capitalization rate	1.6670%- 1.7347%	1.7529%- 1.8065%	

# e. Depreciation and amortization expense

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Property, plant, equipment	\$ 4,267,857	\$ 4,434,190
Investment property	70	70
Intangible asset	23,312	15,468
Depreciation and amortization expense		
	<u>\$ 4,291,239</u>	<u>\$ 4,449,728</u>
		(Continued)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating cost	\$ 4,096,792	\$ 4,210,750
Operating expense	171,135	223,510
	\$ 4,267,927	<u>\$ 4,434,260</u>
An analysis of amortization by function		
Operating cost	\$ 32	\$ 211
Operating expense	23,280	15,257
	<u>\$ 23,312</u>	<u>\$ 15,468</u> (Concluded)

#### f. Employment benefit expense

For the Three Months Ended March 31	
2016	2015
\$ 101,802 213,502	\$ 87,128 <u>135,644</u>
<u>\$ 315,304</u>	<u>\$ 222,772</u>
\$ 4,998,672 <u>1,403,194</u> <u>\$ 6,401,866</u>	\$ 5,114,835 1,023,979 <u>\$ 6,138,814</u>
\$ 5,319,244 <u>1,397,926</u> \$ 6,717,170	\$ 5,085,295 <u>1,276,291</u> <u>\$ 6,361,586</u>
	Xard         2016         \$ 101,802         213,502         \$ 315,304         \$ 4,998,672         1,403,194         \$ 6,401,866         \$ 5,319,244

The existing Articles of Incorporation of the Company stipulate to distribute bonus to employees at the rates 3% of net income. No bonus to employees was estimated for three months ended March 31, 2015 because of a net loss in that year.

To be in compliance with the Company Act as amended in May 2015, the proposed amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company stipulate to distribute employees' compensation at the rates no less than 3% of net profit before income tax and employees' compensation in November 2015. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the employees' compensation is \$490,826 thousand of the base net profit. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the employees' compensation is \$1,810,196 thousand of the base net profit. The employees' compensation in cash for the year ended December 31, 2015 have been approved by the Company's board of directors on January 15, 2016 and are subject to the resolution of the amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation for adoption by the shareholders in their meeting to be held on June 24, 2016, and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.

Material differences between such estimated amounts and the amounts proposed by the board of directors on or before the date the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue are adjusted in the year the bonus and remuneration were recognized. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors resolved by the Company's board of directors in 2016 and bonus to employees, directors and supervisors resolved by the shareholders' meeting in 2015 and 2014 are available on the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

## **29. INCOME TAX**

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense (benefit) were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
Current tax Current year Deferred tax	\$ 49,162	\$ 47,659	
Current year	309,735	386,489	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 358,897</u>	<u>\$ 434,148</u>	

## b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

			For the Three Months Ended March 31		
			2016	2015	
	Deferred tax				
	Recognized in other comprehensive income Translation of foreign operations Hedging instruments fair value revaluation for cash flow hedging		\$ 6,930 4,261	\$ 3,413 (115,631)	
	Total income tax recognized in other comprehense	sive income	<u>\$ 11,191</u>	<u>\$ (112,218</u> )	
c.	Integrated income tax				
		March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015	
	Imputation credits accounts	<u>\$ 554,402</u>	<u>\$ 554,402</u>	<u>\$ 385,435</u>	

Expected creditable tax ratio on December 31, 2015 was 19.30%.

Since the Group had accumulated deficit as of December 31, 2014, there was no expected creditable tax ratio.

Under the Income Tax Law, for distribution of earnings generated after January 1, 1998, the imputation credits allocated to ROC resident shareholders of the Company was calculated based on the creditable ratio as of the date of dividend distribution.

d. Income tax assessment

The income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiaries through 2013, except those of Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Limited (TACT), have been examined by the tax authorities.

The income tax return of TACT for 2001 was assessed by the tax authorities with an additional income tax payable amounting to \$129,350 thousand for the excessive distribution of the imputation credit account ("ICA") to TACT's shareholder and a fine equivalent to one fold of the excessive distribution. TACT disagreed with the assessment and appealed to reinvestigation, administrative appeal and administrative proceedings but was ruled denying by tax authority, and the TACT took an appeal. The ruling by the Supreme Administrative Court had agreed to only waive the fine. The tax authority disagreed with the Court's decision on the waived fine and filed a Retrial on December 29, 2010. In the meantime, TACT also filed a Retrial on January 12, 2011 for the additional tax liability of \$129,350 thousand. The Supreme Administrative Court dismissed both parties' appeals on December 8, 2011.

As the tax authority still insisted to impose one fold of the amount of the excessive distribution of ICA, TACT therefore filed an administrative appeal to the Ministry of Finance on December 21, 2012. The collection authority then revised the fine to 80% of the amount of the excessive distribution of ICA, but TACT disagreed the decision and filed an administrative appeal to the Ministry of Finance and the fine was revised to 60% of the amount of the excessive distribution of ICA on May 20, 2014. But TACT still disagreed with the decision and filed an administrative proceeding on November 20, 2014. During the hearing of the administrative proceeding, the tax authority proposed to reduce the fine to 50% of the amount of the excessive distribution of ICA based on a tax regulation No. 10304027120 issued by the Ministry of Finance on November 3, 2014.

As of March 31, 2016, the court have not reached any decision concerning the above trial, and the amount of provision recognized by TACT for over-distributed tax and fine was \$168,155 thousand.

## **30. EARNING PER SHARE**

The numerators and denominators used in calculating loss per share were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$0.27</u> <u>\$0.26</u>	<u>\$0.35</u> <u>\$0.33</u>
Earnings used in the computation of basic earnings per share Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:	\$ 1,463,951	\$ 1,850,379
Interest on convertible bonds (after tax)	10,223	15,994
Earnings used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 1,474,174</u>	<u>\$ 1,866,373</u>

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in computation of basic		
earnings per share	5,470,891	5,341,748
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:		
Convertible bonds	219,306	346,902
Employees' compensation or bonus issue to employees	67,188	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the		
computation of diluted earnings per share	5,757,385	5,688,650

If the Group offered to settle compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares, the Group assumed the entire amount of the compensation or bonus would be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares were included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares was included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

# **31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The goal, policies and procedures as well as the composition of the Group's capital management are same as consolidated financial statement in 2015.

## **32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

- a. Fair values of financial instruments
  - 1) Financial instruments not evaluated at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the management considers the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements as approximating their fair values.

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015		March 31, 2015	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial liabilities						
Bonds payable Loans and debt	\$ 15,855,696 86,899,369	\$ 16,279,481 86,956,059	\$ 15,844,106 87,783,617	\$ 16,459,680 87,944,264	\$ 18,763,744 95,166,764	\$ 18,773,841 95,247,789

Some long-term debts and capital lease obligations are floating-rate financial liabilities, so their carrying values are their fair values. As of March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and March 31, 2015, the fair values of long-term debts and private bonds with fixed interest rates are estimated at the present value of expected cash flows discounted at rates of 0.749%, 0.433% and 0.805%, respectively, prevailing in the market for long-term debts (Level 2). Fair values of bond payable trading in OTC and based on quoted market prices (Level 1).

2) Financial instruments evaluated at fair value

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- a) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- c) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative instrument Domestic money market	\$-	\$ 12,393	\$-	\$ 12,393
fund	406,251			406,251
	<u>\$ 406,251</u>	<u>\$ 12,393</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 418,644</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative instrument	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 13,297</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 13,297</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Securities listed in domestic	<u>\$ 17,113</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 17,113</u>
Derivative financial assets for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 25,810</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 31,205</u>
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 169,466</u>	<u>\$ 160,313</u>	<u>\$ 329,779</u>
December 31, 2015				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative instrument Domestic money market	\$-	\$ 65,528	\$-	\$ 65,528
fund	478,508			478,508
	<u>\$ 478,508</u>	<u>\$ 65,528</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 544,036</u> (Continued)

March 31, 2016

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Available-for-sale financial assets Securities listed in				
domestic	<u>\$ 19,080</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 19,080</u>
Derivative financial assets for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 12,738</u>	<u>\$ 63,798</u>
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 12,702</u>	<u>\$ 312,278</u>	<u>\$ 324,980</u> (Concluded)
March 31, 2015				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Derivative instrument Domestic money market	\$ -	\$ 21,461	\$ -	\$ 21,461
fund	330,263			330,263
	<u>\$ 330,263</u>	<u>\$ 21,461</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 351,724</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative instrument	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 18,448</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 18,448</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets Securities listed in				
domestic	<u>\$ 26,163</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 26,163</u>
Derivative financial assets for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 62,973</u>	<u>\$ 62,973</u>
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 1,784,247</u>	<u>\$ 1,792,038</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current periods.

d) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for the purpose of measuring Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs		
Derivatives instruments - foreign currency forward	Discounted cash flow.		
contracts and interest rate swaps	Future cash flows are estimated based on observable forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period and contract forward rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.		

e) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for the purpose of measuring Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of foreign exchanges and fuel options are determined using option pricing models where the significant unobservable inputs are implied fluctuation. An increase in the implied fluctuation used in isolation would result in an decrease in the fair value of foreign exchanges and fuel options.

Because some financial instruments and non financial instruments can not show their fair value, the total fair value showed by these disclosure are not total value of the Group.

b. Categories of financial instruments

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 3) Derivative financial assets for hedging Loans and receivables (Note 1)	\$ 418,644 239,369 31,205 <u>34,576,012</u> \$ 35,265,230	\$ 544,036 242,991 63,798 <u>35,862,163</u> <u>\$ 36,712,988</u>	\$ 351,724 494,873 62,973 <u>33,407,799</u> \$ 34,317,369
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Derivative financial liabilities for hedging Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 2)	\$ 13,297 329,779 121,703,514	\$ - 324,980 <u>125,241,381</u>	\$ 18,448 1,792,038 141,310,511
	<u>\$ 122,046,590</u>	<u>\$ 125,566,361</u>	<u>\$ 143,120,997</u>

- Note 1: The balances included loans and receivables measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivables, accounts receivable related parties, other receivables, refundable deposits, other financial asset and other restricted financial asset.
- Note 2: The balances included financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, which comprise short-term loans, short-term notes payable, notes and accounts payables, accounts payable related parties, other payable, bonds payable and long-term loans, capital lease obligation, part of other current liabilities, part of other noncurrent liability and guarantee deposit.
- Note 3: Including the financial assets measured at cost.
- c. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group has risk management and hedging strategies to respond to changes in the economic and financial environment and in the fuel market. To reduce the financial risks from changes in interest, exchange rates and in fuel prices, the Group has its operating costs stay within a specified range by using appropriate financial hedging instruments and hedging percentages in accordance with the "Processing Program of Derivative Financial Instrument Transactions" approved by the Group stockholders to reduce the impact of market price changes on earnings. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

In addition, the Group has a risk committee, which meets periodically to evaluate the performance of derivative instruments and determine the appropriate hedging percentage. This committee informs the Group of global economic and financial conditions, controls the entire financial risk resulting from changes in the financial environment and fuel prices, and develops the strategy and response to avoid financial risk with the assistance of financial risk experts to effect risk management.

## 1) Market risk

The Group is primarily exposed to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Group entered into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk.

The Group enters into forward contracts, foreign currency option contracts, and interest swap contracts with fair values that are highly negatively correlated to the fair values of hedged items and evaluates the hedging effectiveness of these instruments periodically.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group enters into foreign currency option contracts to hedge against the risks on change in related exchange rates, enters into forward contracts to hedge against the risks on changes in foreign-currency assets, liabilities and commitments in the related exchange rates.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the U.S. dollar.

The following details the Group's sensitivity to increase and decrease in New Taiwan dollars (the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. U.S. dollars increase/decrease one dollar against New Taiwan dollars used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for U.S. dollars increase/decrease one dollar against New Taiwan dollars change in foreign currency rates.

When New Taiwan dollars increase one dollar against U.S. dollars and all other variables were held constant, there would be an decrease in pre-tax profit by the end of March 31, 2016 \$338,346 thousand and increase in pre-tax profit by the end of March 31, 2015 \$55,782 thousand, respectively.

## b) Interest rate risk

The Group enters into interest swap contracts to hedge against the risks on change in net liabilities interest rates.

The Group was exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings, and using interest rate swap contracts and forward interest rate contracts.

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows.

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
Fair value interest rate risk Financial liabilities Cash flow interest rate risk	\$ 16,543,475	\$ 16,723,881	\$ 23,909,681
Financial liabilities	92,618,590	93,742,231	103,514,999

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A one yard (25 basis) point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Had interest rates increased one yard (25 basis) points and had all other variables been held constant, the Group's pretax profit for the three months ended March 31, 2016 would have decreased by \$57,887 thousand.

Had interest rates increased one yard (25 basis) point and had all other variables been held constant, the Group's pretax profit for the three months ended March 31, 2015 would have decreased by \$64,697 thousand.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to fuel price risk on its purchase of aviation fuel. The Group enters into fuel swaps contract to hedge against adverse risks on fuel price changes.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the exposure to fuel price risks at the end of the reporting period.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31					
	201	16	2015			
		Other Compre- hensive		Other Compre- hensive		
	Pre-tax Profit Increase (Decrease)	Income Increase (Decrease)	Pre-tax Profit Increase (Decrease)	Income Increase (Decrease)		
Fuel price increase 5% Fuel price decrease 5%	\$ 7,031 (7,113)	\$ 21,375 (11,128)	\$ 28,716 (28,716)	\$ 385,170 118,721		

#### 2) Credit risk

The goal, policies and procedure of credit risk management are same as consolidated financial statement in 2015. Related illustration can be referred to Note 32.

## 3) Liquidity risk

The goal, policies and procedures of liquidity risk management are same as consolidated financial statement in 2015. Related illustration can be referred to Note 32.

# 33. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of transactions between the Group and its related parties are disclosed below:

a. Operating transactions

	Sales of Goods		<b>Purchases of Goods</b>	
	For the Three Months Ended March 31		For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Associates Jointly controlled entities Major stockholder	<u>\$ 775</u> <u>\$ 3,342</u> <u>\$ 8,847</u>	<u>\$ 322</u> <u>\$ 3,526</u> <u>\$ 8,036</u>	<u>\$ 166,370</u> <u>\$ 394,336</u> <u>\$ 20,034</u>	<u>\$ 129,520</u> <u>\$ 361,814</u> <u>\$ 18,573</u>

The amount of accounts receivable - related parties at reporting dates were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Associates	\$ 307	\$ 182	\$    257
Jointly controlled entities	1,735	599	1,777
Major stockholder	<u>3,346</u>	<u>3,093</u>	8,438
	<u>\$ 5,388</u>	<u>\$ 3,874</u>	<u>\$ 10,472</u>

The amount of accounts payable - related parties at reporting dates were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Associates	\$ 81,788	\$ 98,245	\$ 87,632
Jointly controlled entities	401,919	388,371	370,257
Major stockholder	<u>7,302</u>		
	<u>\$ 491,009</u>	<u>\$ 493,754</u>	<u>\$ 465,577</u>

The outstanding accounts payable from related parties are unsecured and will be paid in cash, the terms of making collections and payables is from 30 days to 60 days; accounts receivable from related parties does not gather any deposit, and no expense was recognized for allowance for impairment loss.

# b. Lease of properties

Under an operating lease agreement, the Company rented flight training machines and flight simulators from China Aviation Development Foundation to train pilots, the Company paid the rental on usage hours. As of March 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company had paid rentals of \$20,034 thousand and \$18,573 thousand, respectively.

#### c. Endorsements and guarantees

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015		March 31, 2015	
	Authorized Amount	Actual Amount Used	Authorized Amount	Actual Amount Used	Authorized Amount	Actual Amount Used
The Company						
Cal Park Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Freighter Prince Ltd. Cal Hotel Tigerair Taiwan	\$ 3,400,000 1,080,000 - 180,000 916,785	\$ 2,656,000 491,515 - 4,757 437,329	\$ 3,400,000 1,080,000 236,629 180,000 937,895	\$ 2,739,000 486,815 236,629 6,343 447,399	\$ 3,400,000 1,080,000 276,003 180,000 891,000	\$ 2,822,000 559,192 276,003 11,100 210,642

#### d. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2016	2015	
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 17,145 <u>804</u>	\$ 11,339 <u>510</u>	
	<u>\$ 17,949</u>	<u>\$ 11,849</u>	

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

#### **34. PLEDGED ASSETS**

The following assets had been pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for long-term and short-term bank loans, lease obligations and business transactions:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
	2016	2015	2015
Property, plant and equipment Restricted assets - noncurrent	\$ 86,496,097	\$ 90,642,565	\$ 105,074,645
Pledged certificate deposits	132,657	268,790	250,765
US treasury bill		236,634	276,003
	<u>\$ 86,628,754</u>	<u>\$ 91,147,989</u>	<u>\$ 105,601,413</u>

The above US treasury bill had been pledged as collaterals for Freighter Prince Ltd. classified as restricted assets - noncurrent.

## **35. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As of March 31, 2016, the Group had commitments and contingent liabilities (except for those mentioned in other notes) as follows:

a. In January 2008, the Group entered into a contract to buy fourteen A350-900 planes from Airbus, with the option to buy six more A350-900 planes, with aggregate purchase prices of US\$3,933,235 thousand and US\$1,802,645 thousand, respectively. Excepted delivery slots of aircraft from 2016 to 2018.

Prepayments for aircraft purchases were as follows:

March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
US\$769,086 thousand	US\$685,231 thousand	US\$504,544 thousand

b. In December 2012, the Group entered into a contract to buy six 777-300ER planes from the Boeing Company, with the option to buy six more 777-300ER planes, at aggregate purchase prices of US\$2,068,783 thousand and US\$2,213,015 thousand, respectively. Expected delivery slots of aircrafts are from 2015 to 2016. The board of the Group has resolved to transfer the purchase right of the confirm orders for six aircrafts to the aircraft leasing Group then lease back.

The Group had signed lease contract with SKY HIGH XXXVII/XXXVIII Leasing Company Limited. As of March 31, 2016, five aircrafts had been delivered and had received prepayment.

Prepayments for aircraft purchase were as follows:

March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
US\$93,884 thousand	US\$197,912 thousand	US\$470,352 thousand

- c. For the future development of Company business, the Company made a lease contract with BOC Aviation and letter to lease six 737-800 aircrafts. The expected delivery slot will be August 2016.
- d. The Tigerair Taiwan entered into the four A320-200 aircrafts lease contract with 10 years term on July 2015, November 2015 and December 2015. One of aircraft had been delivered in January 2016. The expected delivery of other three aircrafts will be in June 2016, January 2017 and December 2017.
- e. Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal Co. (TACT) signed a terminal construction contract with the Civil Aeronautics Administrations (CAA) on January 14, 2000. The chartered operation period (COP) is 20 years from the date of transfer of the chartered operation rights from CAA to TACT. The terminal expansion and improvements and the equipment installation and upgrade in the Taiwan Taoyuan International Airport cargo terminal and Kaohsiung cargo terminal were expected to be completed in the first 10 years of the COP. This construction project was approved by TACT's board in 2003. The total estimated expense of the construction project was \$8,490,000 thousand. Designation of project was from 2004 and the construction began in 2008. TACT filed application for a 10-year extension of the COP for the cargo terminals in Taiwan Toayuan International Airport and Koahsiung International Airport, and got the approvals from Toayuan Airport Corporation and CAA in July 2013 and July 2015, respectively.

The original total expenditure of the previous main construction project was \$8,490,000 thousand. However, TACT filed an arbitration for the total amount of expenditure in 2012 to revised the total amount to \$6,840,000 thousand.

As of March 31, 2016, TACT had signed the following construction contracts with unrelated parties:

Client Name	Contract Title	Contract Amount (VAT Included)
CECI Engineering Consultant, Inc., Taiwan	Cargo Terminal Expansion Construction Consultant Contract	\$ 552,285
Siemens Taiwan	Cargo Terminal Expansion Construction First-Stage and Second-Stage Storage And Transport Facilities Contract	1,892,400
Chen-Jia Construction Co.	Paint steel columns and roof renewal works Contract	86,380

As of March 31, 2016, the cumulated consultant service expense and construction equipment had amounted to \$412,904 thousand (VAT included) and \$4,131,895 thousand (VAT included), respectively. Upon completion of the projects, the amounts of \$410,041 thousand (VAT included) and \$4,067,453 thousand (VAT included) were reclassified to property, plant, and equipment. The remaining cumulative payments were recognized under construction in progress.

Assets acquired from cargo terminal improvements, equipment acquisition and subsequent equipment acquisition and replacement will be transferred to the government without any compensation when the chartered operating license expires.

f. TACT should pay royalties to CAA during the chartered operation period. The calculation is based on annual sales (including operating revenue and nonoperating revenue but excluding the rental revenue from specific district), and CAA has the option to adjust the royalty rates every 3 years starting from the date of transfer of the chartered operation right on the basis of actual revenue and expenditure. The royalty rates are based on CAA letter order No. 1000021973 and have remained the same as those in the original contract signed in April 2012; these rates were listed as follows:

#### **Annual Operating Amount**

# Below \$2 billion6.00%Above \$2 billion but below \$4 billion8.00%Above \$4 billion but below \$6 billion10.00%Above \$6 billion but below \$8 billion12.00%Above \$8 billion but below \$10 billion14.00%Above \$10 billion but below \$12 billion16.00%Above \$12 billion18.00%

**Royalty Rate** 

g. CAL Park Co., Ltd. ("CAL Park") signed "Taiwan Taoyuan International Airport Aviation Operation Center (including Airport Hotel) Construction Operating Contract" with the CAA on September 20, 2006. However, on November 1, 2010, the Taoyuan Airport Corporation took over the CAA's rights on this contract from the CAA. The contract is effective 50 years (consisting of the development stage and operating period) from the contract date. Three years before contract expiry date, CAL Park has the first option to renew the contract once with a 20-year extension.

CAL Park's business scope includes providing business and other operating space related to civil air transport, hotels, aviation service and related industries adhered to the base and essential services law and approved by the Taoyuan Airport Corporation.

CAL Park should pay land rentals on the date of the registration of surface rights. The rates for the development stage differ from those for the operation period. It should follow Article No. 2 of the "Regulations for Favorable Rentals Regarding Public Land Lease and Superficies in Infrastructure Projects," which states that rental calculation in the development stage should include the land value added tax plus the necessary maintenance fee; in the operation period, rentals are 60% of the amount based on the National Building Land Rental Standard plus land value tax, value-added tax and the necessary maintenance fee.

CAL Park should pay construction and operation security deposits of \$100,000 thousand (using a refundable certificate deposit recognized under deposits-in). If CAL Park complies with the contract terms within three months amount after the initial operation date, half of the security deposits will be refunded interest free, and the remaining amount will be refunded within three months after the end of the operating period and the completion of asset transfer. In May 2011, CAL Park received refunded security deposits of \$50,000 thousand with no interest.

In the 50 years beginning from the initial operation date of CAL Park to the end of the construction period, CAL Park should pay royalties based on the operating revenue estimated in the financial plan of its investment executing proposal. If the sales and business tax declared and filed by a business entity for a single year exceeds 10% of the operating revenue as estimated in the financial plan in its investment execution proposal, CAL Park should pay additional an royalties at 10% of this excess.

CAL Park should submit the asset transfer plan within five years before the expiry date of the chartered operation period, begin the negotiation of the asset transfer contract, and complete the assignation no later than three years before the expiry day of chartered period. If CAA decides not to keep the building and equipment on the base, CAL Park Co., Ltd. should remove all related building and equipment within three months after the expiry date.

- h. The Company has been named as a defendant, together with other airline members of the Association of Asia Pacific Airlines, in a civil class action filed with the US Northern District Court of California by some passengers, who alleged that there was an antitrust violation. The Company has properly joined the defendants' Joint Defense Group. The litigation is at the pretrial stage, and no evidence supporting the plaintiffs' allegation has been raised so far.
- i. The Company has reached a settlement with class plaintiffs of "Air Cargo Antitrust Class Action". One of plaintiffs DHL Global Forwarding (DHL) et al. has opted out from class plaintiffs. In early 2015, DHL has filed civil lawsuit against the Company. The Company already appointed lawyer to duly react.

#### 36. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The following information was aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the group entities and the exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were disclosed. The significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

#### March 31, 2016

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD	\$ 552,552	32.1543	\$ 17,766,940
EUR	16,459	36.3636	598,496
HKD JPY	276,464 1,698,945	4.1511 0.2864	1,147,628 516,426
CNY	1,144,666	4.9801	5,700,544
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD	238,219	32.1543	7,659,750
EUR	6,028	36.3636	219,206
HKD	74,542	4.1511	309,433
JPY	4,781,895	0.2864	1,369,527
CNY	157,067	4.9801	782,209

## December 31, 2015

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY CNY	\$ 371,091 16,153 230,469 1,769,067 2,105,839	32.8947 35.9712 4.2445 0.2731 5.0659	\$ 12,206,940 569,778 978,224 483,136 10,667,121
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY CNY	153,815 8,353 87,413 4,632,721 150,973	32.8947 35.9712 4.2445 0.2731 5.0659	5,059,699 299,732 371,024 1,265,198 764,813
March 31, 2015			
	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying
Financial assets		C	Amount
<u>Financial assets</u> Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY CNY	\$ 234,831 15,491 217,088 2,861,191 2,334,275	31.2500 33.8983 4.0355 0.2605 5.0429	Amount \$ 7,338,460 525,111 876,058 745,329 11,771,501
Monetary items USD EUR HKD JPY	\$ 234,831 15,491 217,088 2,861,191	33.8983 4.0355 0.2605	\$ 7,338,460 525,111 876,058 745,329

For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, net foreign exchange gains (losses) were \$(234,787) thousand and \$1,522 thousand, respectively. It is impractical to disclose net foreign exchange gains (losses) by each significant foreign currency due to the variety of the foreign currency transactions and functional currencies of the group entities.

# **37. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES**

a. Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company and its investees:

1) Financing provided: None

- 2) Endorsement/guarantee provided: Table 1 (attached)
- 3) Marketable securities held: Table 2 (attached)
- 4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 5) Acquisition of individual real estates at costs or price of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 6) Disposal of individual real estates at cost or prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
- 7) Total purchase from or sale to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3 (attached)
- 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached).
- 9) Names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influence: Table 5 (attached).
- 10) Derivative financial transactions (Notes 7 and 9)
- b. Investment in Mainland China: Table 6 (attached)
- c. Business relationship and important transactions between China Airline, Ltd. and its subsidiaries: Table 7 (attached)

## **38. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

#### **Segment Information**

The Company mainly engages in air transportation services for passengers, cargo and others. The major revenue-generating asset is the aircraft fleet, which is jointly used for passenger and cargo services. Thus, the Company's sole reportable segment is the flight segment. For operating segment reporting in the consolidated financial statements, the reportable segment of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries comprises the flight and the non-flight business departments. Accounting policy applied for reportable segment is consistent with the policy mentioned in Note 4.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016			
	Air Transportation	Others	Adjustment and Write-off	Total
Operating revenue	<u>\$ 34,645,086</u>	<u>\$ 1,907,887</u>	<u>\$ (1,553,950</u> )	<u>\$ 34,999,023</u>
Operation profit and losses Interest revenue Investment income accounted for by the equity method	<u>\$ 2,134,237</u>	<u>\$236,977</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,371,214 91,229 123,610 (Continued)

	For	the Three Months	Ended March 31, 2	2016
	Air Transportation	Others	Adjustment and Write-off	Total
Revenue Financial cost Expense				\$ 48,047 (345,266) (422,472)
Profit before income tax				<u>\$ 1,866,362</u>
Identifiable assets Investment accounted for by the equity	<u>\$ 120,961,758</u>	<u>\$ 9,618,832</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 130,580,590
method Assets				2,975,485 <u>84,964,297</u>
Total assets				<u>\$ 218,520,372</u> (Concluded)

	For	the Three Months	Ended March 31, 2	2015
	Air	04	Adjustment and	T-4-1
	Transportation	Others	Write-off	Total
Operating revenue	<u>\$ 37,066,060</u>	<u>\$ 1,827,743</u>	<u>\$ (1,729,898)</u>	<u>\$ 37,163,905</u>
Operation profit and losses Interest revenue	<u>\$ 2,384,091</u>	<u>\$ 166,998</u>	<u>\$ 9,125</u>	\$ 2,560,214 107,241
Investment income accounted for by the equity method Revenue				116,316 155,005
Financial cost				(484,854)
Expense				(137,570)
Profit before income tax				<u>\$ 2,316,352</u>
Identifiable assets Investment accounted for by the equity	<u>\$ 131,622,223</u>	<u>\$    9,687,184</u>	<u>\$ (12,220</u> )	\$ 141,297,187
method Assets				2,914,431 84,985,007
Total assets				<u>\$ 229,196,625</u>

# ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Counter-	party						Ratio of				
N	Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider	Name	Nature of Relationship	Limits on Each Counter-party's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts (Note 1)	Maximum	Ending Balance	Actual Borrowing Amount	Value of Collaterals Property, Plant, or Equipment	Accumulated Amount of Collateral to Net Equity of the Latest Financial Statement (%)	Maximum Collateral/ Guarantee Amounts Allowable (Note 2)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries on	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China
									Statement (76)				
(	China Airlines	Cal Park	100% subsidiary	\$ 11,932,880	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 2,656,000	\$ -	5.70	\$ 29,832,201	Y	Ν	Ν
	(the "Company")	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	54% subsidiary	11,932,880	1,080,000	1,080,000	491,515	-	1.81	29,832,201	Y	Ν	Ν
		Freighter Prince Ltd.	100% subsidiary	11,932,880	240,586	-	-	-	-	29,832,201	Y	Ν	Ν
		Cal Hotel	100% subsidiary	11,932,880	180,000	180,000	4,757	-	0.30	29,832,201	Y	Ν	Ν
		Tigerair Taiwan Ltd.	90% subsidiary by direct and indirect holdings	11,932,880	953,579	916,785	437,329	-	1.54	29,832,201	Y	Ν	Ν

Note 1: Based on the Group's guidelines, the maximum amount of guarantee to an individual counter-party is up to 20% of the Group's stockholders' equity.

Note 2: Based on the Group's guidelines, the allowable aggregate amount of collateral guarantee is up to 50% of the Group's stockholders' equity.

# MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

# MARCH 31, 2016

# (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				March 31, 2016					
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units		Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note	
	Q. 1								
China Airlines (the "Company")	<u>Stock</u> Everest Investment Holdings Ltd common stock		Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,359,368	\$ 52,704	13.59	\$ 96,249	Note 1	
	Everest Investment Holdings Ltd common stock	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	135,937	473	13.39	\$ 90,249	Note 1	
	<b>e</b> 1	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent			-	-	Note 1	
	Chung Hua Express Co.	-		1,100,000	11,000	11.00	22,948	-	
	Jardine Air Terminal Services	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	12,000,000	56,023	15.00	44,374	-	
	Regal International Advertising	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	592,500	5,925	6.22	189	-	
Mandarin Airlines	Stock								
	China Airlines	Parent company	Available-for-sale financial asset - current	2,074,628	23,858	-	23,858	-	
	Beneficial certificates								
	Fuh Hwa Money Market Fund	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	5,245,428.9	60,405	-	60,405	_	
	i un niwa wioney warket i und		loss - current	5,245,420.9	00,405		00,405		
	Barclays America Bonds Fund	_	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	1,000,000	32,392	-	32,392	_	
	Burefuy's America Bonds I and		loss - current	1,000,000	52,572		52,572		
	Deutsche America Bonds Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,000,000	32,007	-	32,007	-	
	Q. 1								
Cal-Asia Investment	Stock Tailway (Vierner) Londing Coor Services		Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent		74 507	5.92	17 (09	Note 2	
	Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services	-		-	74,507	5.83	17,608		
	Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjiang) Composite	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	-	21,624	5.45	19,930	Note 2	
abre Travel Network (Taiwan)	Beneficial certificates								
	Mirae Asset Solomon Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	265,726	3,314	-	3,314	-	
			loss - current						
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	1,908,518	25,516	-	25,516	-	
			loss - current						
	Taishin Ta Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	2,137,590	30,011		30,011		
			loss - current						
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	4,637,002	57,450	-	57,450	-	
			loss - current						
	Franklin Templeton Sinoam Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	5,523,758	56,391	-	56,391	-	
			loss - current						
	Allianz Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	5,041,011	62,417	-	62,417	-	
			loss - current						
	FSITC Taiwan Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or	2,618,737	39,575	-	39,575	-	
			loss - current		,		,		

# TABLE 2

		Relationship with			March 3	1, 2016		
Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Issuer/Name	the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
Taiwan Airport Services	<u>Stock</u> TransAsia Airways	-	Available-for-sale financial asset - noncurrent	2,287,786	\$ 17,113	0.4	\$ 17,113	-
Hwa Hsia	<u>Stock</u> China Airlines	Parent company	Available-for-sale financial asset - current	814,152	9,363	-	9,363	-
	<u>Beneficial certificates</u> Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	349,523	4,673	-	4,673	-
Hwa Sin	<u>Beneficial certificates</u> Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	157,070	2,100	-	2,100	-

Note 1: The subsidiary's net asset value was \$96,249 thousand, which included common stock and preferred stock as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Note 2: The net asset value was calculated using the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, because the investee's audited financial statements were not prepared on time.

(Concluded)

# TOTAL PURCHASE FROM OR SALE TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Compose Nome	Related Party	Nature of Delationship		Transact	ion Details	S	Abnormal '	Transaction	Note/Account Pa Receivab	Note	
Company Name	Kelated Party	Nature of Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	Inote
("China Airlines")	Mandarin Airlines China Pacific Catering Services Taoyuan International Airport Service	Subsidiary Equity-method investee Subsidiary	Sale Purchase Purchase	\$ (737,326) 368,858 275,184	2.33 1.38 1.03	2 months 60 days 40 days	\$- - -	- - -	\$ 606,247 (384,309) (335,764)	7.46 21.70 18.96	- - -

# RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL

MARCH 31, 2016

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

						Over	due	Amounts Received	Allowar	nce for
Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate	Amo	ount	Action Taken	in Subsequent Period	Bad D	
China Airlines, Ltd. ("China Airlines")	Mandarin Airlines	Subsidiary	\$ 606,247	5.26	\$	-	-	\$ 277,142	\$	-
Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines	Parent company	217,926	0.37		-	-	203,535		-
China Pacific Catering Services	China Airlines	Parent company	384,309	3.91		-	-	128,569		-
Taoyuan International Airport Service	China Airlines	Parent company	335,764	3.41		-	-	193,194		-

Note: Transaction with subsidiaries have been written off in consolidated financial report.

# NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND OTHER INFORMATION OF INVESTEES ON WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Inves	stment	Amount	Balano	e as of March 3	31, 2016	Net Income	Turnet	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	March 31, 2	2016	December 31, 2015	Shares	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Investment Income (Loss)	Note
China Airlines, Ltd.	Cal Park	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Real estate lease and international trade	\$ 1,500,0		\$ 1,500,000	150,000,000	100.00	\$ 1,514,381	\$ 3,557	\$ 3,557	-
	Mandarin Airlines	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircraft	2,042,3		2,042,368	188,154,025	93.99	1,344,299	(20,171)	(18,958)	Note 1
	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Air cargo and storage	1,350,0		1,350,000	135,000,000	54.00	1,252,834	(13,447)	(7,261)	-
	Cal-Dynasty International	Los Angeles, U.S.A.	A holding company, real estate and hotel services	US\$ 26,		US\$ 26,145	2,614,500	100.00	1,221,453	10,235	10,235	Note 2
	China Pacific Catering Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	In-flight catering	439,		439,110	43,911,000	51.00	758,697	106,961	54,550	-
	Taoyuan International Airport Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Airport services	147,0		147,000	34,300,000	49.00	764,024	85,471	41,881	-
	Cal-Asia Investment		General investment			US\$ 7,172	7,172,346	100.00	596,515	2,769	2,769	-
	Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	Taipei, Taiwan	Sale and maintenance of hardware and software	52,2		52,200	13,021,042	93.93	476,519	40,901	38,418	-
	China Aircraft Service	Hong Kong International Airport	Airport services	HK\$ 58,0	000	HK\$ 58,000	28,400,000	20.00	497,550	84,911	16,982	-
	Asian Compressor Technology Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Research, manufacture and maintenance of engines	77,:	322	77,322	7,732,000	24.50	287,340	98,978	24,250	-
	Taiwan Airport Services	Taipei, Taiwan	Airport services	12,	289	12,289	20,626,644	47.35	275,800	35,549	16,832	-
	Kaohsiung Catering Services	Kaohsiung, Taiwan	In-flight catering	140,		140,240	14,329,759	35.78	259,441	40,631	14,538	-
	Cal Hotel Co., Ltd	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Hotel business	465,0		465,000	46,500,000	100.00	335,964	22,089	22,089	-
	Science Park Logistics	Tainan, Taiwan	Storage and customs of services	214,7	745	150,654	18,633,937	26.00	251,764	15,709	4,084	Note 5
	China Pacific Laundry Services	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Cleaning and leasing of the towel of airlines, hotels, restaurants and health clubs	137,	500	137,500	13,750,000	55.00	165,585	6,757	3,716	-
	Hwa Hsia	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Cleaning of aircraft and maintenance of machine and equipment	50,0	000	50,000	50,000	100.00	93,589	3,732	3,732	Note 1
	Yestrip	Taipei, Taiwan	Travel business	26	265	26,265	1,600,000	100.00	25,320	159	159	_
	Dynasty Holidays	Tokyo, Japan	Travel business			JPY 20,400	408	51.00	29,858	769	392	_
	Global Sky Express	Taipei. Taiwan	Forwarding and storage of air cargo		500	2,500	250,000	25.00	7,954	1,229	307	_
	Freighter Princess Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Aircraft lease	US\$		US\$ 1	1,000	100.00	32	1,227		_
	Freighter Prince Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Aircraft lease	US\$		US\$ 1	1.000	100.00	32	_	_	_
	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircraft	1,600,0		1,600,000	160,000,000	80.00	848,600	(157,293)	(125,835)	_
	Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Aircraft maintenance		000	60.000	6.000.000	100.00	37,103	(4,628)	(4,628)	_
	Engineering Co., Ltd.	Taoyuan, Tarwan			000	00,000	0,000,000	100.00	57,105	(4,020)	(4,020)	_
Mandarin Airlines	Tigerair Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Air transportation and maintenance of aircraft	200,0	000	200,000	20,000,000	10.00	106,075	(157,293)	(15,729)	-
	Taiwan Airport Services	Taipei, Taiwan	Airport services	11,0	658	3,574	469,755	1.08	6,273	35,549	119	Note 4
Cal-Asia Investment	Eastern United International Logistics	Hong Kong	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	HK\$ 3,.	329	HK\$ 3,329	1,050,000	35.00	41,612	1,200	420	-
Taiwan Airport Services	Taiwan Airport Service (Samoa)	Samoa	Airport services and investment	US\$ 5,3	877	US\$ 5,877	-	100.00	440,741	2,534	2,534	Note 3
Hwa Hsia	Hwa Shin Building Safeguard	Taoyuan, Taiwan	Building security and maintenance services	10,0	000	10,000	1,000,000	100.00	23,164	1,658	1,658	-

Note 1: Adopted the treasury stock method in recognizing investment income or loss.

Note 2: Represents the consolidated financial information of the foreign holding company disclosed in accordance with local regulations.

Note 3: The Company does not issue stocks because it is a limited company.

Have acquired noncontrolling interests of Taiwan Airport Services from September 2015. Note 4:

Note 5: On December 18, 2015 the board of Science Park Logistics (SPL) approved the issuance of common stock for cash and with the date of right issues granted on was December 25, 2015. The board of Company has reached an agreement to purchase \$64,091 thousand which had been remitted to SPL. SPL completed the registration of this subscription on January 22, 2016.

# INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Renminbi/U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

# China Airlines

					nulated	Invest	nent ]	Flows	-	mulated								Асси	mulated
Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	t Inves from T	low of stment aiwan as of y 1, 2016	Outflow		Inflow	Inve from 7	flow of estment Faiwan as of 1 31, 2016	(Lo the Iı	ncome ss) of nvestee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Inves Gain	tment (Loss)	a	ng Value s of 31, 2016	In Remi Earni	ward ttance of ngs as of 1 31, 2016
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	\$ 1,117,928 (RMB 224,480)	Indirect (Note 1)	\$ (US\$	134,598 4,186)	\$	- \$	-	\$ (US\$	134,598 4,186)	\$ (RMB	3,440 677)	14.00	\$ (RMB	482 95)	\$ (RMB	244,313 49,058)		58,328 1,814) (Note 4)
Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo	69,721 (RMB 14,000)	Indirect (Note 1)	(US\$	62,605 1,947)		-	-	(US\$	62,605 1,947)	(RMB	14,665 2,886)	14.00	(RMB	2,054 404)	(RMB	113,012 22,693)		
Taikoo (Xiamen) Landing Gear Services	Landing gear maintenance services	1,186,174 (US\$ 36,890)	Indirect (Note 1)	(US\$	69,164 2,151)		-	-	(US\$	69,164 2,151)			5.83			(RMB	74,507 14,961)		
Taikoo Spirit Aerospace Systems (Jinjang)	Composite material	375,016 (US\$ 11,663)	Indirect (Note 1)	(US\$	20,450 636)		-	-	(US\$	20,450 636)			5.45			(RMB	21,624 4,342)		
Shanghai Eastern Aircraft Maintenance	Aircraft line maintenance	99,678 (US\$ 3,100)	Indirect (Note 2)	(US\$	7,974 248)		-	-	(US\$	7,974 248)			8.00			(US\$	7,974 248)		
Shanghai Eastern United International	Forwarding of air cargo and ocean freight	32,154 (US\$ 1,000)	Indirect (Note 3)	(US\$	5,531 172)		-	-	(US\$	5,531 172)			17.15			(US\$	5,531 172)		

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of March 31, 2016	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Limit on Investment
\$300,322 (US\$9,340)	\$524,424 (Note 5)	\$37,191,973 (Note 6)

# TABLE 6

# Taiwan Airport Services

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Accumula Outwar Remittanc Investmo from Taiw of Januar 2016	rd ce for ent van as ry 1,		e of Funds Inward	Ou Remi Inv from ' of M	imulated itward ttance for estment Taiwan as larch 31, 2016	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Income (Loss)	Carrying Amount as of March 31, 2016	Repatr Inves Incom	nulated iation of stment ne as of 31, 2016
Airport Air Cargo Terminal (Xiamen) Co., Ltd. Airport Air Cargo Service (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Forwarding and storage of air cargo Forwarding and storage of air cargo	(RMB 224,480)	Indirect (Note 7) Indirect (Note 7)	(US\$ 4 61	2,090 4,108) 1,961 1,927)	\$-	\$-	\$ (US\$ (US\$	132,090 4,108) 61,961 1,927)	14,665	14.00 14.00	2,053	\$ 242,920 (RMB 48,778) 113,251 (RMB 22,741)	(US\$	108,189 3,365) 36,663 1,140)

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of March 31, 2016	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA
\$191,158 (US\$5,945)	\$191,158 (US\$5,945)	\$349,482 (Note 6)

Note 1: China Airlines, Ltd. the "Company" invested in Cal-Asia Investment, which, in turn, invested in a company located in Mainland China.

Note 2: The Company invested in China Aircraft Services, which in turn, invested in a company located in Mainland China.

Note 3: Cal-Asia Investment invested in Eastern United International Logistics (Holdings), which in turn, invested in a company located in Mainland China.

Note 4: The inward remittance of earnings in 2015 amounted to US\$1,814,300.

Note 5: The amount comprised US\$14,518,757, RMB4,200,000 and NT\$36,666,667.

Note 6: The limit stated in the Investment Commission's regulation, "The Review Principle of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China," is the larger of the Company's net asset value or 60% of the consolidated net asset value.

Note 7: Taiwan Airport Services invested in Taiwan Airport Services (Samoa), which in return, invested in a company located in Mainland China.

Note 8: The RMB and U.S. dollar amounts of assets are translated at year-end rates and those of gains (losses), at the average of the year-end rates of refer for the reporting period.

(Concluded)

# BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP AND IMPORTANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN CHINA AIRLINE, LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No. 0 China	Company Name	Related Party	Natural of Relationship (Note 1)				% to Total
0 China	ina Airlines, Ltd.		(	Accounts	Amount	Transaction Criteria	Consolidated Total Revenue or Assets
	,	Global Sky Express	а	Cargo revenue	\$ 21,379	The same as ordinary transactions	0.06
		Mandarin Airlines	а	Passenger revenue	633,867	The same as ordinary transactions	1.81
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	а	Other operating revenue	3,578	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Mandarin Airlines	а	Other operating revenue	103,459	The same as ordinary transactions	0.30
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	a	Other operating revenue	1,120	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	а	Other operating revenue	1,784	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Taiwan Airport Services	a	Other operating revenue	2,869	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Hwa Hsia	a	Other operating revenue	2,338	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Dynasty Holidays	a	Other operating revenue	550	The same as ordinary transactions	_
		Global Sky Express	a	Other operating revenue	628	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Yestrip	a	Other operating revenue	1,146	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Cal Hotel	a	Other operating revenue	1,445	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Tigerair Taiwan	a	Other operating revenue	58,994	The same as ordinary transactions	0.17
		Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering	а	Other operating revenue	3,389	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	а	Terminal and landing fees	275,184	The same as ordinary transactions	0.79
		Taiwan Airport Services	а	Terminal and landing fees	97,493	The same as ordinary transactions	0.28
		Hwa Hsia	a	Terminal and landing fees	56,588	The same as ordinary transactions	0.16
		Mandarin Airlines	а	Passenger costs	21,568	The same as ordinary transactions	0.06
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	а	Other operating cost	85,280	The same as ordinary transactions	0.24
		Cal-Dynasty International	a	Other operating cost	15,408	The same as ordinary transactions	0.04
		Yestrip	a	Other operating cost	1,434	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Cal park	a	Other operating cost	54,302	The same as ordinary transactions	0.16
		Cal Hotel	a	Other operating cost	43,287	The same as ordinary transactions	0.12
		Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	a	Operating expense	1,784	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	1,292	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Mandarin Airlines	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	606,247	The same as ordinary transactions	0.28
		Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	590	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Global Sky Express	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	4,073	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Yestrip	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	15,913	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Cal Hotel	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	474	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Tigerair Taiwan	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	51,089	The same as ordinary transactions	0.02
		Taiwan Airport Services	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	1,054	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering	a	Accounts receivable - related parties	1,046	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Yestrip	a	Dividends receivable	3,991	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	a	Accounts payable - related parties	32,403	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01

# TABLE 7

No.	Company Name	Related Party	Natural of Relationship (Note 1)	Intercompany Transactions			
				Accounts	Amount	Transaction Criteria	% to Total Consolidated Total Revenue or Assets
		Mandarin Airlines	а	Accounts payable - related parties	\$ 217,926	The same as ordinary transactions	0.10
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	a	Accounts payable - related parties	335,764	The same as ordinary transactions	0.15
		Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	a	Accounts payable - related parties	502	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Taiwan Airport Services	a	Accounts payable - related parties	66,780	The same as ordinary transactions	0.03
		Hwa Hsia	a	Accounts payable - related parties	53,731	The same as ordinary transactions	0.02
		Yestrip	a	Accounts payable - related parties	2,068	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Cal Hotel	a	Accounts payable - related parties	16,983	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Cal park	a	Accounts payable - related parties	54,302	The same as ordinary transactions	0.02
1	Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Sales revenue	85,280	The same as ordinary transactions	0.24
		Mandarin Airlines	с	Sales revenue	2,038	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	с	Operating costs	738	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating costs	3,578	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Hwa Hsia	с	Operating costs	2,121	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	32,403	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Mandarin Airlines	с	Accounts receivable - related parties	1,079	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Hwa Hsia	с	Accounts payable - related parties	1,117	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	1,292	The same as ordinary transactions	-
2	Mandarin Airlines	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Passenger revenue	21,568	The same as ordinary transactions	0.06
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Passenger costs	633,867	The same as ordinary transactions	1.81
		Taiwan Airport Services	с	Terminal and landing fees	23,958	The same as ordinary transactions	0.07
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	с	Terminal and landing fees	10,221	The same as ordinary transactions	0.03
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	с	Terminal and landing fees	2,038	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	103,459	The same as ordinary transactions	0.30
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	217,926	The same as ordinary transactions	0.10
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Notes and accounts payable - related parties	606,247	The same as ordinary transactions	0.28
		Taiwan Airport Services	с	Notes and accounts payable - related parties	14,302	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	с	Notes and accounts payable - related parties	1,079	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	с	Accounts payable - related parties	3,931	The same as ordinary transactions	-
3	Taoyuan International Airport Services		с	Airport service revenue	10,221	The same as ordinary transactions	0.03
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	с	Airport service revenue	738	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Tigerair Taiwan	с	Airport service revenue	8,820	The same as ordinary transactions	0.03
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Airport service revenue	275,184	The same as ordinary transactions	0.79
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	1,120	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	335,764	The same as ordinary transactions	0.15
		Mandarin Airlines	с	Accounts receivable - related parties	3,931	The same as ordinary transactions	-
4	Cal-Dynasty International	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	15,408	The same as ordinary transactions	0.04
5	Sabre Travel Network (Taiwan)	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Service revenue	1,784	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	1,784	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	502	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	590	The same as ordinary transactions	-

No.	Company Name	Related Party	Natural of Relationship (Note 1)	Intercompany Transactions			
				Accounts	Amount	Transaction Criteria	% to Total Consolidate Total Revenu or Assets
6	Taiwan Airport Services	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	\$ 97,493	The same as ordinary transactions	0.28
	*	Mandarin Airlines	с	Operating revenue	23,958	The same as ordinary transactions	0.07
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	2,869	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	66,780	The same as ordinary transactions	0.03
		Mandarin Airlines	с	Accounts receivable - related parties	14,302	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	1,054	The same as ordinary transactions	-
7	Hwa Hsia	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	56,588	The same as ordinary transactions	0.16
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	с	Operating revenue	2,121	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	2,338	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	53,731	The same as ordinary transactions	0.02
		Taiwan Air Cargo Terminal	с	Accounts receivable - related parties	1,117	The same as ordinary transactions	-
8	Dynasty Holidays	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	550	The same as ordinary transactions	-
9	Global Sky Express	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating costs	21,379	The same as ordinary transactions	0.06
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	628	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	4,073	The same as ordinary transactions	-
10	Yestrip	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	1,434	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	1,146	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	2,068	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	15,913	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Dividends payable	3,991	The same as ordinary transactions	-
11	Cal park	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	54,302	The same as ordinary transactions	0.16
		Cal Hotel	с	Operating revenue	20,564	The same as ordinary transactions	0.06
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	54,302	The same as ordinary transactions	0.02
12	Cal Hotel	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating revenue	43,287	The same as ordinary transactions	0.12
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	1,445	The same as ordinary transactions	-
		Cal park	с	Operating costs	20,564	The same as ordinary transactions	0.06
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts receivable - related parties	16,983	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	474	The same as ordinary transactions	-
13	Tigerair Taiwan	China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Operating expense	58,994	The same as ordinary transactions	0.17
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	51,089	The same as ordinary transactions	0.02
		Taoyuan International Airport Services	с	Terminal and landing fees	8,820	The same as ordinary transactions	0.03
14	Taiwan Aircraft Maintenance and Engineering		b	Operating expense	3,389	The same as ordinary transactions	0.01
		China Airlines, Ltd.	b	Accounts payable - related parties	1,046	The same as ordinary transactions	-

Note 1: Three kinds of business relationships between China Airlines, Ltd. and its subsidiaries were as follows:

- a. Parent to subsidiaries.b. Subsidiaries to parent.c. Subsidiaries to subsidiaries.

Note 2: Intercompany transactions were written off in consolidated financial report.

(Concluded)